KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES THRISSUR, KERALA, INDIA

B.Sc. NURSING (FOUR YEAR DEGREE PROGRAMME)

Syllabus From 2010 Admission

B.SC NURSING (FOUR YEAR DEGREE PROGRAMME) SYLLABUS

PHILOSOPHY

Health is a state of well being that enables a person to lead a physically, psychologically, socially and economically productive life. Health is a right of all the people. Individuals, families and communities have a responsibility towards maintaining their health.

Nursing contributes to the health services in a vital and significant way in the health care delivery system. It recognizes national health goals and is committed to participate in the implementation of National Health Policies and Programmes. It aims at identifying health needs of the people, planning and providing quality care in collaboration with other health professionals and community groups.

Scope of nursing practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across their life span in wide variety of health care settings. Practice of nursing is based upon application of basic concepts and principles derived from the physical, biological and behavioral sciences, medicine and nursing.

Nursing is based on values of caring, and aims to help individuals to attain independence in self care. It necessitates developments of compassion and understanding of human behaviour among its practitioners to provide care with respect and dignity and protect the rights of individuals & groups.

Undergraduate nursing programme is broad based education within an academic frame work specifically directed to the development of critical thinking skills, competencies & standards required for practice of professional nursing and midwifery as envisaged in National Health Policy 2002.

The teachers have the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that enables students to acquire inquiry driven, self directed learning and foster an attitude of life long learning.

Under graduate nursing education program prepare its graduates to become exemplary citizen by adhering to code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations.

AIM

The aim of the undergraduate nursing program is to:

- 1. Prepare graduates to assume responsibilities as professional, competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative services.
- 2. Prepare nurses who can make independent decisions in nursing situations, protect the rights of and facilitate individuals and groups in pursuit of health, function in the hospital, community nursing services, and conduct research studies in the areas of nursing practice. They are also expected to assume the role of teacher, supervisor, and manager in a clinical/ public health setting/ school of nursing.

Objectives

On completion of the four year B.Sc Nursing program the graduate will be able to

- 1. Apply knowledge from physical, biological and behavioral science, medical including alternative systems and nursing in providing nursing care to individuals, families and communities.
- 2. Demonstrate understanding of life style and other factors, which affect health individuals and

- groups.
- 3. Providing nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with individuals and groups.
- 4. Demonstrate critical thinking skill in making decisions in all situations in order to provide quality care.
- 5. Utilize the latest trends and technology in providing health care.
- 6. Provide promotive, preventive, and restorative health services in line with the National Health Policies and programmes.
- 7. Practice within the framework of code of ethics and professional conduct, and acceptable standards of practice within the legal boundaries.
- 8. Communicative effectively with individuals and groups, and members of the health team in order to promote effective interpersonal relationships and team work.
- 9. Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in clinical/communities health settings/ School of Nursing
- 10. Participate effectively as members of the health team in health care delivery system.
- 11. Demonstrate leadership and managerial skills in clinical/community health settings.
- 12. Conduct need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to improve the quality of care.
- 13. Demonstrate awareness, interest and contribute towards advancement of self and of the profession.

Admission Requirements

- 1. The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on or before 31st December of the year of admission (As per University Norms)
- 2. The minimum educational requirements shall be the passing of:

Higher Secondary School Certificate Examination (12 years course), Or Senior School Certificate Examination(10+2), Pre-Degree Examination (10+2), Or An equivalent with 12 years schooling from a recognized board or university with Science (Physics, Chemistry, Biology) and English with minimum of 50% aggregate marks.(as per INC norms)

3. Candidate shall be medically fit.

Duration

Duration of the programme shall be four years. Internship Integrated practice is incorporated with respective practical hours in each year.

Vacation / Holidays

6 weeks vacation (including Public holidays, Year Break, Festival Holidays) shall be given in each year

Course Duration		4 years
Weeks available per year	=	52 weeks
Vacation	=	6 weeks
1.Festival Holidays	=	2 weeks
2. Public holidays	=	4weeks
Examination (including preparatory	r)=	2+2 weeks
Available weeks	=	42 weeks
Hours per week	=	40 hours
Hours available per academic year	=	1680(42weeks x 40 hours

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

First Year ** OPTIONAL

Subject	Theory(In hrs) (Class and Lab)	Practical (In hrs) (clinical)	In hrs	
1.	Anatomy	60		
2.	Physiology	60		
3.	Microbiology	60		
4.	Biochemistry	30		
5.	Nutrition	40	20	
6.	Psychology	60		
7.	Sociology	60		
8.	Nursing Foundation	465(265+200)	450	
9.	English**	30		
10.	Introduction to Computers	25	25	
11.	Library work / Self study			150
12.	Co- curricular Activities			145
	Total	890	495	295
	Total Hours = 1680			

Second Year

Sl No	Subject	Theory (In hrs)	Practical (In hrs)	In hrs
1.	Medical Surgical Nursing I (Adult and Geriatrics) 1. a. Medical Nursing b. Pathology	115 30	480	
2.	Medical Surgical Nursing I (Adult and Geriatrics) 2.Surgical Nursing	120	560	
3.	Community Health Nursing-I	100	160	
4.	Pharmacology	45		
5.	Library work / Self study			40
6.	Co- curricular Activities			30
	Total	410	1200	70
	Total Hours - 1680			

Third Year

Sl No	Subject	Theory (In hrs)	Practical (In hrs)	In hrs
1.	Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics-II)	100	400	
2.	Child Health Nursing	140	420	
3.	Mental Health Nursing	120	360	
4.	Nursing Research & statistics	50 (35+15)	45	
5.	Library work / Self study			30
6.	Co- curricular Activities			15
	Total	410	1225	45
	Total Hours - 1680			

Fourth Year

Sl No	Subject	Theory (In hrs)	Practical (In hrs)	(In hrs)
1.	Obstetrical & Gynecological Nursing	90+30	480+160	
2.	Community health Nursing-II	100	320	
3.	Nursing Education	80	120	
4.	Management of Nursing services & Education	70	120	
5.	Co-curricular activities			40
6.	Library work / Self study			70
	Total	370	1200	110
	Total Hours =1680			

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

FIRST YEAR

SUBJECT	Assessment					
	Hours	Internal	External	Total		
Theory						
1. Anatomy	3	25	75	100		
2. Physiology	3	25	75	100		
3. Microbiology	3	25	75	100		
4. Nutrition & Biochemistry	3	25	50+25	100		
5. Psychology	3	25	75	100		
6. Sociology	3	25	75	100		
7. Nursing Foundations	3	50	100	150		
8. English		25	-	25		
9. Introduction to Computer		25	-	25		
Practical and Viva Voce						
Nursing Foundations	3	100	100	200		
Total		350	650	1000		

SECOND YEAR

SUBJECT	Assessment					
	Hours	Internal	External	Total		
1. Medical Nursing including Pathology	3	25	75	100		
2. Surgical Nursing	3	25	75	100		
3. Pharmacology	2	25	75	100		
4. Community Health Nursing – I	3	25	75	100		
Practical and Viva Voce						
1. Medical Nursing	3	50	100	150		
2. Surgical Nursing	3	50	100	150		
Total		200	500	700		

THIRD YEAR

SUBJECT	Assessment					
	Hours	Internal	External	Total		
Theory 1. Medicinal Surgical Nursing II	3	25	75	100		
2. Child Health Nursing	3	25	75	100		
3. Mental Health Nursing	3	25	75	100		
4.Nursing Research & Statistics	2	25	50+25	100		
Practical and Viva Voce						
1.Medical – Surgical Nursing II	3	50	100	150		
2.Child health nursing	3	50	100	150		
3.Mental health nursing	3	50	100	150		
TOTAL		250	600	850		

FOURTH YEAR

SUBJECT	Assessment						
	Theory Hours	Internal	External	Total			
1. Nursing Education	3	25	75	100			
2. Management of Nursing services & Education .	3	25	75	100			
3. Obstetrics & Gynecological Nursing	3	25	75	100			
4. Community Nursing II	3	25	75	100			
Practical and Viva Voce							
1. Obstetrics & Gynecological Nursing	3	50	100	150			
2. Community Health Nursing II	3	50	100	150			
Total		200	500	700			

NOTE:

- 1) **Nutrition and Biochemistry Question paper** will consist of **Section A** Nutrition of 50 marks and **section B** Biochemistry of 25 marks.
- 2) Nursing research & statistics- Nursing Research should be Section A of 50 marks and Statistics section B of 25 marks.
- 3) Theory exam in English and Theory and Practical exams for Introduction to computer are to be conducted as College exam (internal only) and marks to be sent to the University for Inclusion in the mark sheet.
- 4) All practical examinations are to be conducted in the respective clinical areas of the parent Institution for all students.
- 5) An examiner should be a Lecturer or above in a College of Nursing with M.Sc nursing in the concerned subject and minimum of 3 years teaching experience in the collegiate program after PG. To be an examiner for Nursing Foundation course, faculty having MSc (N) in any specialty shall be considered
- 6) Calculation of internal marks shall be based on the ongoing and continuous assessment as specified below.

Theory:

Periodic written examination distributed throughout the year (minimum 3(THREE) in a year for each subject of University Examination).

Marks of Evaluation by other methods like assignments, seminars, projects etc.. can be added to the internal marks

Practical (Clinical)

Continuous clinical evaluation during the clinical experience of the students in specific clinical area is evaluated for the internal marks. Marks of evaluation by other methods like assignments-(nursing care study, clinical presentation, planned health teaching programme, drug file, projects) can be added to the internal marks.

Regulations

- 1. University examination shall be conducted ordinarily twice in a year (one regular and one supplementary examination every year)
- 2. Candidate shall register for all parts of examination in their first appearance.
- 3. Candidates who have undergone the prescribed course of study for a period not less than 10 months of the academic year only can appear for the examination. A candidate who is absent for a total of more than 60 days continuous or interrupted within a period of three months during an academic year shall not be eligible to continue the course with the same batch of students. He/she may obtain special sanction for readmission with the junior batch from higher authorities (University / DME/ Govt. of Kerala)
- 4. A candidate must have minimum 80% attendance in both theory and practical separately in each subject for appearing the university examinations. No candidate shall be admitted to any parts of the examination unless he/she have secured a minimum of 80% or above attendance separately in theory classes as well as practical in each subject.
- 5. Quarterly attendance should be informed to the University.
- 6. Medium of Instruction and Examination: The medium of Instruction and Examination shall be in English.
- 7. Candidates who fail to appear for examination in any part or parts owing to the shortage of required attendance shall make up the lost attendance before appearing for the succeeding examination.

- 8. Condo nation Condition: (Condonable limit -70%) 10% of Attendance for one subject or distributed among the subjects for one time during the entire course of study. The decision regarding this aspect is based on the discretion of the Principal and Faculty of the Institution.
- 9. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Theory and Practical papers separately for internal examinations.
- 10. The internal marks shall be signed by the candidate before transmission to the university.
- 11. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Theory and practical papers separately for university examinations.
- 12. There should be one day gap between two theory exams and one week gap between theory and practical exams.
- 13. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award of Degree.
- 14. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 15. Criteria for pass: Candidate who has secured a minimum of 50% marks in theory (including the sessional) and practical (including the sessional) separately in any subject, shall be declared to have passed in that subject.
- 16. Nutrition and Biochemistry: No separate pass needed for Nutrition and Biochemistry.
- 17. Nursing research & statistics- No separate pass needed for Nursing Research and Statistics
- 18. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to reappear for both the papers (Theory and practical)
- 19 A candidate who fails in any subject in the examination may appear for that subject in the subsequent examination.
- 20 Maximum number of attendance permitted for each subject is 5 including first attempt.
- 21 Candidate shall not be admitted to the subsequent higher examination unless the candidate has passed the previous examination.
- 22 The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed 8 years.
- 23 Maximum number of candidates for practical examination shall not exceed 15 per day.
- 24 Each candidate should be evaluated for a period of three hours for practical and should undergo 10+10 minutes viva voce separately by internal and external examiner.
- 25 The Marks awarded for practical examination by the internal and external examiner should be sending to the university separately.
- 26 **Revaluation conditions**: No System of revaluation as there is double valuation of the theory papers.
- 27 **Declaration of Class:-**Candidate who pass all parts of examination on the first occasion of appearing there of shall be ranked in order of proficiency as determined by the total marks obtained and shall be arranged in two classes.

Second class: Candidate who have passed the examination with an aggregate of 50% and above and less than 60%.

First class: Candidates who have secured 60% marks aggregate or above and less than 75%.

Distinction: Those students who have secured an aggregate of 75 or above marks be awarded distinction. Candidate who pass in first class and who obtain not less than 75% of marks in any subject shall be deemed to have passed with distinction in that subject. **Candidates who pass the examination in subsequent appearance shall be ranked only in second class.**

- **Award of Rank:**-Rank in the examination- Aggregate marks of all the 4 years regular examination shall be considered for awarding rank. A consolidated mark list consisting of all 4 year examination shall be given to all the students. However a candidate who fails in one or more subject during the course shall be not eligible for the award of rank and medals.
- **Award of Degree:** A candidate who passes the entire subjects of the course for the specific period if any will be eligible for the award of degree during the ensuing convocation.
- **Migration and Transfer:** Migration and Transfer from One College to another will not be permitted after the student has registered with a course of study with the university.

FIRST YEAR B Sc NURSING ANATOMY

Placement - First Year

Time: Theory – 60 Hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical structures in disease and apply this in practice of nursing. Course content is divided in to 3 categories; **must know, desirable to know and nice to know,** which is indicated as must know (***), desirable to know(**) and nice to know(*). 60% of questions for the examination should be from must know portions of content, 40% may be from desirable to know portions of content. Nice to know content may be discussed in the class but avoid questions from this part for university examination

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs.)	Objectives		Learning	Methods
				Activities	
1	3	Describe the	Introduction to Anatomical	• Lecture,	Short
		anatomical	terms organization of the	Discussion	answers
		terms,	human body.	• Explain using	questions.
		organization	*** - Human Cell	Charts,	Objective
		of human	Structure.	microscopic	Туре
		body and	Tissues – Definition,	slides, Skeleton	
		structure of	Types, characteristics,	&	
		cell, tissues,	classification, location, functions	torso	
		membranes	and formation.		
		and glands.	Membranes and glands		
			 classification and structure. 		
			** - Organelle-structure		
			&functions		
			* - Cell junctions		
		Describe the	2) The Skeletal System	Lecture	Structured
		structure	*** - Bones – types,	discussion	essay ,Short
		of bones and	structure, Bone	Explain using	answers

		joints	formation and growth.	charts,	questions
			Bones of limbs-	skeleton, loose	Objective
			(description of bones.)	bones, and	type
			Joints – classification and	joints.	
			Major joints-Hip,		
			Shoulder, structure.		
			**- Knee joint, elbow joint		
			Ossification-types,		
			Vertebra, Ribs, Sternum,		
			Bony pelvis, Fetal skull.		
			* - Wrist, carpo metacarpal,		
			tibiofibular, radioulnar		
			joints, Mention rickets,		
			malignancies of bone		
III.	3	Describe the	The Muscular System	Lecture,	Short
		structure	*** - Types and structure	discussion	answers
		of muscles	of	Explain using	questions
			muscles	chart,	Objective
			Gluteal muscles thigh	models and	type
			muscles &,deltoid	films	
				Demonstrate	
			**- Structure of muscle in	muscular	
			detail. Actions of various	movements	
			individual and groups of		
			muscles		
			* - Myasthenia Gravis.		
IV	8	Describe the	The Nervous System	Lecture,	Structured
		structure	*** Structure of neurons,	discussion	Essay
		of nervous	Meninges, CNS, ANS	Explain using	question
		system	- parts of brain, spinal	models,	Short
			cord, cranial nerves, spinal	charts, slides,	answers
			nerves, peripheral	specimens.	questions.
			nerves. {axillary,sciatic,fem		Objective

		1	oral,radial,important		typo
			_		type
			cutaneous nerves		
			** Difference in function		
			of sympathetic and		
			parasympathetic		
			Blood supply of cerebrum		
			Autonomic Nervous		
			System ventricles of brain		
			* Structure of spinal cord,		
			cerebrum, cerebellum		
			Hydrocephalus		
V	4	Explain the	The Sensory Organs	Lecture	Short
		structure	***Structure of skin,	,discussion	answers
		of sensory	Eye –Layers, Ear, Nose, tongue.	Explain using	questions
		organs	** Muscles of eye ball	models,	Objective
			Middle ear	charts, slides,	type
			* common sensory dysfunctions	specimens	
			, ,		
VI	7.	Describe the	Circulatory and	Lecture,	Structured
		structure	lymphatic system	discussion	essay
		of	*** Heart-layers	Explain using	question
		circulatory	Chambers-features,	models,	Short
		and	blood supply	charts, slides,	answers
		lymphatic	Structure of blood vessels	specimens	questions
		system	– Arterial & Venous		Objective

			System,		type
			Circulation: systemic,		
			pulmonary, coronary		
			Lymphatic system		
			Lymphatic tissues.		
			- Thymus gland		
			- Lymph nodes		
			- Spleen tonsil.		
			** Major arteries of limbs,		
			head and neck thorax,		
			abdomen & pelvis		
			Veins usually used for		
			iv injections		
			* Conducting system of		
			heart, Sites of Porto		
			systemic anastomosis,		
			Microscopic structure of		
			lymphoid organs IHD,		
			Myocardial infarction		
			Tonsillectomy		
			Splenomegaly		
VII	5	Describe the	The Respiratory System	Lecture	Short
		structure	*** Trachea ,bronchi, lung,	,discussion.	answers
		of	pleura	Explain using	questions.
		respiratory	Muscles of respiration: -	models,	Objective
		system	Intercostals and	torso, charts,	type
			Diaphragm.	slides,	
			** Broncho pulmonary	specimens	
			Segments		
			* Investigations for lung		
			diseases-pneumonia,		
			pleural		
			effusion,pneumothorax,		

			Site for pleural tap, Lung		
			function tests		
VIII.	7	Describe the	The Digestive System	Lecture,	Structured
		structure	*** Parts of Alimentary	discussion.	essay
		of digestive	tract -Oesophagus	Explain using	question
		system	extent, constrictions	models,	Short
			Stomach, pancreas, livercaecum,	torso, charts,	answers
			appendix, large	slides,	questions.
			intestine, rectum & anal	specimens.	Objective
			canal in detail, blood		types
			supply Accessory organs of		
			digestion.		
			**Structure of stomach,		
			intestines, liver, pancreas		
			* Liver function tests.		
			Investigations-barium		
			studies		
			hernias		
IX.	6.	Describe the	The Excretory System	Lecture	Short
		Structure	*** Structure of organs of	discussion.	answers
		of excretory	urinary System	Explain using	questions.
		system	:Kidney, Ureter, urinary	models,	Objective
			bladder, urethra -male,	torso, charts,	type
			female	slides,	
			** Structure of nephron	specimens.	
			* Microscopic structure of		
			kidney, Ureter, urinary		
			bladder, Investigations of		
			the renal system		
			Catheterization		
X	. 5.	Describe the	The Endocrine System	Lecture	Short
		structure	***Parts of Pituitary,	discussion.	answers
			Pancreas, thyroid,	Explain using	questions.

		of endocrine	Parathyroid, and adrenal glands,	models,	Objective
		system	thymus.	torso, charts,	type.
			** Diseases caused by	slides,	
			hyper& hypo functions	specimens.	
			of organs		
			* Microscopic structure of		
			Organs		
XI.	5	Describe the	The Reproductive system	Lecture	Short
		structure of	*** Female reproductive	discussion.	answers
		reproductive	organs-uterus, tubes,	Explain using	questions.
		system.	vagina Male reproductive	models,	Objective
			organstestis	torso, charts,	type.
			Mammary gland	slides,	
			** Prostate, vas deferens	specimens.	
			ovary		
			Investigations of		
			reproductive system		
			* Microscopic structure of		
			organs, common causes		
			of infertility& their		
			treatment		
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PHYSIOLOGY

Placement – First Year Time: Theory – 60 Hours.

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable the students to acquire knowledge of the normal physiology of various human body systems and understand the alterations in physiology in diseases and apply this in practice of nursing.

Course content is divided in to 3 categories; **must know, desirable to know and nice to know**, which is indicated as must know (***), desirable to know(**) and nice to know(*). 60% of questions for the examination should be from must know portions of content, 40% may be from desirable portions of content. Nice to know content may be discussed in the class but avoid questions from this part for university examination

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs.)	Objectives		Learning	Methods
				Activities	
1.	3	Describe the	General & Cell	Lecture,	Short answers
		physiology of	Physiology	discussion	questions
		cell,	*** Membranes & glands		Objective
		tissues,	– functions		type.
		membranes	Concept of ECF & ICF		
		and	Homeostasis		
		glands	** Intravenous fluid		
			therapy- basic principles		
			only		
			* Tissue-formation, repair.		
			Alterations in disease.		
II.	2.	Describe the		Lecture	Short answers
		bone	Skeletal System	discussion.	questions
		formation and	* Bone formation &	Explain using	Objective
		growth	growth.	charts, models	type.
		and	Bones –Functions and	and	
		movements of	movements of bones of	films.	
			axial and appendicular	Demonstration	

		skeletal	skeleton, bone healing.	of	
		system	Joints and joint movement.	joint	
			Alterations in disease.	movements.	
			Applications and		
			implications in nursing.		
			-		
III.	5	Describe the	Muscular System. [Nerve	Lecture,	Short answers
		muscle	& Muscle]	discussion.	questions
		movements	*** Nerve: Stimulus–	Explain using	Objective
		and tone	impulse definitions and	charts, models	type.
		and	mechanism. Membrane	slides, specimen	dipe.
		demonstrate	potentials briefly	and films.	
		muscle	Functions of neurons &	Demonstration	
		contraction	Neurolgia	of	
		and tone.	Physiology of muscle	muscle	
		6 11 0 1 511 0 .	contraction,	movements,	
			Comparative study of	tone and	
			skeletal, cardiac & smooth	contraction	
			muscle. Neuromuscular		
			transmission		
			** Alterations in disease.		
			Mention Myaesthenia		
			gravis & dystrophies		
			* Muscle movements		
IV.	6	Describe the	Nervous System	Lecture,	Structured
''		physiology of	*** Organization: brain,	discussion.	essay
		nerve	spinal cord, cranial and	Explain using	Short answers
		stimulus,	spinal nerves. Autonomic	charts, models	questions
		reflexes,	Nervous system	slides, and	Objective
		brain, cranial	Ascending & Descending	films.	Type
		and spinal	tracts	Demonstrate	-JP-
		nerves.	Ascending tracts: Pain:	nerve	
		Demonstrate	somatic, visceral, and	stimulus, reflex	

		reflex action	referred	action, reflexes.	
		and stimulus.	Cerebrospinal fluid-		
			Composition, circulation		
			and function.		
			Synapse: Properties,		
			functions		
			Reflex arc, Reflex action		
			and reflexes.		
			Function of Thalamus,		
			Hypothalamus, Basal		
			ganglia		
			Cerebellum-functions.		
			** Mention Muscle tone		
			Levels and maintenance of		
			posture.		
			Parkinsonism, Spinal cord		
			injury, Hemiplegia,		
			Paraplegia, Lumbar		
			puncture, raised ICT,		
			stroke, Alterations in		
			disease.		
			Sleep & disturbances		
			* Autonomic learning and		
			Biofeedback		
V	8	Describe the	Circulatory System.	Lecture	Structured
		physiology of	Blood:	discussion	essay
		blood and	***Functions,	Explain using	Short answers
		functions of	composition, [Formed	charts, films.	questions
		Heart.	elements: RBC, WBC	Demonstration	Objective
		Demonstrate	Platelets]	of	type
		blood cell	Blood groups, blood	Blood cell	
		count,	coagulation.	count,	
		coagulation,	Hemoglobin: estimation.	coagulation,	

		grouping,	Blood transfusion,	grouping,	
		Hb: BP and	reactions	Haemoglobin	
		Pulse	Lymph,	estimation,	
		monitoring.	**Jaundice, Leukocytosis,	Heart	
			Leukemia, polycythemia,	conduction	
			Anemia	system.	
			* Structure, Synthesis and	Measurement of	
			breakdown,of Hemoglobin:	pulse, BP.	
			Variation of molecules		
			Immunity.		
			Formation of T-cells and B		
			cells.		
			Types of Immune response.		
			Antigens. Antibodies.		
			Cytokines.		
			Circulation:		
			Circulation – Principles,		
			Functions of Heart,		
			Conduction, Cardiac cycle,		
			BP and Pulse: Control,		
			factors influencing.		
			** BP, Hypertension,		
			circulatory shock,		
			cardiac failure		
			ECG		
			Alterations in disease.		
			Applications and		
			Implications in nursing		
VI.	6.	Describe the	The Respiratory System.	Lecture,	Structured
		physiology	*** Functions of	discussion.	essay
		and	respiratory organs	Explain using	Short answers
		mechanisms	Volumes.	charts, films.	questions
		of	Pulmonary ventilation,	Demonstration	Objective

		respiration.	Mechanics of ventilation.	of	type.
		Demonstrates	Gaseous exchange in	spirometry.	
		spirometry	lungs.		
			Carriage of oxygen &		
			carbon dioxide.		
			Exchange of gases in		
			tissues.		
			** Alterations in disease –		
			Hypoxia, asphyxia,		
			artificial respiration,		
			periodic breathing		
			Cyanosis. O2 therapy, O2		
			toxicity		
			Regulation of respiration.		
VII.	6.	Describes the	The Digestive System.	Lecture,	Structured
		physiology of	*** Functions of organs of	discussion.	essay
		digestive	digestive tract. Movements	Explain using	Short answers
		system.	of alimentary tract,	charts, Films	questions
		Demonstrates			
		BMR	Digestion in mouth,		Objective
			stomach, small intestines,		type.
			Large intestines,		
			Absorption of food.		
			Functions of liver, gall		
			bladder and pancreas.		
			Vomiting & diarrhea		
			** Jaundice		
			* Metabolism of		
			carbohydrates, protein and		
			fat.[in Biochemistry]		
VIII.	6	Describe the	Excretory System.	Lecture,	Structured
		physiology of	*** Functions of kidneys	discussion.	essay

		excretory	Composition of urine.	Explain using	Short answers
		system	Mechanism of urine	charts, films.	questions
			formation. Filtration,		Objective
			Reabsorption, Secretion		type.
			Urinary bladder		
			** Alterations in disease –		
			Impaired renal function.		
			Dialysis		
			* Role of kidney in Fluid		
			and acid base balance		
			*** Functions of skin.		
			Regulation of body		
			temperature		
IX.	3	Describe the	Special Senses [Sensory	Lecture	Short answer
		physiology of	Organs.]	discussion.	questions
		sensory	*** Vision	Explain using	Objective
		organs.	Audition	charts, films.	type.
			Olfaction	Demonstration	
			Taste	of	
			** errors of refraction,	BMR.	
			glaucoma, color		
			blindness deafness		
X.	5.	Describe the	Endocrine System.	Lecture	Short answers
		physiology of	*** Functions of Pituitary,	discussion	questions
		endocrine	Thyroid, parathyroid,	Explain using	Objective
		glands.	pancreas, Suprarenal,	Charts, films.	type.
			Placenta and ovaries &	Demonstration	
			Testes.	of	
			** [Briefly about common	BMR	
			diseases]		
			* pineal body, thymus,		

XI.	8	Describe the	Reproductive System.	Lecture,	Structured
		physiology of	*** Functions of female	discussion.	essay
		male and	reproductive organs;	Explain using	Short answers
		female	Functions of breast,	Charts, films,	questions
		reproductive	menstrual cycle,	models,	Objective
		system	ovulation.	specimens.	type.
			Pregnancy tests		
			** Physiological principles		
			underlying contraception		
			* Reproduction of cells –		
			DNA,		
			Mitosis, Meiosis,		
			spermatogenesis,		
			oogenesis.		
			Introduction to		
			embryology.		
			*** Functions of male		
			Reproductive organs.		

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- A.K.Jain, Textbook of Physiology for Nurses
- P.R Ashalatha ,Textbook of Anatomy & Physiolgy for Nurses, Jaypee Brothers,New Delhi
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MICROBIOLOGY

Placement: First Year Time– 60 Hours (Theory 45 + 15 lab)

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology and identification of various micro-organisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings. Course content is divided in to 3 categories; **must know, desirable to know and nice to know**, which is indicated as must know(***), desirable to know(**) and nice to know(*). 60% of questions for the examination should be from must know portions of content, 40% may be from desirable portions of content, nice to know content may be discussed in the class but avoid questions from this part for university examination

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs.)	Objectives		Learning	Methods
				Activities	
1.	4	Explain	**- Introduction:	Lecture	Objective
		Concepts and	.Historical perspective	Discussion	type
		principles of	Concepts and terminology		
		microbiology	Principles of		
			microbiology		
II.	7	Describe the		Lecture	Short answers
		sources of	*** -Infection: Sources,	Discussion	Objective
		infection	portals of entry and exist,	Demonstration	type
		Explain the	transmission.	Visits to CSSD	
		methods of	types of infections	Clinical	
		infection	Asepsis: Sterilization &	practice	
		control	Disinfection: Types and		
		Infection	Methods		
			** Visits to CSSD		
			Clinical practice of aseptic		
			techniques		

III	6	Explain Infection Control programmes and Standard safety measures	Infection Control programmes Standard safety measures (universal precautions) *** - Chemotherapy and antibiotics Standard Safety measures Biomedical waste management Immunoprophylaxis for hospital personnel	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Clinical practice	Short answers Objective type
IV	10	Describe the different measures for the prevention of hospital infection Explain the common infections in the community	Hospital infection & infection control. *** - Infection : Sources, portals of entry and exist, transmission. Types of infections, organisms involved Identify the role of nurse in hospital infection/control. Hospital Infection Control Committee-role of nurses Safe injections, infusions, procedures Antibiotic policy Hospital infection control programme & Protocols Fumigation procedures ***Common infections in the community (India especially Kerala.	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Clinical practice.	Structured essay Short answers Objective type.
V	5	Explain the	Immunity	Lecture	Short answers
		concept of	***- Concept of immunity,	Discussion	Objective
		immunity,	hyper sensitivity and	Demonstration	type.
		hypersensitivi	immunization	Clinical	
		ty	Hypersensitivity reactions,	practice	
		and	skin tests for delayed		
		immunization	hypersensitivity		
			Serological tests for the		
			diagnosis of diseases		

VI	5	Explain the concept of immunoproph ylaxIs	Immunoprophylaxis: National programmes ***- Vaccines & Sera – types & Classification, storage and handling, cold chain Immunization for various diseases. Immunization Schedule. **- Newly available vaccines	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Clinical practice	Short answers Objective type.
VII	15	Describe the different pathogenic organisms	Pathogenic organisms *** - *** - General Characteristics of Microbes Morphological types. Size and form of bacteria Staining techniques:GramStaining & Acid fast staining ** - Motility Colonization *- Structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Micro Organisms Hanging drop preparation Culture; various medias *** - Collection, handling and transportation of various specimens for microbiological diagnosis *** - Source of infection, route of infection, pathogenesis & lab. Diagnosis ofpathogenic organisms a. Bacteria ***-Cocci-gram positive- Staphylococci, Streptococci, Pneumococci gram negative Cocci- Gonococci, meningococcal Bacilli -gram positive- Corynebacterium diphtheriae, Clostr, tetani	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Clinical practice	Structured essay Short answers Objective type.

Gram negative bacilli ***-Enterbacteriaceae-Esch. Coli. Klebsiella & Salmonella Vibrio cholerae, Pseudomonas, H. influenza Mycobacterium, Tuberculosis & leprae, Spirochaetes ** - Clostr. Botulinum & perfringes Shigella, Proteus Bordetella, Listeria, campylobacter Helicobacter * - Mycoplasma Reckettssiae Chlamydiae A typical mycobacteria **b.** Viruses ***-varicilla-Zoster, polio, measles, mumps, rubella, rabies, Hepatitis viruses, arboviruses prevalent in India-dengue, chikungunya Japanese encephalitis, KFD Influenza viruses, HIV ** - Yellow fever, oncogenic viruses, pox viruses c. Fungi ***-Superficial mycoses-Dermatophtosis, candidosis, Tinea versicolor deep mucoses-candida, Cryptococcus ** - Subcutaneous & other deep mycoses d. Parasites: prevalent in India ***-E. histolytica, Giardia, Trichomonas, malria, filariasis, intestinal nematodes, tape worms infecting man ** - Secondary parasitic infections in HIV infected/AIDS * - Trematodes

VIII	3	Explain thezoonotic diseases	*** - Zoonotic diseases Anthrax, Rabies, leptospirosis ** - Plague, dog tapeworm * - Rodents & vectors.	Lecture ,Discussion	Short answers Objective type
IX	5	Explain the vector borne diseases	*** - Vector borne diseases Malaria, Filariasis, dengue, Chikungunia, japanese encephalitis, KFD Leishmaniasis	Lecture, Discussion	Short answers Objective type

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 Orient Longman Private Ltd.
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- Collie J G etal (2006) Practical medical Microbiology, New Delhi, Churchil Livingsone.

BIOCHEMISTRY

Placement: First Year Time: Theory – 30 Hours.

Course Descriptions: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in diseases for practice of nursing. Course content is divided in to 3 categories; must know, desirable to know and nice to know, which is indicated as must know(***), desirable to know(**) and nice to know(*). 60% of questions for the examination should be from must know portions of content, 40% may be from desirable portions of content, nice to know content may be discussed in the class but avoid questions from this part for university examination

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs.)	Objectives		Learning	Methods
				Activities	
1.	3	Describe the	Cell biology	Lecture	Short
		structure	*** Review of structure,	discussion	answer
		composition	Composition and	using charts,	questions.
		and	functions of cell.	slides.	Objective
		functions	Prokaryote and Eukaryote cell	Demonstrate	type
		of cell.	structure and	use of	
			function of cell membrane	microscope	
			** Transport mechanism:		
			diffusion, osmosis,		
			filtration, active channel,		
			sodium pump.		
			* - Microscopy		
		Differentiate			
		between			
		Prokaryote			

		and			
		Eukaryote			
		cell.			
		Identify			
		techniques			
		of			
		Microscopy.			
		wheroscopy.			
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II	6	Explain the	*** - Carbohydrates	Lecture	Structured
		metabolism	Classification and biological	discussion	essay
		of	importance of	Demonstration	Short
		carbohydrate	carbohydrates	of blood	answer
		S.	Chemistry of monosaccharide	glucose	questions.
			,disaccharides,	monitoring.	Objective
			polysaccharides		type.
			Digestion and absorption of		
			carbohydrates		
			Regulation of blood glucose		
			Diabetes mellitus –		
			classification, biochemical		
			derangement, clinical features		
			and management		
			Oral glucose tolerance test		
			** - In born errors of		
			metabolism		
			Lactose intolerance,		
			Galacttossemia,Fructosuria,		
			hereditary fructose		
			intolerance		
			*- Metabolism		
			Pathways of glucose		
			- Glycolysis		
			- Gluconeogenesis: Coris cycle		

			- Glucogenolysis		
			- Pentose phosphate		
			Pathways(Hexose		
			monophosphate)		
			TCA cycle		
III.	5	Explain the	Lipids.	Lecture	Structured
		metabolism	*** - Classification with	discussion.	essay
		of	examples,	using charts.	Short
		Lipids.	composition and biological	Demonstration	answer
			importance of	of laboratory	questions
			lipids, saturated and unsaturated	tests.	Objective
			fatty acids,		type.
			triacyl glycerols		
			phospholipids& cholesterol		
			Digestion and absorption of		
			lipids		
			Atherosclerosis. Fatty		
			liver,obesity,lipoprotein.LDL,V		
			LDL,IDL,HDL		
			Chylomicrons		
			Lipid prophile		
			** - Formation and utilization		
			of ketone bodies,		
			ketoacidosis in diabetes and		
			starvation		
			* - Nomenclature, roles and		
			prostaglandins		
			Metabolism of fatty acid		
			Break down and synthesis		
			Metabolism of triglycerides		
			Cholesterol mechanism		
			Biosynthesis and its regulation		
			- Bile salts and bilirubin		
			- Due saus and dilliddil		

			- Vitamin D		
			- Steroid hormones		
			Stored normones		
1V	5	Explain the	*** - Classification of amino	Lactura	Structured
l V	3	_		Lecture	
		metabolism	acids – based on	Discussion	essay
		of	structure, nutritional status and	using charts.	Short
		Amino acids	metabolic fate	Demonstration	answer
		and Proteins.	Digestion and absorption of	of laboratory	questions
			proteins	tests.	Objective
			Formation and disposal of		type
			ammonia		
			Plasma proteins:		
			functions. Hypoproteinemia		
			** - Biologically important		
			substances		
			synthesized from amino acids		
			Inborn errors of protein		
			metabolism(phenyl		
			ketonuria, albinism,		
			alkaptonuria, hartnup		
			disease, maple syrup urine		
			disease)		
			*- Metabolism of amino acids		
			and proteins		
			Protein synthesis, targeting and		
			glycosylation.Chromatography.		
			Electrophoresis,		
			Sequencing. Metabolism of		
			nitrogen. Fixation and		
			assimilation. Fixation and		
			chlorophylls		

V	1	Explains the	*** - Enzymes, clinical	Lecture	Objective
		clinical	enzymology	Discussion	type
		enzymology		using charts.	
VI	4	Describe	Vitamins		Short
		types,	*** - Dietary		answer
		composition	sources, biochemical functions		questions.
		and	and deficiency manifestations of		Objective
		utilization	fat soluble		type
		of Vitamins	and water soluble vitamins		
		&	Minerals		
		minerals	*** - Dietary sources, functional		
			importance		
			and altered levels of iron and		
			calcium		
			**- Dietary sources, functional		
			importance and		
			Altered levels of		
			copper,fluorine,sodium and		
			potassium.		
VII	7	Explain acid	Acid base balance and p H	Lecture	Short
		base balance	*** - p H, buffers and Acid base	Discussion	answer
			disorders	Demonstration	questions
			and assessment	of laboratory	Objective
				tests.	type
VI	2 .	Explain	***- Function tests	Lecture	Short
II		different	** - LFT. (Briefly describe	Discussion	answer
		function	important tests	using charts.	questions
		tests.	only)	Demonstration	Objective

			RFT-Urea, Serum creatinine and	of laboratory	type.
			urineexamination	tests.	
VI	1	Describe	*** - Hemoglobin	Lecture	Short
I.		metabolism	**- Breakdown of Hemoglobin,	discussion.	answer
		of	biochemical basis of jaundice	Demonstrate	questions.
		hemoglobin		laboratory	Objective
				tests.	type.
VI	1		Immunology		
II			***- Structure and functions of		
			Immunoglobulins		
			*- Immunochemistry.		
			Immune response,		
			Mechanism of antibody		
			production.		
			Antigens: HLA typing.		
			Free radical and antioxidants.		
			Specialized Protein: Collagen,		
			Elastin,		
			Keratin, Myosin, Lens Protein.		
			Electrophoretic and		
			Quantitative		
			determination of		
			immunoglobins-ELISA etc.		

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- Nelson D I (2007) Lehingea Principles & Biochemistry New York, Premier & Company.

NUTRITION

Placement: First Year Time: Theory 60 Hours (40+20)

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of nutrition for maintenance of optimum health at different stages of life and its application for practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Time (Hrs) pr	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
1.	4		Describe the relationship between nutrition & Health.	Introduction Nutrition History Concepts Role of nutrition in maintaining health. Nutritional problems in India. National Nutritional policy. Factors affecting food and nutrition: socio- economic, cultural, tradition, production, system of distribution, life style and food habits etc. Role of food and its medicinal value. Classification of foods. Food standards. Elements of nutrition: macroand micro. Calorie, BMR.	Lecture Discussion Panel discussion.	Short answers Objective type.

III.	2	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommende d daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates	Carbohydrates Classification Caloric Value Recommended daily allowances. Dietary sources. Functions. Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism of carbohydrates. Malnutrition: Deficiencies and Over consumption.	Lecture Discussion	Short answers Objective type.
III.	2	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommende d daily allowances (RDA) of Fats.	Fats Classification Caloric Value Recommended daily allowances. Dietary sources. Functions. Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism. Malnutrition: Deficiencies and Over consumption.	Lecture Discussion	Short answers Objective type.
IV.	2	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommende d daily allowances (RDA) of Proteins Proteins	Classification Caloric Value Recommended daily allowances. Dietary sources. Functions. Digestion, absorption, metabolism and storage Malnutrition: Deficiencies	Lecture Discussion.	Short answers Objective type

			and Over		
			consumption.		
V.	3	Describe the daily calorie requirement for different categories of people.	Energy Unit of Energy – Keal. Energy requirements of different categories of people. Measurements of energy. Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism. Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) – determination and factors affecting.	Lecture Discussion Exercise Demonstration	Short answers Objective type.
VI.	4.	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommende d daily allowances (RDA) of Vitamins.	Vitamins Classification Recommended daily allowances. Dietary sources. Functions. Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion. Deficiencies. Hyper vitaminosis.	Lecture Discussion	Short answers Objective type.

VII	4.	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommende d daily allowances (RDA) of Minerals.	Minerals. Classification Recommended daily allowances. Dietary sources. Functions. Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion. Deficiencies. Over consumption and toxicity.	Lecture Discussion.	Short answers Objective type.
VIII	3.	Describe the Water & Electrolytes. sources, functions and requirements of Water & electrolytes.	Water: Daily requirement, regulation of water metabolism, distribution of body water. Electrolytes: Types, sources, composition of body fluids. Maintenance of fluid & electrolyte balance. Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication. Electrolyte imbalances.	Lecture Discussion.	Short answers Objective type.

IX	5	15	Describe the Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients. Prepare and serve simple beverages and different types of foods.	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients. Principles, methods of cooking and serving. Preservation of nutrients. Safe Food handling – toxicity. Storage of food. Food preservation, food additives and its principles. Prevention of food adulteration Act (PFA). Food standards. Preparation of simple beverages and different types of food.	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session.	Short answers Objective type. Assessment of practice sessions.
X.	7	5	Describe and plan balanced diet for Different categories of people.	Balanced diet Elements Food groups Recommended Daily. Allowance Nutritive value of foods Calculation of balanced diet for different categories of people. Planning menu. Budgeting of food. Introduction to therapeutic diets: Naturopathy — Diet.	Lecture Discussion Practice session Meal planning.	Short answers Objective type. Exercise on menu planning.
XI.	4		Describe various national programmes related to nutrition. Describe the	Role of nurse in nutritional programmes. National programmes related to nutrition. Vitamin A	Lecture Discussion. Demonstration of Assessment of nutritional status.	Short answers. Objective type

nurse in assessment of nutritional status and nutrition education. Integrated child development scheme (ICDS). National and International agencies working towards food/nutrition. NIPCCD,CARE,F AO,NI N,CFTRI (Central food technology and research institute) etc. Assessment of nutritional status.	
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References:

- Dr. Swaminathan M (2006). Handbook of food& Nutrition Bangalore, The Bangalore Printing & Publishing Co, Lts.
- John Sheila & Dr. Jenifer J (2007) Essentials of Nutrition & Diatetics for Nursing, Chennai, BI Publications Pvt, Ltd.
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PSYCHOLOGY

Placement: First year Time: Theory 60 Hours.

Course Description: This course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of fundaments of psychology and develop an insight into behaviour of self and others.

Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursing practice. Course content is divided in to 3 categories; **must know, desirable to know** and nice to know, which is indicated as must know(***), desirable to know(**) and nice to know(*). 60% of questions for the examination should be from must know portions of content, 40% may be from desirable portions of content, nice to know content may be discussed in the class but avoid questions from this part for university examination

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessmen
	(Hrs.)	Objectives		Learning	t
				Activities	Methods
1.	2	Describe the	**- Describe the history,	Lecture	Essay type
		history,	scope and methods of	Discussion	Short
		scope and	psychology		answers.
		methods of	Introduction:		
		psychology	History and origin of science of		
			psychology.		
			Definitions & Scope of		
			Psychology		
			Relevance to nursing.		
			Methods of Psychology		
II.	4	Explain the	*** - Explain the biology	Lecture	Essay type
		biology of	of Human behavior	Discussion.	short
		Human	Biology of behaviour		answers.
		behaviour	Body mind relationship		
			modulation process in health and		

Genetics and behaviour: Heredity and environment. Brain and behaviour: Nervous System, Neurons and synapse, Association Cortex, Rt and Lt. Hemispheres. Psychology of Sensations. Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour. Nature of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe various Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. processes and their factors applications. Perception: Meaning, Principles, factors applications. Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				illness.		
Heredity and environment. Brain and behaviour: Nervous System, Neurons and synapse, Association Cortex, Rt and Lt. Hemispheres. Psychology of Sensations. Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour. Nature of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe various Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. processes and their factors applications. Perception: Meaning, Principles, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
Brain and behaviour: Nervous System, Neurons and synapse, Association Cortex, Rt and Lt. Hemispheres. Psychology of Sensations. Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour. Nature of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe *** - Cognitive processes Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. processes and their factors applications. 4 Fectorion: Meaning, Principles, factors applications. 4 Fectors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
System, Neurons and synapse, Association Cortex, Rt and Lt. Hemispheres. Psychology of Sensations. Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour. Nature of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe *** - Cognitive processes various Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. processes and their factors applications. IECture Essay type Discussion Short answers. Perception: Meaning, Principles, factors applications. I Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
Association Cortex, Rt and Lt. Hemispheres. Psychology of Sensations. Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour. Nature of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe *** - Cognitive processes Various Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. Perception: Meaning, Principles, their factors applications. Affecting, Errors, Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
Hemispheres. Psychology of Sensations. Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour. Nature of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe *** - Cognitive processes Various Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. Perception: Meaning, Principles, factors applications. Perception: Meaning, Principles, factors applications. Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
Psychology of Sensations. Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe *** - Cognitive processes various Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive processes and their factors applications. Perception: Meaning, Principles, factors applications. Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				,		
Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe *** - Cognitive processes Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. processes and their factors applications. Perception: Meaning, Principles, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
of behaviour. Nature of behaviour of an Organism/Integrated responses III. 20 Describe *** - Cognitive processes Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. processes and perception: Meaning, Principles, their factors applications. Learning: Nature, Types, Psychometric learner and learning, assessment: Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
III. 20 Describe **** - Cognitive processes Lecture various Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive processes and processes and their factors applications. Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Practice sessions. Pactors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
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III. 20 Describe **** - Cognitive processes various Attention: Types, determinants, cognitive processes and perception: Meaning, Principles, their factors applications. Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
various cognitive Duration & degree, alterations. processes and their factors applications. Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				Organism/Integrated responses		
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cognitive processes and perception: Meaning, Principles, factors applications. Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:	III.	20	Describe	*** - Cognitive processes	Lecture	Essay type
processes and their factors applications. affecting, Errors, Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:			various	Attention: Types, determinants,	Discussion	Short
their applications. affecting, Errors, Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:			cognitive	Duration & degree, alterations.		answers.
applications. affecting, Errors, Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:			processes and	Perception: Meaning, Principles,		
Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:			their	factors		
learner and learning, Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:			applications.	affecting, Errors,		
Factors influencing, laws, and theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				Learning: Nature, Types,	Psychometric	
theories, process, transfer, study habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				learner and learning,	assessment:	
habits. Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				Factors influencing, laws, and	Practice	
Nature Factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				theories, process, transfer, study	sessions.	
Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				habits. Memory: Meaning, Types,		
methods of memorizing and Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				Nature Factors influencing,		
Forgetting. Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				Development Theories and		
Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				methods of memorizing and		
of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:				Forgetting.		
of development, Relationship with language and communication. Intelligence:						
with language and communication. Intelligence:						
communication. Intelligence:						
				Meaning, classification, uses,		

			theories. Aptitude: Concept,		
			types,		
			Individual differences and		
			variability.		
			Psychometric assessments of		
			cognitive processes. Alterations in		
			cognitive processes. Applications.		
IV.	8	Describe	*** - Describe motivation,	Lecture	Essay type
		motivation,	emotions, stress, attitudes	Discussion	Short
		emotions, stress,	and their influence on	Role plays	answers.
		attitudes and	behaviour. Motivation and	Case	
		their influence	Emotional Processes:	Discussion	
		on behaviour.	Motivation: Meaning,	Demonstration	
			Concepts, Types, Theories,		
			Motives and behaviour,		
			Conflicts and frustration, conflict		
			resolution. Emotions & stress.		
			Emotion: Definition, components,		
			changes in emotions, theories,		
			emotional adjustments, emotions		
			in health and illness. Stress:		
			stressors, cycle, effect, adaptation		
			& coping Attitude: Meaning,		
			nature		
			development, factors		
			affecting, Behaviour and attitudes		
			Attitudinal change		
			Psychometric assessments		
			of emotions and attitudes.		
			Alterations in emotions		
			Applications.		
V.	7	Explain the	** - Personality	Lecture	Essay type
		concepts of	Definitions, topography,	Discussion	Short

		personality and	types, Theories.	Demonstration	answers.
		its influence on	Psychometric assessments		
		behaviour.	of personality		
			Alterations in personality		
			Applications		
			Alterations in personality		
			Applications		
VI.	7	Describe	** - Describe psychology	Lecture	Essay type
		psychology of	of people during the life	Discussion	Short
		people during	cycle Developmental Psychology	Case	answers.
		the life cycle.	Psychology of people at different	Discussion	
			ages from infancy to old age.		
			Psychology of vulnerable		
			Individuals – challenged, women,		
			sick, etc. Psychology of groups		
VII.	8	Describe the	** - Describe the	Lecture	Essay type
		characteristics	characteristics of	Discussion.	Short
		of	Mentally healthy person	Case	answers.
		Mentally	Mental hygiene and mental	Discussion	
		healthy	Health	Role Play	
		person	Concepts of mental hygiene and	Demonstration	
			mental health. Characteristics of		
			mentally healthy person. Warning		
			signs of poor mental health.		
			Promotive and Preventive		
			mental health-strategies and		
			services.		
			Ego Defence mechanisms and		
			implications.		
			Personal and social adjustments.		
		İ	Guidance and counseling.	l	

			Role of nurse.		
VII.	4	Explain the	** - Explain the	Lecture	Assessment
		psychological	psychological	Discussion	of
		assessments and	assessments and role of nurse.	Demonstration	Practice.
		role of	Psychological assessment	Practice	
		nurse	& tests.	sessions	
			Types, development,		
			Characteristics, Principles,		
			Uses,		
			Interpretations and Role of		
			nurse in psychological		
			assessment		

References:-

- Razeena Viswambaran Text Book of Psychology for Health Prfoessionals.
- Anthikad J (2007) Psychology for graduate nurses New Delhi, Jaypee.
- David G Mayers, Psychology 5th Edition Work Publishers, New York
- Passer M W, Smith R E (2007) Psychology, The science of mind & behaviour, New York, Tata Mc Graw-Hill.
- Dr. Balachandran M (2005) Psychology for Nursing students, Thiruvananthapuram, Maanas Publishers.
- Charles G Morris (1988) Psychology, An introduction to NewHercy, Prentice Hall.
- Bhatia Elemnts of Psychology and Mental hygiene for Nurses in India, Orient Longman.

SOCIOLOGY

Placement: First Year Time: Theory 60 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community and social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs.)	Objectives		Learning Activities	Methods
1.	1	State the importance of sociology in Nursing	Introduction Definition of Sociology Nature and Scope of the discipline Importance and application of Sociology in Nursing.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers.
II.	3	Describe the inter relationship of individual in society and community	Individual & Society Society and Community Nature of Society Difference between Society and Community. Process of Socialisation and individualization. Personal disorganization.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers.
III.	3	Describe the influence of culture and on health and disease.	Culture Nature of culture Evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Culture and socialization Transcultural society Influence on health and disease.	Lecture Discussion Panel Discussion	Essay type Short answers.
IV.	4	Identify various social groups and their interactions	Social groups and Processes The meaning and classification of groups. Primary & Secondary Group In-group V/s. Out-group, Class	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers.

			Tribe, Caste. Economic, Political, Religious groups, Mob, Crowd, Public and Audience Interaction & Social Processes. Co-operation, Competition, Conflict. Accommodation, Assimilation & Isolation.		
V.	6	Explain the growth of population in India and its impact on health	Society and population Population Population distribution in India Demographic characteristics. Malthusian theory of Populations Population explosion in India and its impact on health status. Family welfare programmes.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers Assessment of report on Community identification .
VI.	5	Describe the institutions of family and marriage in India	Family and Marriage Family – Functions Types – Joint, Nuclear, Blended and extended family: Characteristics. The Modern Family – Changes, Problems – Dowry etc., Welfare Services. Changes & legislations on family and marriage in India – marriage acts. Marriage: Forms and functions of marriage, Marriage and family problems in India. Family, marriage and their influence on health and health practices.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers. Assessment of family case study.
VII.	7	Describe the class and caste system and their influence on health and health practices.	Social Stratification Meaning & types of social stratification. The Indian Caste System – origin & features. Features of Caste in India Today Social Class system and status. Social Mobility – Meaning & Types. Race as a biological concept, criteria f racial classification.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers. Assessment of report on community survey.

			Salient features of Primary races Racism. Influence of Class, Caste and Race on health and health practices.		
VIII	6	Describe the types of communities in India, their practices and the impact on health.	Types of Communities in India (Rural, Urban and Regional) Features of village community & Characteristics of Indian Villages Panchayath System, Social dynamics. Community Development project & Planning. Changes in Indian Rural Life. Availability of health facilities in rural and its impact on health and health practices. Urban – Community – Features. The growth of cities: Urbanisation and its impact on health and health practices. Major Urban problems – Urban Slums Regions: Problems and impact on Health.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers. Assessment of report on community survey.
IX.	4	Explain the process of Social Change	Social Change Nature and process of Social Change. Factors influencing Social change: Cultural change, Cultural lag. Introduction to Theories of social change: Linear, Cyclical, Marxian, Functional Role of nurse – Change agents.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers.
X.	4	Describe the Social system and inter relationship of social organizations.	Social organization and social system Social organization: elements, types. Democratic and authoritarian modes of participation, Voluntary associations Social System: Definition and Types of social system. Role and Status as structural elements of social system.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers. Assessment of visit reports.

			Inter – relationship of institutions.		
XI.	2	Explain the nature and process of social control.	Social Control Nature and process of social control. Political, Legal, Religious, Educational, Economic, Industrial and Technological systems, Norms & Values Folkways & Mores Customs, Laws and fashion. Role of nurse.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers. Assessment of report on community survey.
XII.	15.	Describe the role of the nurse in dealing with social problems in India.	Social Problems Social disorganization Control & planning; poverty, housing, illiteracy, food supplies, prostitution, rights of women & children, vulnerable groups: Eldery, handicapped, minority groups and other marginalized groups, child labour, child abuse, delinquency and crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS. Social Welfare programmes in India. Role of nurse.	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers. Assessment of visit reports.

References:-

- Horton B P & Hunt C L (2005) Sciology, New Delhi, Tara Mc Grow –Hill.
- Gurberg M (2004) Sciology New Delhi, Surgeet Publications.
- Lemmon, Mary, Sciology and social problems in Nursing, Sr. Louis, C V Mosby Company.
- Venkatraman R, Medical Sociology in an Indian Setting, Mc Company India Pvt. Ltd.

NURSING FOUNDATIONS

Placement – 1st year

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Allotted hours} \\ \text{Theory- 265} \\ \text{Lab} - 200 \\ \text{Clinical Experience -450 hrs.} \end{array}$

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the Nursing Profession, philosophy, objectives, theories and application of nursing in various clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in supervised clinical settings.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs.	Objectives		Learning	Methods
)			Activities	
1.	10	Describe the	Introduction:	Lecture	Essay type
		concept of	• concept of health illness	Discussion	Short
		health, illness	continuum	Visit to	answers
		and health care	• Factors influencing health	health care	Objective
		agencies	• Causes and risk factors for	agencies	type
			developing illness		
			Illness and illness behavior		
			• Impact of illness on patient		
			and family		
			Health care services Health		
			promotion		
			Prevention		
			Primary care		
			Diagnosis,		
			treatment,		
			Rehabilitation & continuing		
			care		
			Health care teams		
			• Types of health care agencies		

			• Hognitals tymes arganization		<u> </u>
			• Hospitals, types organization		
			and functions		
			• Health promotion Levels of		
			disease Prevention		
II	20	• Explain	Nursing as a profession	Lecture	Essay type
		concept and	Definition and	Discussion	Short
		scope of	characteristics of profession	Care	Answers
		Nursing	• Nursing, Definition,	discussion	Objective
			Concepts, Philosophy,	Role plays	type
		• Describe	Objectives, Characteristics,		
		values, code	nature and scope of nursing		
		of ethics and	practice, Functions of nurse,		
		professional	Qualities of a nurse,		
		conduct for	categories of nursing		
		nurses in	personnel		
		India	o Nursing as a profession		
			o History of Nursing in India		
			• Values: Definition types,		
			Values Clarification and values		
			in professional		
			Nursing: Caring and Advocacy		
			• Ethics:		
			Definition and Ethical		
			Principles		
			o Code of ethics and		
			professional conduct for nurse		
		• Explain the	Professional nursing		
		basic	Concepts and practices		
		concepts of	Conceptual and theoretical		
		conceptual	models of nursing practice,		
		and	introduction to models:-		
		theoretical			

		models of	holistic model, health belief		
		nursing	model, health promotion		
			model etc.		
			Introduction to theories in		
			Nursing Abdella, Handerson's		
			,Orem's, Neuman's ,Roger's		
			and		
			Roy's, Maslow		
III	10	Communicate	Communication and nurse	• Lecture	• Essay
		effectively	patient relationship:-	discussion	type
		with patient	Communication	• role play	• Short
		families and	• Levels	and video	answers
		team	• Elements	film on the	• Objective
		members and	• Types	nurses	type
		maintain	• Modes	interacting	
		effective	• Process, Factors influencing	with the	
		human	communication	patient	
		relations	Methods of effective	• Practice	
		projecting	communication	session on	
		professional	Rapport building skills	patient	
		image	• Empathy skills	Teaching	
		Appreciate	Barriers to effective	• Supervised	
		the	communication	clinical	
		importance of	Helping relationships (NPR)	practice	
		patient	Dimensions of helping		
		teaching in	relationships		
		nursing	• Phases of a helping		
			relationship (NPR)		
			Communicating effectively		
			with patient, families and team		
			members and maintain		
			effective human relations		

		with special reference to communicating with vulnerable group (children, women, physically & mentally challenged & elderly) • Patient teaching: importance - purpose - process - role of nurse and integrating teaching in nursing process		
IV 30	• Describe purpose and process of health assessment • Describe the health assessment of each body system • Explain the concept, uses, format and steps of nursing process • Documents nursing process as per the format	 Health assessment Purposes Process of health assessment Health history Physical examination Methods inspection, palpation, percussion, Auscultation, olfaction, preparation for examination: patient and unit The Nursing process The nursing process Overview Definition steps Nursing Process format Assessment √ Collection of Data Types Sources, Methods √ Formulating Nursing Judgment, Data 	Lecture Discussion Demonstratio n Practice on simulators Supervised clinical practice	• Essay type • Short answers • Objectiv e type

			Interpretation		
			o Nursing diagnosis		
			√ Identification of		
			client problems		
			√ Nursing diagnosis		
			statement		
			√ Difference between		
			medical and nursing		
			diagnosis		
			o Planning		
			Establishing Priorities		
			Establishing Goals and		
			Expected outcomes		
			Selection of interventions		
			Protocols and standing Orders		
			Writing the Nursing Care Plan		
			Implementing the plan of		
			care, Evaluation		
			Outcome of care		
			Review and Modify		
			Documentation and Reporting		
V	5	Describe the	Documentation and	Lecture	Essay type
		purposes, types	Reporting	discussion	Short
		and techniques of	• Documentation :-	Demonstration	answers
		recording and	purposes of recording &	Practice	Objective
		reporting	reporting	session	type
			Communication within	Supervised	
			the health care team	clinical	
			Types of records, ward	practice	
			records, medical (nursing		
			records)		
			Common record		

			keeping forms,		
			computerized		
			documentation		
			• Guidelines for		
			reporting factual basis,		
			accuracy,		
			completeness,		
			correctness,		
			organization,		
			confidentiality		
			Methods of recording		
			• Reporting:- change of		
			shift reports, transfer		
			reports, incident reports		
			Minimizing legal		
			liability through		
			effective record keeping.		
VI	5	Explain the	Hospital admission and	Lecture	Essay type
		admission &	discharge	discussion	Short
		discharge	Admission to the hospital	Demonstration	answers
		procedure	• Unit & its preparation	Lab Practice	Objective
		Performs	admission bed	Supervised	type
		admission &	Admission procedure	clinical	Assess skills
		discharge	Special considerations	practice	with check
		procedure	Medico legal issues		list
			• Roles &		Clinical
			responsibilities of the		practical
			nurse		examination
			Discharge from the hospital		
			• Types:- planned, discharge,		
			LAMA & abscond, referrals &		
I			Di initi de doscolla, l'elellais de		l l

			Discharge planning		
			Discharge procedure		
			Special considerations		
			Medico-legal issues		
			• Roles and responsibilities of		
			the nurse		
			• care of the unit after		
			discharge		
VII	20	Describe principles	Infection control	Lecture	Essay type
		and	Nature of infection,	Discussion	Short
		techniques for	chain of infection,	Demonstration	answers
		infection control	transmission etc.	Practice	Objective
		and biomedical	Defenses against	session	type
		waste	infection	Supervised	Assess skills
		management in	Natural and acquired	Clinical	with check
		Supervised	infection	practice	list
		Clinical settings	Nosocomial infection		Clinical
			• Asepsis		practical
			- Concepts		examination
			- Medical and surgical		
			asepsis		
			- Barrier methods		
			Hand washing		
			- Medical and surgical		
			• Isolation		
			Source & protective Personal		
			protecting		
			- Equipments, types,		
			uses and techniques of		
			wearing & removing		
			- Decontamination of		
			equipment and unit		

	<u> </u>	Ī	Transportation of infantal	Ī	,
			- Transportation of infected		
			patients		
			• Universal safety precautions		
			Transmission based		
			precautions		
			Biomedical waste		
			management		
			- Importance		
			- Types of hospital waste		
			- Hazards associated with		
			hospital waste		
			- Decontamination of hospital		
			waste		
			- Segregation, transportation		
			and disposal		
			- Hospital infection		
			control committee-		
			Nurse's role		
VIII	30	Describe	• Vital signs	Lecture	Essay type
		principles and	_ Guidelines for taking vital	Discussion	Short
		techniques of	signs	Demonstration	answers
		monitoring and	_ principles	Practice	Objective
		maintaining vital	Body temperature	Supervised	type
		signs	Physiology, regulation	Clinical	
		Monitor and	& factors affecting	Practice	
		maintain vital	body temperature	Assess with	
		signs	_ Assessment of body	check list and	
			temperature	clinical	
			_ sites, equipments,	practical	
			techniques & special		
			consideration		
			_ Temperature alterations		
			-Hyperthermia		
	·		· /1 ··		1

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-Hypothermia	
-Heat stroke	
_ Care of patients having	
alterations in	
body temperature	
_ Hot and cold therapy for	
temperature	
alteration	
• Pulse	
_ Physiology & regulation	
_ Characteristics of pulse	
_ Factors affecting pulse	
_ Assessment of pulse, sites,	
location, techniques	
_ Alteration in pulse	
_ Assessment of pulse	
Respiration	
_ Physiology & regulation	
_ Mechanics of breathing	
_ Characteristics of respiration	
_ Factors affecting respiration	
_ Assessment of respiration	
techniques	
_ Alterations in respirations	
Assessment of TPR	
Blood pressure	
_ Physiology & regulation	
_ Characteristics of B.P.	
_ Factors affecting B.P.	
_ Assessment of B.P., sites,	
equipments and technique	
_ Alterations I blood pressure	
_ Assessment of B.P.	

			_ Recording of vital signs		
IX	60	Describe the basic	Meeting needs of patient	Lecture	Essay type
		physiological and	Basic needs (Activities of	Discussion	Short
		psychological	daily living)	Demonstration	answers
		needs of the	_ Provide safe and clean	Practice	Objective
		patient	environment	sessions	type
		Describe the	_ Therapeutic environment	Supervised	Assess with
		principles and	_ Physical environment:	Clinical	check list
		techniques for	temperature, humidity, noise,	Practice	and clinical
		meeting basic,	ventilation, light, odour, pets		practical
		Physiological and	control		examination
		Psychosocial	_ Reduction of physical		
		needs of patient	hazards, fire, accidents		
		Perform nursing	_ Safety devices, restrains,		
		assessment, plan,	side rails, airway etc.		
		implement and	_ Role of a nurse in providing		
		evaluate the care	safe and clean environment		
		for meeting, basic,	_ Patient environment, room		
		physiological and	equipment and linen		
		psychosocial	_ Bed making and Types of		
		needs of patient	beds		
			Comfort		
			_ factors influencing comfort		
			_ comfort devices		
			Hygiene		
			_ Factors, practice		
			_ care of skin		
			_ Bath, pressure points,hair,		
			nail, feet, oral cavity, eyes,		
			ears & nose care.		
			_ Demonstration of		
			sponge bath, back care,		
			nail care, foot care and		

hair care	
_ demonstration of mouth	
care	
Physiological needs	
_ Sleep and rest	
_ Physiology of sleep	
_ factors affecting sleep	
_ promoting rest and sleep	
_ sleep disorders	
• Nutrition	
_ Importance	
_ factors affecting nutritional	
needs	
_ assessment of nutritional	
needs, variables	
_ meeting nutritional needs	
_ principles, procedure &	
special care	
_ oral, : nasogastric tube	
feeding	
_ parenteral: Treatment related	
to GIT system,	
nasogastric suction,	
gastric irrigation, gastric	
analysis.	
Urinary elimination	
_ Review of physiology	
_ composition &	
characteristics of urine	
_ factors influencing urination	
_ alteration in urinary	
elimination	
_ urinary retention &	

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incontinence		
_ types and collection of urine		
specimen		
_ observation, urine testing		
_ facilitating urine elimination		
- Assessment, types,		
equipments		
- Procedures		
- providing urinal/bed pan		
- condom drainage		
- perineal care		
- catheterization		
- care of urinary drainage		
- bladder irrigation		
Bowel elimination		
_ review of physiology		
_ composition &		
characteristics of feces		
_ factors affecting bowel		
elimination		
_ alteration in bowel		
elimination-constipation,		
diarrhea, fecal impaction		
_ Nursing management Types		
& collection of specimen		
- observation		
- facilitating bowel elimination		
- equipment & procedures		
- passing of flatus tube		
- enemas		
- suppository		
- sitz bath		
- Bowel wash		
DOMOI MUSII		

Mobility & Immobility _ Principles of body mechanics _ maintenance of normal body alignment Hazards associated with immobility Alteration in body alignment and mobility _ Nursing intervention for impaired body alignment and mobility assessment types, devices used, method and special considerations _ rehabilitation aspects _ range of motion exercises _ maintaining body alignment: Positions, moving, lifting, transferring, walking: Restraints: Care of patients having alteration of mobility: Assessment of self care ability and special considerations **Oxygenation** Review of cardiovascular

	and respiratory
	physiology
	⇒ Factors affecting
	oxygenation
	⇒ Alterations in
	oxygenation
	⇒ Nursing interventions in
	oxygenation: assessment,
	types, equipment used,
	procedure and special
	consideration
	⇒ maintenance of patent
	airway
	\Rightarrow O2 administration
	⇒ chest physiotherapy and
	postural drainage
	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid
	Base Balances
	⇒ review of physiological,
	regulation of fluid
	⇒ electrolyte and acid base
	balances
	\Rightarrow alterations in fluid,
	electrolyte and acid base
	balances
	⇒ nursing interventions in
	fluid, electrolyte and acid
	base imbalances
	⇒ assessment, types,
	equipment procedure and
	special considerations
	⇒ measuring fluid intake &
	output
	⇒ correcting fluid and
	electrolyte imbalance
	⇒ replacement of fluids:
	Oral and parenteral,
	venipuncture
	⇒ regulating IV flow rates,
	changing IV solutions and
	tubing, changing IV
	dressing, administering
	blood transfusion
	⇒ restriction of fluids
	Psychosocial needs:
	⇒ concepts of cultural
	diversity, stress and
	adaptation, self concept,
	sexuality, spiritual health,
	coping with loss, death
	and grieving
<u> </u>	

			_ Assessment of		
			psychosocial		
			needs		
			_ assist with coping and		
			adaptation		
			_ creating therapeutic		
			environment		
			Recreational and		
			diversional therapies _		
			care of patients having		
			alterations in sensory		
			organs _ visual and		
			hearing impairment _		
			Assessment of self care		
			ability _ communication		
			methods and special		
			considerations care of		
			patient having alteration		
			in sensorium		
			(unconsciousness)		
			Assessment & nursing		
			management.		
X	7	Explain the	Therapeutic use of heat	Lecture	Essay type
		general	and cold Hot applications	Discussion	Short
		principles of	- General principles -	Demonstrati	answers
		heat & cold	Effect on the body -	on Practice	Objective
		applications	Classification • Hot water	sessions	type
		Demonstrate	bag • Infra red therapy •	Supervised	Assess
		procedures of	Fomentation • Sitz bath •	Clinical	with check
		hot and cold	Hypo and hypothermic	Practice	list and
		applications	measures Cold		clinical
			applications - Cold		practical
			anness Incom Torid		examinati
			compress - Ice cap - Tepid		examman

XI	40	Explain the	Administration of	Essay type
		principles, routes,	Medications	Short
		effects of	Principles/Considerations	answers
		administration of	Purposes of medication	Objective
		medications	Principles: 5 rights, special	Туре
		Calculate	considerations, Prescriptions,	Assess with
		conversions of	safety in Administering	check list
		drugs and dosages	Medications and Medication	and clinical
		within and	Error Drug forms	practical
		between system of	Routes of administration	examination
		measurements	Storage and maintenance of	
		Administer drugs	drugs and Nurses	
		by the following	responsibility, Broad	
		routes-oral,	classification of drugs	
		intradermal,	Therapeutic Effect, Side	
		Subcutaneous,	Effects, Toxic Effects,	
		Intramuscular,	Idiosyncratic Reactions,	
		Intra Venours	Allergic Reactions, Drug	
		topical, inhalation	Tolerance, Drug Interactions,	
			Factors influencing drug	
			Actions, Systems of Drug	
			Measurement: Metric system.	
			Apothecary System,	
			Household Measurements	
			Solutions, Converting	
			Measurements, Units;	
			Conversion within one system,	
			Conversion between systems,	
			Dosage Calculation,	
			Terminologies and	
			abbreviations used in	
			prescriptions of medications	

Oral Drugs Administration:
Oral, Sublingual and
Buccal:Equipment, procedure
Parenteral Communication of the second seco
General principles
decontamination and disposal
of syringes and needles
Types of parenteral therapies
Types of syringes, needles,
canula, and infusion sets
Protection from Needle stick
Injuries: Giving Medications
With a safety syringes
Routes of parenteral therapies
Intra-dermal: purpose, site,
equipment, procedure, special
considerations
Subcutaneous: purpose, site,
equipment, procedure, special
considerations
Intramuscular : purpose, site,
equipment, procedure, special
considerations
Advanced techniques
Intravenous: purpose, site
equipment procedure, special
considerations, Epidural,
intrathecal
Intraosseours intraperitonial
Intraplural intra-arterial
Role of nurse
Topical Administration
Purposes, site, equipment

		T	I	Ι	
			Procedure, special		
			considerations for Application		
			to skin, Appleation to mucous		
			membrane		
			Direct application of liquids		
			Gargle and swabbing the		
			throat		
			Insertion of drug in to the		
			body		
			cavity		
			Suppository/ medicated pack		
			in rectum/ vagina		
			Instillations: Eye,ear,nasal,		
			bladder and rectum.		
			Irrigations: Eye,ear,nasal,		
			bladder and rectum.		
			Inhalation: Nasal,		
			oral, endotracheal/tracheal		
			(steam, oxygen and		
			medications) purpose, types,		
			equipment, procedure, special		
			considerations		
			Recording and reporting of		
			medications administered.		
XII	3	Define	Rehabilitation	Lecture	Essay Type
		rehabilitation	Definition of rehabilitation	Discussion	Short
		Explain the	• Concepts of rehabilitation		answers
		concepts,	Types of rehabilitation		Objective
		principles and	• Role of nurse in		type
		types	rehabilitation		
		Discuss the role of nurse in			
		rehabilitation			

XIII	5	Explain care of	Care of Terminally ill	Lecture	Essay Type
		terminally ill	Patient	Discussion	Short
		patient	Concepts of Loss, grieving	Demonstration	answers
			Process	Case	Objective
			Signs of clinical death	Discussion/Ro	type
			Care of dying patient: special	le	
			Considerations.	Play	
			Advance directives:	Practice	
			euthanasia, will dying	Session	
			declaration, organ donation	Supervised	
			Medico- legal issues	Clinical	
			Care of dead body –	Practice	
			equipment, procedure and care		
			of unit		
			Autopsy		
			Embalming		
XIV	20	Explain the	First Aid Nursing	Lecture	Short
		principles of first	Definition preparation of	Discussion	answers
		aid and	equipment, qualities of a first	Demonstration	Objective
		demonstrate	aider, application of Bandages	Case	type
		application of	and Slings.	Discussion/Ro	
		different types of	Shifting of patients with spine,	le	
		bandages	dislocation, padding and	Play	
			splinting fractured limbs	Practice	
			First measures and antidotes in	Session	
			poisoning, Immediate care of		
			patients with snakebite, rabid		
			dog bite, burns, scalds, first		
			bite, sunstroke, drowning,		
			electrocution, first aid and		

	nursing in simple emergencies	
	Common accidents, preventive	
	measures emergency care of	
	poisoned wounds-poisoning,	
	foreign body in the eye, ear,	
	nose & throat,	
	cardiopulmonary	
	Resuscitation (CPR)	

EVALUATION

Sessional examination - 3

Class average - 50

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NURSING FOUNDATIONS – PRACTICAL

Placement: First Year Lab - 200 Hrs

Clinical – 450 Hrs

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives, theories and process of nursing in various clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in clinical settings.

Areas	Time (Hours)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods.
Demon	200, 450	Performs	Hospital admission and	Practice in	Evaluate
stration	Minimum	admission and	discharge	Unit/Hospital.	With
Lab	practice	discharge	Admission		Checklist
General	time in	procedure	Prepare Unit for new		Assessment
Medical	clinical		patient.		Of clinical
and	area)		Prepare admission bed.		Performance
surgery			Performs admission		with rating
ward.			Procedure		scale.
			New Patient		Competion
			Transfer in		of Practical
			Prepare patient records.		record.
			Discharge/Transfer out	Write nursing	
			Gives discharge	process records	
			counseling	of patient.	
			Perform discharge	Simulated – 1	
			procedure	Actual - 1	
			(Planned discharge,		
			LAMA and abscond,		
			Referrals and transfers).		
			Prepare records of		
			discharge/transfer.		

	Diamontle on I dining	<u> </u>	
	Dismantle, and disinfect		
	unit and		
	equipment after		Assessment of nursing
	discharge/transfer.		process
	Perform assessment:		records with checklist
	History taking, Nursing		Assessment
	diagnosis, problem list,		of actual
	Prioritization, Goals &		care given with
	Expected		rating scale.
	Outcomes, selection of		
	interventions.		
	Write Nursing Care Plan.		
	Gives are as per the plan.		
Communicate	Communication	Role – plays in	Assess
effectively	Use verbal and non verbal	simulated	roleplays with
with patient	communication	situations on	the check list
families and	techniques.	communication	on communicati
team	Prepare a plan for	techniques – 1	on
members and	patient teaching session.	Health talk – 1	techniques. Assess
Maintain	Write patient report	Write nurses	health
effective	Change-of shift reports,	notes and	talk with the checklist.
human	Transfer reports, Incident	present	Assessment
relations	reports etc.	the patient	of communicati
Develops plan	Presents patient report.	report of 2-3	on
for patient	Vital signs	assigned	Techniques by rating
teaching.	Measure, Records and	patient.	scale.
Prepare	interpret	Lab practice	Assessment of
patient reports	alterations in body	Measure vital	performance
Presents	temperature, pulse	signs of	with rating scale.
reports.	respiration and blood	assigned	Assessment
Monitor vital	pressure.	patient	of each skill with
signs.	Health assessment		checklist.
Perform	Health history taking		Completion of activity

ı	1.1.1	I D. C.	, ,
	health	Perform assessment:	record.
	assessment of	General	
	each body	Body systems	
	system.	Use various methods of	
	Provide basic	Physical examination.	
	nursing care	Inspection, Palpation,	
	to patients.	Percussion, Auscultation,	
		Olfaction.	
		Identification of system	
		wise deviations.	
		Prepare Patient's unit:	
		Prepare beds:	
		Open, closed, occupied,	
		operation,	
		amputation,	
		Cardiac, fracture, burn,	
		Divided, & Fowlers bed.	
		Pain assessment and	
		provision for comfort.	
		Use comfort devices	
		Hygienic Care:	
		Oral hygiene:	
		Baths and care of	
		pressure points.	
		Hair wash, Pediculosis	
		treatment.	
		Feeding: Oral, Enteral,	
		Naso/Orogastric,	
		Gastrostomy and	
		Parenteral	
		Feeding.	
		Naso- gastric insertion,	
		suction, and irrigation.	

Assisting patient in urinary elimination. Provides urinal/bed pan Condom drainage Perineal care Catheterization Care of urinary drainage Bladder irrigation **Assisting bowel** Elimination: Insertion of Flatus tube Enemas Insertion of Suppository. Bowel wash **Body Alignment and** Mobility: Range of motion self-care of visually & hearing impaired patients. Recreational and diversional therapies. Caring of patient with alteration in sensorium.exercises. Positioning: Recumbent, Lateral (rt/lt), Fowlers, Sims, Lithotomy, Prone, Trendelenburg position. Assist patient in Moving, lifting,

1				
		transferring, walking.		
		Restraints.		
		Oxygen administration.		
		Suctioning:		
		oropharyngeal,		
		Nasopharyngeal.		
		CPR – Basic life support		
		(First aid)		
		Intravenous therapy		
		Blood and blood		
		component therapy.		
		Collect/assist for		
		collection of		
		specimens for		
		investigations Urine,		
		sputum, faeces, vomitus,		
		blood and		
		other body fluids.		
		Perform lab tests:		
		Urine: Sugar, albumin,		
		acetone.		
		Blood: Sugar (with		
		strip/gluco-meter)		
		Hot and cold applications:		
		Local and general Sitz		
		bath		
		Communicating and		
		assisting with		
		Infection control	Observation	Assess
		Perform following	Study – 2	observation study with
		Procedures:	Department of	checklist.
		Hand washing techniques.	Infection	Evaluate all procedures
		(Simple, hand antisepsis	control	with

		and surgical	& CSSD	checklist.
		antisepsis (scrub)	Visits CSSD	
		Prepare isolation unit in	write	
		lab/ward.	observation	
		Practice technique of	report 1	
		wearing and removing.	Collection of	
		Personal protective	samples for	
		equipment (PPE)	culture	
		Practice Standard safety	Do clinical	
		precautions	posting in	
		(Universal precautions)	infection control	
		Decontamination of		
		equipment and	department and	
		unit:-	write report.	
		Surgical asepsis:	Practice in	
		Sterilization	lab/ward.	
		Handling Sterilized		
		equipment		
		Calculate strengths of		
		lotions,		
		Prepare lotions.		
		Care of articles.		
		Pre and Post operative		
		care:		
		Skin preparations for		
	Perform	surgery: Local.		
	infection	Preparation of Post		
	control	operative unit.		
	procedures.	Pre & Post operative		
	Provide care	teaching and counseling.		
	to pre and	Pre and post operative		
	post operative	monitoring.		
	patients	Care of the wound.		

	Perform	Drossings Suture Core	
		Dressings, Suture Care,	
	procedures for	care of	
	care of	Drainage, Application of	
	wounds.	Bandages,	
		Binders, Splints & Slings.	
		Bandaging of various	
		body parts.	
100	Administer	Administration of	
	Drugs.	medications.	
		Administer Medications	
		in different forms and	
	Provide care	routes.	
	to dying and	Oral, Sublingual and	
	dead. Counsel	Buccal.	
	and support	Parenteral: Intradermal,	
	relatives.	subcutaneous,	
		Intramuscular etc.	
		Assist with Intra Venous	
		medications.	
		Drug measurements and	
		dose calculations.	
		Preparation of lotions and	
		solutions.	
		Administers topical	
		applications.	
		Insertion of drug into	
		body cavity:	
		Suppository & medicated	
		packing etc.	
		Instillation of medicines	
		and spray into Ear, Eye,	
		Nose and throat.	
		Nose and throat. Irrigations: Eye, Ear,	

	Bladder, Vagina	
	and Rectum.	
	Inhalations: dry and	
	moist.	
	Care of dying patient.	
	Caring and packing of	
	dead body.	
	Counseling and	
	supporting grieving	
	relatives.	
	Terminal care of the unit.	

CLINICAL ASSIGNMENTS

1. Nursing assessment -

History & - 5

Physical assessment

- 2. Nursing care plan 5
- 3. Nursing care plan presentation 2
- 4. Daily diary
- 5. Procedure record
- 6. Practical record

CLINICAL EVALUATION

- 7. Ongoing assessment 50% Weightage
- 8. Clinical assignments 25% Weightage
- 9. Internal practical examination 25% Weightage

Total - 100 Marks

ENGLISH

Time: Theory – 30Hours

Placement – First Year

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoken and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experiences.

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs.)	Objectives		Activities	Methods
1.	8	• Speak and	• Review of	Demonstrate use	• Objective
		write	Grammar	of	• Type
		grammatic	• Remedial Study of	Dictionary	• Fill in the
		ally	Grammar.	• Class – room	blanks
		correct	Building	conversation	• Para
		English	Vocabulary	• Exercise on use of	Phrasing
			• Phonetics	Grammar	
			Public Speaking	• Practice in Public	
				Speaking	
II.	4.	• Develop	• Read and	• Exercise on:	• Short
		Ability to	comprehend	o Reading	Answers
		read,	prescribed course	o Summarizing	• Essay Types
		understand	books	o Comprehension	
		and express			
		meaningfully,			
		the			
		prescribed			
		text			
III.	8.	• Develop	• Various forms of	• Exercises on	• Assessment
		Writing	composition	writing	of the skills
		skills	o Letter writing	o Letter writing	based on the
			o Note taking	o Nurses Notes	

			o Precise Writing	o Precise	Check list.
			o Nurses notes	o Diary	
			o Anecdotal	o Anecdote	
			records	o Health Problems	
			o Diary Writing	o Story writing	
			o Reports on	o Resume/CV	
			health problems	o Essay writing	
			etc.	• Discussion on	
			o Resume/CV	o Written reports/	
				documents	
IV.	6.	• Develop	Spoken English	• Exercise on:	• Assessment
		skill	Oral report	Debating	of the skills
		in spoken	Discussion	Participating in	based on the
		English	Debate	Seminar, panel,	check list
			Telephonic conversation	Symposium	
V.	4.	• Develop	Listening	• Exercise on:	• Assessment
		Skill	Comprehension	o Listening to	of the skills
		In listening	o Media, audio,	Audio, video	based on the
		Comprehens	video, speeches	tapes and identify	Check list.
		ion	etc.	the key points	

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- David M T (2007) English for Professional Nursing, Chennai, B I Publications Pvt Ltd.
- Lohumi.S.(2009)Remedial Grammar and composition ,Jalandhar ,S.Vikas & Co
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- Rose S (2010) Career English for Nurses, Chennai, Orient Blackswan Private Limited.
- Taylor G (2006) English conversation Practice, New Delhi, Tara Mc Graw-Hill Publishing company Ltd.

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTERS

Placement : First Year Time : Theory – 25 Hours.

Practical: 25 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed for students to develop basic understanding of uses of computer and its applications in nursing.

Unit	Time	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	Theory	Practical	Objectives		Learning	Methods
	Hrs	Hrs			Activities	
1.	8		Identify &	Introduction	Lecture	Short
			define	Concepts of	Discussion	answers
			various	Computers	Demonstration	Objective
			concepts	Hardware and		type.
			used	software;		
			in computer	trends and		
			Identify	technology.		
			application	Application of		
			of	computers in		
			computer in	nursing.		
			nursing.			
II.	7	12	Describe and	Introduction to disk	Lecture	Short
			use the Disk	operating	Discussion	answers
			operating	system	Demonstration	Objective
			system	DOS	Practice session	type
			Demonstrate	Windows (all		Practical
			skill in the	version)		Exam.
			use	Introduction		
			of MS	MS-Word		
			Office.	MS-Excel with		
				pictorial		

				presentation. MS – Access MS – Power point.		
III.	3	3	Demonstrate skill in using multi – media Identify features of computer aided	Multimedia; types & uses Computer aided teaching & testing.	Lecture Discussion Demonstration.	Short answers Objective type Practical Exam and Viva Voce.
			teaching and testing.			
IV.	2	3	Demonstrate use of internet and E-mail	Use of Internet and : e-mail	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice Session.	Short answers Objective type. Practical Exam and Viva Voce.
V.	3	4	Describe and use the statistical packages.	Statistical packages: types and their features.	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice Session	Short answers Objective type Practical Exam and Viva Voce.
VI	2	3	Describe the use of Hospital	Hospital Management System: Types and	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short answers. Obective

	Management	uses.	type
	System		Practical
			Exam and
			Viva Voce.
			Viva Voce.

References:-

- Alicod Leslie H (2001) Computers in Nursing, Nurses Guide to me Internet Philadelphia, Lippincott.
- Dheena dayalu R (1989) Computer Science Vol I & II New Delhi, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publising company Ltd.
- Goel M K (1989) Introduction to computer Science, New Delhi, Sterlin Publishers Pvt. Ltd
- Jain. P.& Kumari. N.(2009) In troduction to computers (for Nursing), Jalandhar, S. Vikas & Co.
- Reddy N N (2007) Computer Education for B.Sc Nursing Hyderabad, Frontline Publications
- Vikas Gupta, Condex Computer course kit, New Delhi, Dreamtech Press.

II YEAR B.Sc NURSING

Medical Surgical Nursing I (Adult and Geriatrics) MEDICAL NURSING

Placement: II Year

Theory: 115 External: 20 Internal: 95

Practical: 480 hrs/12 wks

Course description: The purpose of this course is to enable students to identify the etiology, pathophysiology, symptomatology, diagnostic measures and management (Medical, Nursing and dietitic) of common medical, communicable and dermatological diseases and to develop proficiency in caring for patients with these diseases.

Un it	Ti me	Learning objective	Content	Teaching learning activities	Assessment method
I	4	Appreciate the trends in medicine and medical nursing Describe the role of a nurse in caring patients with medical dermatologic and communicable diseases.	Introduction - Evolution and trends of medicine - Review concepts of health and illness, - concepts of disease causation - International classification of diseases (ICD-10 or takes version) - Acute illness, chronic illness, terminal illness - Stages of illness Review concepts of comprehensive nursing care Review of nursing process - Evolution and trends in medical nursing - Role and responsibilities of nurse in medical wards	Lecture Discussion Assignments clinical practice	Essay questions Short - answers Very short answers
	1		External Faculty - Trends in medicine, inter-national		

classification of diseases

II	7	Describe the
		common
		signs, symptoms and problems and their specific nursing interventions

Describe the

measures and

nurse's role in

Explain the

etiology,

Clinical

diagnostic

measures

of

respiratory system

pathophysiology,

and management

patients with disorders

of respiratory

system.

manifestations

diagnostic

related

Common signs, symptoms and problems

and its management.

- Fluid and electrolyte imbalances
- Acid base imbalances
- Shock, oedema

Pain, iIcontinence of bowel and bladder,

Dyspnoea and cough,

Unconsciousness, Syncope, Fever and hyperthermia. Lecture
Discussion.
Demonstration
clinical
practice

Essay questions Short answers Very short answers

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External Faculty - Management of shock

Nursing management of patients

respiratory problems.

•Review of anatomy and physiology of

respiratory system.

- •Assessment of respiratory system nursing history and physical examination
- •Diagnostic measures and related nursing care - sputum examination, X-ray, pulmonary

function test, Allergic tests, mantoux

test

Thoracentesis, bronchoscopy, pulse oximetry

Ventilation perfusion, Scan.

Lecture
Discussion
Demonstration
observation
visit
supervised
clinical
practice
Drug book
Presentations
Lab practice
Health

education

Essay questions Short answers Very short answers

External Faculty

- Management of asthma, COPD.
- Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, complications, diagnosis, medical, dietetic and nursing management of patients with the following diseases
 lower respiratory infections
- lower respiratory infections COPD, bronchial asthma,

bronchiectasis,

bronchitis, atelectasis, pneumonia, pulmonary tuber-

2

culosis, pleurisy, pleural effusion, pulmonary hypertension, pulmonary oedema, pulmonary embolism, Rehabilitation of patients with asthma & COPD, chest physiotherapy, incentive spirometry.

Review drugs used in the treatment of respiratory disorders.

IV 18 diagnostic measures in cardiovascular and haematologic system.

Explain the etiology pathophysiology clinical manifestations diagnostic measures & management of patients with disorders of cardiovascular & hematologic system.

Nursing management of patients with cardiovascular diseases._Nursing

assessment,

and physical examination Review anatomy and physiology of cardiovascular system.

- Diagnostic measures and related nursing care - complete blood count, ECG, echocardiogram, cardiac catheterization, cardiac enzymes, nuclear, imaging, TMT,

coronary angiography, CUP, Doppler studies

plethysmography, arteriography, bone marrow analysis.

- etiology, pathophysiology, symptomatology diagnosis, medical, dietetic and nursing management of the following conditions.

 Atherosclerosis, coronary artery diseases -Myocardial infarction, angina pectoris

- hypotension, hypertension

- endocarditis, pericarditis, myocarditis
- Rheumatic heart disease
- CCF ,Cor Pulmonale, pulmonary oedema
- Cardiogenic shock
- CPR BLS,

Lecture
Discussion
Demonstration
observation
visit
supervised
clinical
practice
Drug book
Presentations
Lab practice
Health
education

External Faculty - Management of Myocardial infarction, heart failure.

Haematology

- Anaemia iron deficiency anaemia, haemolytic aneamia, megaloblastic anaemia, thalassaemia sickle cell diisease, aplastic anemia, polycythemia,., bleeding disorders disseminated intravascular, coagulation haemophilia, Thrombocytopaenia Leukemea, leukopaenia, lymphoma, agranulocytosis, myeloma Bone marrow/ stem cell transplantation Blood transfusion safety checks procedure and requirements,
- procedure and requirements, management of adverse reactions, recording.
- of adverse reactions, recording.Management and counselling of
- blood
 donors, phlebotom and post donation
 management, blood bank
 functioning
- and hospital transfusion committee
- Biosafety and waste management in relation to blood transfusion
- Review drugs used in the treatment of

cardiovascular and haematologic disorders.

V

6 Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations diagnostic measures and management of patient with digestive system disorders.

Nursing management of patients with

disorders of digestive system

- Review anatomy and physiology of digestive system.
- Nursing assessment history and physical examination, nutritional assessment.
- Diagnostic measures and related nurses

role - endoscopy, LFT, Barium meal, barium

enema, ultrasonography, gastric analysis

liver biopsy, endoscopic ratrograde cholangiopancreatography, blood

Lecture
Discussion
Demonstration
observation
visit
supervised
clinical
practice
Drug book
Presentations
Lab practice
Health

education

studies.

etiology, pathophysiology,
 symptomatology
 and medical management, dietetic management and nursing
 management of ____
 Inflammatory bowel diseases,
 irritable bowel disease, hepatitis cirhosis of liver, portal hypertension, hepatic failure and hepatic coma,
 obesity,
 Review drugs used in the treatment of
 gastrointestinal disorders.

2

VI

External Faculty - Management of cirrhosis, hepatic failure.

6 Describe the etiology pathophysiology, clinical manifestations diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of urinary system.

Nursing management of patients with

disorders of urinary system.

- Review anatomy and physiology of urinary system.
- Nursing assessment history and physical examination.
- Diagnostic measures and related nursing

care - blood chemistry, urine analysis, RFT,

clearance studies, KUB, IVP, renal arteriogram, renal biopsy,

cystoscopy,

urodynamic studies, cystogram and urethrogram.

- etiology, pathophysiology,

symptomatology,

medical management, dietetic and

nursing

management of patients with

increased

nephritis, nephrotic syndrome,

urinary tract

infections, acute renal failure,

chronic

renal failure.

- Review drugs used in urinary system.

Lecture
Discussion
Demonstration
observation
visit
supervised
clinical
practice
Drug book
Presentations
Lab practice
Health
education

External Faculty - Management of acute

& chronic renal failure.

VII 10 Describe the etiology pathophysiology, clinical manifestations diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders

of nervous system.

Nursing management of patients with

disorders of nervous system.

- Review anatomy and physiology of nervous

system. Nursing assessment-nursing history and physical examination

- Diagnostic measures and related nursing care - Lumbar puncture, CSF analysis, cerebral angio-

graphy, CT, MRI, magnetic resonance

angiography, PET Scan, Spect Scan, cerebral ultrasound, EEG, EMG, myelography, evoked potential

- etiology, pathophysiology,

symptomatology,

medical management and nursing management of patients suffering

from

Head ache and migrain, cerebral oedema.

cerebrovascular accident, TIA, meningitis,

enephalitis, Neurocysticercosis,

chorea

cranial and spinal neuropathiesbell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgea,

guillain

Barre Syndrome

Myasthenia gravis, parkinsonism,

multiple

sclearesis. Dementia.

- role of nurse in communicating with patients

having neurologic deficits.

- Rehabilitation of patients with neurological

deficits -

- Review drugs used in the treatment

neurological disorders.

External Faculty - Management of

stroke,

meningitis, encephalitis

Lecture
Discussion
Demonstration
observation
visit
supervised
clinical
practice
Drug book
Presentations
Lab practice
Health
education

Essay questions Short answers Very short Answers

2

VIII 7

Describe the etiology pathophysiology, clinical manifestations diagnostic measures and management of patients with endocrine disorders.

Nursing management of patients with

endocrine disorders.

- Review anatomy and physiology of endocrine glands.
- Nursing assessment, nursing history, physical examination.
- Diagnostic measures and related nursing

care - blood sugar analysis, GTT, thyroid scan, thyroid FNAC, thyroid function

function tests, tests of adrenal function,

tests of ptuitory function, tests of parathyoid

function.

- etiology, pathophysiology, symptomatology

medical management, dietetic

management and nursing management of patients

with diabetic mellitus, pituitory disorders, disorders of thyroid and parathyroid gland disorders of adrenal gland.

- Review drugs used in the treatment of

endocrine disorders.

External Faculty - Diabetes mellitus, advanced diagnostic measures in endocrinology.

Lecture
Discussion
Demonstration
observation
visit
supervised
clinical
practice
Drug book
Presentations
Lab practice
Health
education

Essay questions Short answers Very short answers

2

IX 8 Describe the etiology pathophysiology, clinical manifestations diagnostic measures and management of immunologic system.

Nursing management of patients with

immunologic disorders.

Diagnostic measures and related nursing care -

- etiology, pathophysiology, symptomatology medical management and nursing management of patients with -
- Primary immuno deficiency
- Secondary immuno deficiency
- Graft versus host disease
- Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome -

role of nurse in counselling and health

education, national and international

Lecture
Discussion
Demonstration
observation
visit
supervised
clinical
practice
Drug book
Presentations
Lab practice
Health

education

agencies in AIDS control, Rehabilitation of AIDS, patients, national AIDS, control programme, Auto immune disorders -SLE, Gout plasmapheresis. - Review drugs used in the treatment of

X Describe the 5 etiology pathophysiology, clinical manifestations diagnostic measures and management of patients with intejumentary disorders and STDs

Nursing management of patients

immune disorders.

intejumentary disorders and STDs - Review of anatomy and physiology

integumentary system.

- Nursing assessment - history and physical

examination.

- Diagnostic measures and related nurses

role - VDRL, ELIZA, Skin biopsy, skin smear

- etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis medical management and nursing management

of

patients with

bacterial, viral and fungal infection

• Eczema/dermatitis

• Dematoses : infectious & non infectious

- Psoriasis
- Acne vulgaris
- Skin cancers
- Allopera
- Penphigus
- Sexually transmitted diseases

External Faculty -

Lecture Discussion Demonstration observation visit supervised clinical practice Drug book Presentations Lab practice Health education

Essay questions Short answers Very short answers

5

Nursing management of patients with

communicable diseases.

Overview of

infectious agent, infection process, clinical

manifestations, prevention, medical

nursing management of patients with

- •Diarrhoeal disorders
- Hepatitis A to E
- Herpes
- Chicken pox

Lecture Discussion Demonstration observation visit supervised clinical practice

Essay questions Short answers Very short Answers

ΧI 10

> Drug book Presentations Lab practice Health

• Cholera education

- Tetanus
- Gas Gangrene
- Plague
- Typhoid
- Mumps
- Measiles
- rubella
- Influenza
- Polio myelitis
- Yellow fever
- Dengue Fever
- Rabies
- Japanese encephalitis
- Chicken gunea
- Small pox
- Leprosy
- Malaria
- Filaria
- Helminthasis
- ameabic dysentry
- lepto spirosis
- Review barrier nursing
- Review special infection control measures

Notification, quarantine Isolation.

Describe medical **Essay questions** XII 5 & **Nursing management of patients** Lecture Short -Discussion nursing answers management of medical emergencies. Demonstration Very short patients with supervised Answers medical poisoning, snake bite clinical allergy and hypersensity reactions emergencies practice

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MEDICAL NURSING - PRATICAL

PRACTICAL 480 HRS / 12 WKS.

Area	Duration (Weeks)	Objectives	Skills	Assignment
General Medical Ward(respiratory gastroenterology,. renal, hermatology, neurology, endocrine)	7	Provide nursing care to clients with medical disordersCouncel and educate patients and families	—Assesment of the patient •Taking history •Perform general and specific physical examination •Identify alteration and deviations —Practice medical and surgical asepsis .and standard safety measures —Administer medications oral, IV,IM, subcutaneous and intradermal —IV therapy •IV cannulation •maintenance and monitoring _oxygeon therapy by different methods —Nebulization —Chest phisiotherapy —Nasogastric feeding —Assist in common diagnostic procedures —Assist in common therapeutic procedures —Blood and component therapy —Throat suctioning —Collect specimens for common investigations —Maintain elimination • blodder catheterization • Bowel wash • enema • maintain contineous blodder drainage — Teaching related to	—Plan and give care to 3 - 4 assigned patients daily —Nursing care Plan - 2 —Nursing care study and presentation - 1 —Maintain drug book —Maintain procedure book —Drug presentation - 1 clinical presentation

specific disease conditions

and procedures

Cardiology Ward

-Provide nursing care

1

clients with cardiac medical disorders

—Councel and educate patients and families

_Physical examination of cardiovascular system

- recording ECG

- Assisting in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures

- Administer cardiac drugs

— cardiopulmonary

resuscitation

Teach patients and families

- Practice medical and

surgical

asepsis and standard safety

measures

Skin Communicable Disease ward

2

-Identify common skin problems and

communicabl e diseases

-Provide nursing care

clients with medical disorders -Councel and educate patients and families

-Assesment of patients with

skin disorders and communicable diseases

- practice barrier nursing and

isolationtechniques — Assist in diagnostic /

therapeutic procedures

Casualty emergency Department

1

Provide emergency care patients with various medical emergencies -Emergency assesment of patients

with medical emergencies

- Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- Counsel and educate patients and families

Medical ICU

Provide care to patients with critical medical illnesses

1

- Assesment of seriously ill patients
- Monitor the patients
- conditions with continous monitoring
- equipmentsAssist with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
- Technical skill in using

various equipments

Use flow sheets for

recording

Clinical Assignments

- 1) Nursing Care Plan -5
- 2) Nursing Care Study 1
- 3) Drug File,
- 4) Procedure Book
- 5) Clinical presentation-1
- 6) Drug Presentation 1
- 7) Care Study Presentation 1
- 8) Practical Record

CONTENTS OF PRACTICAL RECORD

1) Normal values of various blood tests with conditions in which it can deviate. Support it with short clinical data of 2 patients they have cared during the clinical posting.

Test Normal value Condition in which Patient data deviation can occur

2) Explain the nurses' role related to the following procedures.

ABG analysis, Bronchoscopy, X-ray, CT scan, MRI scan, Thoracentesis, ECG, Cardiac catherization, Angiography, Radionucleide imaging, TMT, Bone Marrow Aspiration, Administration of blood and blood products, Endoscopy, Barium studies, Liver biopsy, Abdominal Paracentesis, IVP, KUB, Cystoscopy, Renal biopsy, Lumbar puncture, EEG, EMG, CPR- BLS.

PATHOLOGY

Time: Theory - 30 hours

Placement : Second Year

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
	Th.	Pr.				
I	3		- Define the common terms used in pathology - Appreciate the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and functions of the body system.	 Introduction Importance of the study of pathology Definition of terms Methods and techniques Cellular and Tissue changes Infiltration and regeneration Inflammations and Infections Wound healing Vascular changes Cellular growth, Neoplasms Normal and Cancer cell Benign and Malignant growths In situ carcinoma Disturbances of fluid and electrolyte 	- Lecture Discussion - Explain using charts	- Short answers - Objective type
П	10	5	Explain Pathological changes in disease conditions of various system	imbalance. Special pathology Pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems: Respiratory tract Tuberculosis, Bronchitis. Pleural effusion and pneumonia Lung abscess, emphysema, bronchectasis Bronchial asthma, Chronic obstructive Pulmonary disease & tumours.	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides specimen, X-rays and Scans Visit to Pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT 	- Short answers - Objective type

- Cardio-vascular system
- Pericardial effusion
- Rheumatic heart disease
- Infective endocarditis atherosclerosis
- Ischemia, infarction & aneurysm
- Gastro Intestinal Tract
- Peptic ulcer, typhoid
- Carcinoma of GI tract, buccal, Esophageal,
- Gastric & intestinal
- Liver, Gall bladder & pancreas
- Hepatitis, Chronic liver, abscess,

cirrhosis

- Tumours of liver, gall bladder and pancreas
- Cholecystitis
- Male genital systms.
- Cryptorchidism, testicular atrophy
- Prostatic hyperplasia, carcinoma

Penis & prostata.

- Female genital system
- Fibroids
- Carcinoma cervix and

Endometrium

- Vesicular mole, choriocarcinoma
- Ectopic gestation
- Ovarian cyst & tumours
- Breast Cancer
- Central Nervous system
- Hydrocephalus, Meningitis,

encephalitis,

- Vascular disorders -

thrombosis,

- embolism
- Stroke, paraplegia, quadriplegia
- Tumours,

meningiomasgliomas

- Metastatic tumour
- Skeletal system
- Bone healing, osteoporosis osteomyelitis

• Arthritis & tumours

III 4 3 Clinical pathology - Short Describe various - Lecture laboratory tests • Various blood and bone - Discussion answers in assessment marrow tests -Demonstration - Objective and monitoring in assessment and - Visits to type of disease Clinical monitoring of conditions. disease conditions. pathology & **Bio-chemistry** - Hemoglobin - RBC, White cell & lab and Blood platelet counts bank - Bleeding time, clotting time and prothrombine time - Blood grouping and cross matching - Blood chemistry - Blood culture - Serological and immunological tests - Other blood tests - Examination of Bone marrow - Methods of collection of blood specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values. IV 2 1 Describe the Examination of body - Lecture - Short laboratory tests cavity fluids, Discussion answers for examination transudates and exudates - Objective • The laboratories tests of body cavity Demonstration type fluids. used in CSF transudates analysis and exudates • Examination of other body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates sputum, wound discharge etc. Analysis of gastric and duodenal contents · Analysis of semensperm count, motility and morphology and their important in infertility • Methods of collection

of CSF and

			other cavity fluids specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry microbiology tests, inference and normal values.		
V 1	1	Describe the laboratory tests for examination of Urine and faeces.	Urine and faeces • Urine and faeces - Physical characteristics - Analysis - Culture and sensitivity • Faeces - Characteristics - Stool examination: occult blood, ova, parasite and cyst, reducing substance etc. • Methods of collection for various tests, inference and normal values.	- Lecture Discussion - Demonstration	Short answersObjective type

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- Robbins, S. L., Kumar, V. Basic Pathology. Philadelphia: W. B. Saunders .
- Swaminathan ,Pathology for Nurses,2009, New Delhi: Jay Pee

Medical Surgical Nursing I (Adult and Geriatrics)

SURGICAL NURSING

Placement: II year Theory: 120 Hrs
Practical: 560Hrs

Course description: This course is designed to enable the students to recognize the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and management of patients with common surgical conditions and provide comprehensive nursing care based on nursing process during the pre operative, intra operative, and post operative period.

Unit	Time (hours)	Objective	Content	Teaching learning activities	Evaluation
I	6 hrs (Nursing Faculty)	Describe the concepts in surgical nursing, Identify the current trends of surgery and surgical nursing, Identify the role of nurses in the surgical ward, preoperative preparation of unit.	History&trends in surgery&surgical nursing,wound-types, wound healing,inflammation, abscess,wound infection,surgical dressing,role of nurse in surgical patients, Care of patients –intra operative, immediate and late post operative period. Haemorrhage, shock.	Lecture cum discussion, patients, Care of patients –intra operative, preparation of checklist for preoperative preparation.	surgical dressing (return demonstration), short answer, care plan.
	2 hrs (Surgeon)		Haemorrhage, shock		
II	15 Hrs (nursing faculty)	Describe the organization and physical set up of Operation Theatre, identify the instruments and equipments used for common surgical procedures.	OR TECHNIQUE Organisation and physical set up of operation theatre, OT DESIGN, OT TEAM, Duties and responsibilities Of nurse in OT, OT dress code, principles of operation theatre technique, OT Table, Suture materials, equipments in OT Instruments for common surgical procedures. Positions and draping for common surgical Procedures, scrubbing, gowning, gloving,	Lecture cum discussion demonstration	short answer

		Describe the perioperative nursing care	Preparation of instrument trolley for major & minor surgeries, maintenance of therapeutic Environment in OT, Monitoring patients during Surgical procedures, infection control in OT, Standard precautions, disinfection, sterilisation, Fumigation of OT, biomedical waste management in OT, Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT		short answer
		Describe the infection control Measures in operation Theatre	Surgical procedures, infection control in OT, Standard precautions, disinfection, sterilisation, Fumigation of OT, biomedical waste management in OT, Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT	lecture cum discussion assist minor & major surgeries	short answer
	5 hrs (Anestheti st)	Describe the care Of patients Undergoing Anesthesia	Anesthesia: Types of anesthesia, anesthetic agents, methods of Administration, equipments,stages of anesthesia, Premedication, pre anesthetic check up, management of patiets before ,during & after anesthesia, complications of anesthesia.	lecture cum discussion	objective type question
III	13 Hrs (Nursing faculty)	Describe the pre and Post operative management Of patients undergoing Gastrointestinal surgeries	NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH GASTROINTESTINAL SURGERIES etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, medical, surgical & nursing management (pre & post operative) of patients with— inflammation, Infection, pre malignant & malignant	Lecture cum Discussion, Clinical Teaching Case Presentation Care plan Care study	Short Answer Essay

lesions of oral cavity, glossectomy, mandibulectomy stricture & Carcinoma of oesophagus oesophagectomy;,Acid peptic disease, vagotomy, pyloric stenosis, pyloroplasty, gastrectomy, gastro jejunostomy, upper GITBleeding, Carcinoma stomach, hiatus hernia; Ulcerative colitis, Intestinal obstruction, Acute abdomen, Appendicitis, Hernia, Herniorrhaphy, Hernioplasty, perforation peritonitis ,Carcinoma-colon, rectum; lleostomy, Colostomy, Abdomino perinneal Resection ,Haemorrhoids,Haemorrhi odectomy, Fissure, Fistulas Cholecystitis, Cholelithiasis Cholecystectomy. Cholecystodochotomy Pancreatitis, Carcinoma pancreas, Whipple's Resection, Pilonydal cyst.

6hrs (Surgeon) Mandibulectomy,
Intestinal obstruction,
Oesophagectomy
Gastrojejunostomy,
Abdomino perrineal
resection
Ulcerative colitis,
Whipple's resection,
laproscopic surgeries

IV 4hrs (Nursing Faculty) Describe p re & post operative management Of patients with increased ICP And head injury

NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF CNS

Nursing management of patients with Increased intra cranial pressure,

Lecture cum discussion

Care plan

Assessment of patients with head injury

Head injury

V	5hrs (Nursing faculty)	Describe the pre & Post operative management of patients with genito urinary disorders	NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH GENITO URINARY DISORDERS Clinical manifestations, diagnosis, pre & post operative Management of patients with renal Calculi, Nephro Lithotomy, Lithotripsy, Urethral stricture, Carcinoma bladder, Urinary diversion, Benign prostatic hypertrophy, Carcinoma prostrate, Prostatectomy, Nephrectomy, Nephrostomy, Suprapubic Cystostomy, Hydrocoele, Epispadias, Hypospadias, Phimosis Renal calculi, Urinary	Lecture cum discussion Care plan	Short answer Essay
VI	(Urologist) 6 hrs (Nursing faculty) 4 hrs (Surgeon)	Describe the pre and Post operative Management of patients With miscellaneous Surgical conditions	NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MISCELLANEOUS SURGICAL CONDITIONS Review of anatomy – breast, thyroid; aetiology, pathophysiology Clinical manifestations, diagnosis, pre & post operative Nursing Management of patients with benign and malignant tumours of breast, Mastectomy, Thyroidectomy, Burns, Poly trauma Mastectomy, Thyroidectomy, Burns, Poly trauma	Lecture cum discussion Care plan Care study Case presentation demonstration Burns –Wound care	Short answer Essay

VII. 6Hrs Describe the pre NURSING Lecture cum **MANAGEMENT OF** discussion short answer (Nursing post operative **PATIENTS** clinical teaching Faculty) nursing WITH management of THORACIC& VASCULA patients R SURGERIES undergoing Etiology, pathophysiology, thoracic & clinical vascular manifestation, pre & post surgeries operative nursing management of patients with Empyema, lung abcess, carcinoma lung, pneumothorax, chest injury, surgical emphysema. Nursing management of patients undergoing Intercostal drainage, lobectomy & segmental Resection of lung, pneumonectomy and Decortication Nursing management of patients with **ThromboAngitis** obliterans, Raynauld's disease and varicose vein Aneurysms VIII 10 Hrs Describe the **NURSING** lecture cum short answer (Nursing aetiology, **MANAGEMENT OF** discussion pathophysiology, Faculty) PATIENTS WITH clinical DISORDERS OF clinical. Manifestations *MUSCULOSKELETAL* assist with and management **DISORDERS** application of of patients with Review of anatomy & plaster cast & musculoskeletal physiology of traction Disorders. musculoskeletal system, assessment of

> patients with musculoskeletal disorders; etiology, pathophysiology, clinical features,

investigations, medical & surgical Management, and nursing management of Patients with inflammation and trauma of Muscles joints, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis,

Essay

essay

osteomyelitis, osteomalacia, osteoporosis, pott's spine, paget's disease and bone tumours.

Fracture & Dislocation of bones, healing of fracture, Nursing management of patients with fracture & dislocation of bones, traction, plaster cast, amputation, prosthesis, prolapsed

Inter vertebral discs, laminectomy, bone transplant and Replacement surgeries, congenital disorders of bones

5 hrs (Orthopae dic Surgeon)

osteomyelitis, closed and open reduction of fracture, amputation, laminectomy, bone transplant and replacement surgeries, reconstructive surgeries of bone

ΙX 10 Hrs (Nursing Faculty)

Describe the etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical manifestations. Diagnostic measures, Medical, surgical &nursing Management of patients With disorders of ear nose, And throat

Review of anatomy & Physiology of ear, nose & throat, Assessment and diagnostic measures of patients with disorders of ear, nose and throat; Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, medical, surgical & nursing management (pre & post operative) of patients with-Disorders of Earforeign bodies, impacted wax, otitis media, tympanic membrane perforation, Otosclerosis, mastoiditis, tumours, Meniere's disease, labrinthitis, DeafnessHearing aids, speech therapy Disorders of Nose-common cold,

sinusitis Epistaxis,

Lecture cum discussion

short answer

Demonstration oftracheostomy care

deviated nasal septum, nasal polyps. Disorders of Throat -Pharyngitis, tonsillitis, adenoiditis, peritonsilar abscess, Laryngitis, upper air way obstruction, cancer of larynx.

Pre& post operative nursing management of Patients undergoing Tonsillectomy, Mastoidectomy, Laryngectomy, myringoplasty, tracheostomy.

Communicating with impaired hearing and mute Instillation of ear drops Drugs used in the treatment of disorders of Ear, nose, throat.

5 hrs

(ENT Surgeon) Epistaxis, Otitis media,

myringoplasty,

matoidectomy, cochlear

implantation cancer of larynx

Laryngectomy,tracheostom

у,

Migraine, positional

vertigo.

X 10 Hrs

Describe the etiology, pathophysiology,

(Nursing faculty)

clinical manifestation, diagnostic measures, medical and surgical management, p

surgical management, pre & post operative nursing management of patients

with disorders of Eye.

NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF EYE

Review of anatomy &physiology of Eye, Assessment & diagnostic measures of patients with disorders of eye;

Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, medical and surgical

management, preoperative

postoperative nursing management of Patients with Stye, Chalazion, conjunctivitis, Trachoma, Dacryocystitis, squint, clinical teaching

supervised practice

short answer

keratitis, keratoplasty, Eye injuries, glaucoma, cataract, tumours of the Eye, refractive errors, retinal detachement, Ocular emergencies, blindness, enucleation.

Health education to patients undergoing Eye surgeries, application of eye ointment, Instillation of eye drops, drugs used in the Treatment of disorders of eye

5hrs.

(Ophthal mologist)

cataract, glaucoma, corneal ulcer, keratoplasty, eye injuries, retinal detachemen, eye banking.

SURGICAL NURSING

Nursing Faculty - 85 hrs Surgeon- 12 hrs Anesthesiologist- 5 hrs Urologist- 3 hrs Orthopaedic surgeon- 5 hrs ENT Surgeon- 5 hrs Ophthalmologist- 5 TOTAL HOURS- 120

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SURGICAL NURSING -PRACTICAL

Total - 560 h0urs (40hrs x 14 wks) or (30 hrs x 18 1/2 wks)

Area	Duratio	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment
	n				
	(Week				
	40hrs/				
	w)				
Surgical Ward	4wks (1wk Night Duty)	Provide pre & post operative care to patients undergoing Surgeries	Preoperative preparation of patients, receiving patients after surgery, monitoring of patients after surgery, care of wounds & drains, suture removal,	preoperative work up of two patients, care plan -1/wk	As per evaluation criteria Rating scale for skill
			Chest physiotherapy, ambulation and exercise after surgery, care of intercostal drainage, provide	care study-1 Night report	Assessment
			Comprehensive care to patients		
			After surgery, health education		
			At discharge after surgery.		
Surgical ICU	2 wks	Provide	Haemodynamic monitoring of patients after surgery, monitor	care plan-2	performance
		comprehensive care to patients	for bleeding and other		assessment
		immediately,	complications, maintain		accoccinion
		maintain after	·		using
		surgery,	Fluid &electrolyte balance		_ ,
		Dotoot & manage	after surgrey,		Rating scale
		Detect & manage	Deep breathing & coughing		
		Complications after surgery	exercise,		
		and surgery	Chest physiotherapy,		
			endotracheal and oral suctioning.		
Operation	4 wks	Identify	Srubbing, gowning, gloving,	Assist as a	
Theatre		instruments	carbolization, disinfection,	circulatory	
		and to a	fumigation, setting up of		
		used in common	instrument trolley for common surgical procedures,	nurse, Assist as a srub	
		Surgeries,	sterilization of sharp and other	as a siub	
			instruments, positioning of	nurse in major	

		Participates in infection Control practices in the Operation theatre, Sets up instrument trolley for common surgical procedures, Assist in Surgeries,	patients for varios surgeries, Assisting in giving Anesthesia, Assist in major &minor surgeries, SURGICAL ASEPTIC PRACTICES, Handling specimens.	surgeries-8 minor surgeries-10, Maintain Daily Report. Prepare check list for practising surgical	
		Provide perioperative		asepsis in operation	
Orthopaedi c Ward&OP	2 wks	Nursing care. Provide comprehensive Nursing care to Patients with musculo- Skeletal disorders.	Assess patients with musculoskeletal disorders, assist- in application of plaster cast, skin traction &skeletal traction, ROM exercises, provide Comprehensive care(pre & post operative) to patients with	Theatre. care plan -2 report of plaster cast application, Traction.	Performance Assessment using Rating Scale
ENT wd&	1wk	Provide compre-	muscloskeletal disorders. Assess patients with ENT	observation	Performance
OP		hensive care to Patients with	disorders,	report	Assessment
		ENT disorders.	Assist with diagnostic & therapeutic procedures, instill	Care plan-1	using
			ear drops, perform Tracheostomy care &	drug file	Rating
			suctioning,		Scale
			Provide comprehensive care(pre & post operative) to patients with		
On the class of	4	Danida com	ENT disorders.	plan ha - W-	
Opthalmolo gy Ward&OP	1 wk	Provide care to patients	Assess patients with disorders of eye, assist diagnostic & therapeutic	plan health education	
		with EYE	procedures, instill eye drops, apply eye bandage, provide	to patients with eye surgery,	
		Disorders	pre & post operative care to patients with EYE disorders, health education	observation report,	
			To patients after eye surgery .	drug file	

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL RECORD

Care study - 1

Pre operative work up of assigned patient's - 2

Care plan -

surgical Ward - 2
surgical ICU - 2
Ortho paedic ward - 1
Instrument sets of assisted major surgery – 2
Instrument sets of assisted minor surgery - 2
List of assisted surgeries with details of patients

Major surgeries -5

Minor surgeries - 5

Community Health Nursing – I

Placement: Second year Time: Theory: 100 Practical: 165 hours

Course description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the principles of promotion and

maintenance of health

Unit	Time (hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment Method
I	2	Describe concept and dimensio ns of health	 Introduction Community health nursing Definition, concept and dimensions of health Promotion of health Maintenance of health 	* Lecture discussion	Short answers
	20	Describe determin ants of health	Determinants of health ❖ Engines ❖ Environment ❖ Physical: Air, light, Ventilation, Water, Soil, Housing, Sanitation; disposal of waste, disposal of dead bodies, Forestation, Noise, Climate, Communication: : infrastructure facilities and Linkages ❖ Acts regulating the environment. National Pollution control board ❖ Arthropods and Rodents -Mosquiteo -Houseflies -lice ❖ Food hygiene: Production, Preservation, Purchase, Preparation, consumption, Food poisoning ❖ Acts regulating food hygiene prevention of food adulteration act, Drugs and cosmetic act	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Visits to water supply, sewage disposal, milk plants, slaughter house etc. 	 Essay type Short answers Objecti ve type

Unit	Time (hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment Method
			 Maintenance of personal health Physical, mental, social and spiritual Protective immunization Menstrual hygiene 		
III	10	Describe concept, scope, uses methods and approaches of epidemiology	Epidemiology Definition, concept, aims, scope, uses and terminology used in epidemiology Dynamics of disease transmission: epidemiological triad Morbidity and mortality: measurements Levels of prevention Methods of epidemiology of Descriptive Analytical: Epidemic investigation Experimental	Lecture discussi on Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides	 Essa y type Short answ ers
IV	25	Describe Epidemiol ogy and nursing manageme nt of common Communic able diseases	Epidemiology and nursing management of common Communicable Diseases Respiratory infections Small Pox Chicken Pox Measles Influenza Rubella ARI & Pneumonia Mumps Diphtheria Whooping cough	Lecture discussi on Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, slides Seminar Supervis ed field practice- health	Essa y type Short answ ers Obje ctive type

	 Meningococcal meningitis Tuberculosis SARS Swine flue 	centers, clinics and homes Group projects/ Health educatio n
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Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(hrs)	Objectives		Learning Methods	Method
			Intestinal		
			Infections		
			❖ Poliomyelitis		
			❖ Viral Hepatitis		
			❖ Cholera		
			 Diarrhoeal diseases 		
			 Typhoid Fever 		
			❖ Amoebiasis		
			 Hook worm infection 		
			❖ Ascariasis		
			 Dracunculiasis 		
			Arthropod		
			infections		
			❖ Dengue		
			❖ Malaria		
			Filariasis		
			❖ Chickengunea		
			Zoonoses		
			Viral		
			• Rabies		
			Yellow fever		
			 Japanese 		
			encephalitis		
			• Kyasnur Forest		
			Disease		
			Bacterial		
			♣ Brucellosis		
			❖ Plague		
			❖ Human Salmonellosis		
			Anthrax		
			❖ Leptospirosis		
			Rickettsial diseases		
			Rickettsial		
			Zoonoses		
			Scrub typhus		
			Scrub typnus		

				 Murine typhus Tick typhus Q fever Parasitic zoonoses Taeniasis Hydatid disease Leishmaniasis Surface infection Trachoma Tetanus Leprosy STD & RTI Yaws HIV/AIDS Emerging and reemerging disease 				
V	10		o Desc ribe	Epidemiology and Nursing management of Non-	0	Lecture discussion		Essa y
			Epid	communicable diseases	0	Explain using		type
			emio	o Malnutrition: under		Charts,		
			logy	nutrition, over nutrition,		graphs		Short
			and	nutritional deficiencies	0	Models,		answ
			nursi	 Obestity 		films, slides Seminar		ers
			ng	o Anaemia	0	Supervised		
			man	 Hypertension 		field practice-		Obje
			age	Stroke		health		ctive
			ment	o Rheumatic Heart Disease		centers,		type
			of	 Coronary Heart Disease 		clinics and		
			com	Cancer		homes		
			mon	 Diabetes mellitus 	0	Group		
			Non	Blindness		projects/		
			-	Accidents		Health education		
			com mun	Mental illness		Caucation		
			icabl	 Iodine Deficiency 				
			e	o Flurosis				
			dise					
			ases					
VI	6	*	Describ	Demography	•	Lecture	•	Essa
			e the	Definition, concept and		discussion		y
			concepts	scope	•	Community		type
			and	Methods of collection,		identification		
			scope of	analysis and interpretation		survey	•	Short
			demogra	of demographic data				answ
		۸۰۸	phy Describ	Demographic transition				ers
		*	Describ	Demographic rates and ratios				01:
			e methods	Population explosion and			•	Obje
			memous	1 opulation explosion and				ctive

	of data collectio n, analysis and interpret ation of demogra phic data	its impact on social, economic development of individual, society and country		• Asse ssme nt of Surv ey repor t
VII 7	3) Describe methods of population control	Population control Limiting family size: Promotion of small family norm Methods: spacing (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.) Terminal: surgical methods Emergency contraception Delivery System	 Lecture discussion Population survey Counseling Demonstration Practice session Supervised field practice 	 Essa y type Short answ ers Obje ctive type Asse ssme nt of Surv ey repor t

8	* Explain the concept of family health care and family health nursing process	Family Health Services ❖ Definition, types and functions and characteristics of family ❖ Family development cycle ❖ Objectives of family health care ❖ Nursing process in family health care & health care fan dies ❖ Counseling in family ❖ Purpose, principles and components (phases) of home visit ❖ Use of public health bag ❖ Principles and techniques • Bag technique • Individual, family and community as a unit of service	 Lecture discussion Field visit Writing nursing care plan Provide care to the individual and family Maintaining gamily folder 	Essay typeShort answers
4	Describe concepts,	Primary Health Care	Lecture discussion	• Essay

	principles and elements of primary health care	PrinciplesElements	 Visits to various health care delivery systems Supervised field practice 	Short answe rs
8	Identify the various aspects of health education and apply in the community health nursing practice	Information, Education and Communication (IEC) • Definition • Aims & objectives • Principles & approach • AV aids • Methods& media of IEC • Role of Nurse in IEC	Lecture discussion, demonstrati on, role play	• Essay , Short answe rs

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COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I - Practical

Placement: Second year Time: Practical – 165 Hrs

Areas	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment method
	(in weeks)	D 111 0	TT ::	TD 1 '41	1 1
Communit	2 weeks	• Builds &	•Home visit	•To work with	•Assess clinical
y Health	urban and	maintains	•Use Techniques	2 assigned	performance with
Nursing	3 weeks	rapport midlevel	of interpersonal	families each in	rating scale
	rural	family &	relationship	urban and rural	•Assess each skill
		community	•Identification of	•Health talks 2	with checklist
		•Identify	health	(1 each in urban	Observation report
		demographic	determinants of	and in rural)	and health talk
		characteristics	community	❖ Family case	•Completion of
		health	History taking	study - 1	activity record
		determinants and	•Physical	 Participation 	
		community	examination	in the various	
		health resources	•Collect	clinics activities	
		• Diagnosis of	specimens –	Report of	
		health needs of	sputum, malaria	visit to	
		individual and,	smear	clinics	
		families.	•Perform simple	●Observation	
		◆Provide	lab tests- blood for	report of visit to	
		primary care in	Hb & sugar, urine	Grama	
		health center	for albumin &	Panchayat	
		 Counsel and 	sugar	Block office,	
		educate	•Administer	Water	
		individual,	vaccines and	purification	
		family and	medications to	plant, Sewage	
		community	adults	disposal plant,	
			•Counsel & teach	Diary milk,	
			individual, family	Slaughter	
		•Provide family welfare services	and community	house.	
			-Nutrition		
			-Hygiene		
			-Self health		
			monitoring		
			-Seeking health		
			services		
			-Healthy life style		
			-Family welfare		
			methods		
			-Health promotion		

PHARMACOLOGY

Placement: Second year Time: Theory – 45 hours.

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of pharmadynamic, pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning objectives	Content	Teaching learning activities	Assessment methods
I	3	Describe pharmacodyna mics, pharmacolkinet ics, classification and the principles of drug administration	Introduction to Pharamcology -Definitions -Sources -Terminology used -Types: Classification -Pharmacodynamics: Actions therapeutic -Adverse, toxic -Pharmacokinetics: absorption, distribution, metabolism, interaction, excretion Review: Routes and principles of administration of drugs - Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal issues - Rational use of drugs - Principles of therapeutics.	-Lecture -Discussion	-Short answers -Objective type

II	6	Explain	Chemotherapy	- Lecture	- Short
		chemotherapy	- Pharmacology of commonly used:	Discussion	answers
		of specific	Pencillin	- Drug	- Objective
		infections	Cephalosporins	study/presentati	type
		and	Aminoglycosides	on	
		infestations	Macrolide & Broad Spectrum		
		and	Antibiotics		
		nurse's	Sulfonamides		
		responsibilities	Quinolones		
			Antiamoebic		
			Antimalarials		
			Anthelmintics		
			Antiscabies agents		
			Antiviral & anti fungal agents		
			Antitubercular drugs		
			Anti leprosy drugs		
			Anticancer drugs		
			Immno suppressants		
			Composition, action, dosage, route,		
			indications, contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects		
			toxicity and role of nurse.		
III	2	Describe	Pharmacology of commonly used	- Lecture	- Short
111		Antiseptics,	antiseptics, disinfectants and	Discussion	answers
		disinfectants,	insecticides	- Drug	- Objective
		insecticides	- Antiseptics;	study/presentati	type
		and	Composition, action, dosage, route,	on	31
		nurse's	indications, contraindications, drug		
		responsibilities	interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects, toxicity and role of nurse.		
			- Disinfectants		
			- insecticides.		
IV	2	Describe	Drugs acting on G.I.System	- Lecture	- Short
		Drugs	- Pharmacology of commonly used -	Discussion	answers
		acting on	•Antiemetics,	- Drug	- Objective
		Gastro	• Emetics	study/presentati	type
		Intestinal	• Purgatives	on	
		system and	• Antacids		
		nurse's	Cholinergic		
		responsibilities	Anticholinergics		
			 Fluid and electrolyte therapy 		
			Anti diarrhoeals		
			Histamines		
			Composition, action, dosage, route		
			indications, contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects		
			toxicity and role of nurse.		
V				T 4	G1
	2	Describe	Drugs used on Respiratory Systems	- Lecture	- Short

		used on Respiratory systems and nurse's responsibilities	 Antiasthmatics Mucolytics Decongestants Expectorants Antitussives Bronchodilators Broncho constrictors Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse. 	- Drug study/presentati on	- Objective type
VI	2	Describe Drugs used on Urinary System and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on Urinary system - Pharmacology of commonly used. • Duretics and antidiuretics • Urinary antiseptics • Cholinergic and anticholinergics • Acidifiers and alkalanizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	- Lecture Discussion - Drug study/presentati on	- Short answers - Objective type
VII	4	Describe Drugs used in Dead diction, emergency, deficiency of vitamins & minerals, poisoning for immunization and immuno- suppression and nurse's responsibilities	Miscellaneous	- Lecture Discussion - Drug study/presentati on	- Short answers - Objective type
VIII	1	Describe Drugs used on skin mucous membranes and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes - Topical applications for skin, eye, ear nose and buccal cavity Antiprurities Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	- Lecture Discussion - Drug study/presentati on	- Short answers - Objective type
IX	8	Describe Drugs used on	Drugs acting on Nervous System - Basic & appplied pharmacology of	- Lecture Discussion	- Short answers

		Nervous System and nurse's responsibilities	commonly used: - Analgesics and Anaesthetics • Analgesics - Non steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs • Antipyretics • Hypnotics and Sedatives - Opioids - Non-Opioids - Tranquilizers - General & local anesthetics - Gases: oxygen, nitrous oxide, carbon-dioxide • Cholinergic and anti-cholinergics: - Muscle relaxants - Major tranquilizers - Anti-psychotics - Antidepressants - Anticonvulsants	- Drug study/presentati on	- Objective type
			 Adrenergics Noradregenics' Mood stabilizers Acetycholine Stimulants Composition, action, dosage, route indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse. 		
X 5	5	Describe Drugs used on Cardio- vascular System and nurse's responsibilities	Contravascular drugs • Haematinics • Cardiotonics • Anti anginals • Anti-hypertensives & Vasodilators • Anti-arrhythmics • Plasma expanders • Coagulants & anticoagulants • Antiplatelets & thrombolytics • Hypolipidemics Composition, action, dosage, route indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse.	- Lecture Discussion - Drug study/presentati on	- Short answers - Objective type
XI 4	4	Describe drugs used for hormonal	Drugs used for hormonal disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of	- Lecture Discussion - Drug	- Short answers - Objective

		disorders and	pregnancy • Insulins & oral hypoglycemics	study/presentati	type
		supplementatio	• Thyroid supplements and	OII	
		n,	suppressants		
		contraception	Steroids, Anabolics		
		and	 Uterine stimulants and relaxants 		
		medical	Oral contraceptives		
		termination	Other estrogen-progestrone		
		of pregnancy	preparations		
		and .	• Corticotrophine &		
		nurse's	Gonadotropines		
		responsibilities	• Andrenaline		
			Prostaglandins Calcitonins		
			Calcium salts.		
			Calcium regulators		
			Composition, action, dosage, route		
			indications, contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse		
			effects		
			toxicity and role of nurse.		
XII	6	Demonstrate	Introduction to Drugs used in	- Lecture	- Short
		awareness of	alternative systems of medicine:	Discussion	answers
		the	Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani	– Drug	- Objective
		common drugs	and	study/presentati	type
		used in alternative	Sidha etc.	on	
		system of medicine			
		of medicine			

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THIRD YEAR B.Sc NURSING

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics-II)

Theory: 100 hrs

Placement: II YEAR

(Nursing Faculty: 70) Medical Faculty: 30 Practical (400 hours)

Course Description: This course is designed to enable the student to recognize the etiology, pathophysiology, symptomatology, diagnostic

measures and management of patients with complex medical and surgical conditions in Cardiology, Cardiothoracic surgery, Neurology,

Neurosurgery, Nephrology, Oncology, Plastic & Reconstructive surgery, and Emergencies and to provide comprehensive Nursing

care based on Nursing process approach.

Unit	Time	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Learning	Method
				Activities	
1	8	Describe the	Nursing Management of patients in critical care Units	Lecture	Essay, Short
		organization of	Introduction: Organizational set up policies, Staffing Norms.	Discussion	answers,
		critical care units		Explain using	Objective type,
			Classification: Principles of critical care Nursing,	Charts, graphs	Assessment of
			Nursing assessment, History, - Physical examination.	Models, films,	skills with check
		Describe the role of	ightarrow Protocol, Equipments & supplies-Ventilators, Cardiac monitors,	slides	list, Assessment
		the nurse in	infusion pumps.	Demonstration,	of patient
		management of	→ Infection control in critical care units	Practice session	management
		patients in critical	→ Ethical and Legal aspects, psychosocial aspects.	Case Discussion	problem
		care units	ightarrow Nursing Management of patients in critical care units, multi system	/ Seminar,	
			organ failure	Health	
			→ CPCR-Basic Life Support, Advanced life Support	education	
			→ Crisis Intervention & Stress Management	Supervised	
			→ Drugs used in Critical Care Units ,Intensive Care,	clinical practice	
			→ Records	Drug book/	
			ightarrow Communication with patient and family, special treatments and	presentation	
			procedures-Cardiac monitoring, CVP monitoring, Transitional Care		
П	8	Describe	Nursing Management of Patients with Emergencies and Disaster	Lecture,	Essay
		organization of	situations	Discussion,	Short
		emergency and		Explain using	Answers
		disaster care	Disaster Nursing	Charts, graphs	Objective type
		services.		Models, films,	Assessment
			Concepts and principles of Disaster Nursing	Slides	Of skills
				Demonstration,	With
		Describe the role of	Causes and Types of Disaster:	Practice	Checklist
		nurse in disaster	Natural and Man-Made	session,	Assessment
		management.	Earthquakes, Floods, Epidemics, Cyclones, Tsunami	Case	Of patient
			Fire, Explosion, Accidents, Violence, terrorism: biochemical, war	discussion,	Management
		Describe the role of	Policies related to emergency/disaster Management: international,	Seminar,	problem
		nurse in	national State, institutional	Health	
		management of	Disaster preparedness:	education,	

common	Team, Guidelines, protocols, Equipments, resources	Supervised
emergencies	Coordination and involvement of Community, various Govt.	Clinical
	departments, non-govt organizations and international agencies.	practice,
	Role of nurse and disaster management	Disaster
	Legal Aspects of Disaster Nursing	Management
	Post Traumatic stress Disorder, Rehabilitation: physical, psychosocial,	Drills,
	Financial, relocation	Drug book,
	Emergency Nursing	presentation
	Concept, priorities, principles and Scope of emergency nursing,	
	Issues in Emergency care	
	Organization of emergency Services: physical setup, staffing, equipment,	
	and supplies, protocols, Concepts of triage and role of triage nurse	
	Coordination and involvement of different departments and facilities	
	Medico Legal Aspects	

Ш	10	Explain the concept,	Nursing care of the Elderly	Lecture	Essay	
		theories and	Demographics in ageing	Discussion	Short answer	
		problems of ageing.	Assessment ageing, concepts, theories, ageing process	Case	Objective	
		promone or againg.	Psychosocial aspects-stress & coping in order adults	presentation	Туре	
			Cognitive Aspects of Ageing	Seminar	Assessment	of
		Describe the nursing	Normal biological ageing:-	Health	skills	-
		care of the elderly.	Age related body systems changes and health promotion strategies.	education	With	
			Common health problems & Nursing management	Supervised	Checklist	
			Cardiovascular,Respiratory,	clinical practice	Assessment	of
			Musculoskeletal, Endocrine, Genitourinary, Gastrointestinal, Neurological,	Drug book	patient	
			Skin and other sensory organs.	Presentation	Management	
			Psychosocial and sexual abuse of the elderly.	Visit old age		
			Environmental aspects of ageing	home		
			Role of nurse in care of the elderly-ambulation ,nutrition,psychosocial			
			and spiritual, drugs,- home, institution care			
			Role of the nurse for caregivers of elderly			
			Role of family and formal and nonformal caregivers			
			Use of aids and prosthesis(hearing aids, dentures)			
			Legal and ethical issues,			
			Provisions and programmes for the elderly, privileges, community			
			programmes and health services.			
		Describe the accordance	Non-transport of the Continue			
		Describe the nursing	Nursing management of patients with Respiratory disorders	Lastina	F	
IV		management of	Medical faculty-(Dept of Respiratory medicine)	Lecture	Essay	
	3	patients with	ARDS, Pulmonary oedema, Interstitial lung disease, Respiratory	Discussion	Short	
		respiratory disorders	insufficiency and arrest.		Answer	
		disorders	Mechanical ventilator support		Objective	
			Nursing faculty		Туре	
	6		Nursing management of patients with ARDS Pulmonary oedema, nterstitial lung disease.			
	0					
			Nursing management of patients on mechanical ventilator.			
			1			

V	5	Describe the etiology,pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and medical, surgical and nursing management of common cardiac conditions	Nursing management of patients with cardiothoracic conditions Medical faculty-Cardiologist Acute coronary syndrome, Dysrrhythmias, Cardiomyopathies, LVF, ,Cardiac arrest-CPR,ACLCS Supportive therapies-Pacemaker, IABP, Defibrillators, Thrombolytic Therapy, Interventional cardiology, correcting congenital defects Cardiac rehabilitation, cardiac drugs. Nursing management of patients with cardiac pacemaker, Arrhythmias. Cardiac rehabilitation, Cardiac drugs. Cardiothoracic surgeon: Pre and post operative management of patients undergoing Closed and open heart surgery-valvotomy, valve replacement, CABG, Heart transplantation, repair of aneurysms.	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type
	10		Nursing faculty: Review acute coronary syndrome, Nursing management in Dysrrhythmias, cardiomyopathies, LVF, Cardiac arrest-ACLS, pacemaker therapy, IABP, defibrillation, Pre and postoperative management of patients undergoing Closed and open heart surgeries-valvotomy, CABG, valve replacements, Heart transplantation Rehabilitation after cardiac surgery	Lecture Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type

VI	5	Describe the Medical ,surgical And nursing management Of patients with Neurological And neurosurgical Conditions	Nursing management of patients with neurological conditions Neurologist: Neuro assessment,e pilepsy Neurosurgeon: Head injury, spinal cord injury, IVDP,ICSOL-Brain tumours, cerebral aneurysms, Nursing faculty: Nursing management in with epilepsy, head injury, spinal Cord injury, ICSOL-Brain tumours Nursing management of patients undergoing cranial and spinal surgeries, cerebral aneurysms, IVDP	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective Type
VII	7	Describe the Nursing management of patients with renal disorders	Nursing management of patients with renal disorders Nephrologist: ARF,CRF-Review Dialysis-HD, PD, CRRT, Renal transplantation Nursing faculty: Review- ARF,CRF Nursing management in ARF, CRF, Dialysis,r enal transplantation.	Lecture Discussion Slides Demonstration	Essay Short Answer Objective Type

VII	5	Describe the Nursing management of patients With oncologic Disorders	Nursing management of patients with oncological disorders Oncologist: Cell cycle, cell characteristics, staging and grading Treatment modalities-chemotherapy radiation therapy, immunotherapy, Gene therapy, BMT, Stem cell replacement therapy Hormone therapies, other therapies. Oncological emergencies Palliative care Nursing faculty: Structure and characteristics of normal and cancer cells, Nursing assessment-History, physical examination Early signs of cancer, prevention, screening, early detection Epidemiology, etiology, classification, pathophysiology, Staging, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities, medical and surgical management of oncological conditions Common malignancies of various body systems-oral, larynx, Lung, stomach and colon, liver, leukaemias, lymphomas Breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma brain, renal, bladder, prostate etc. Oncological emergencies, Modalities of treatment Nurses role in immunotherapy, chemotherapy, radiotherapy ,surgical interventions, Stem cell and bone marrow transplantation, gene therapy Other forms of treatment	Lecture Discussion Slides Demonstration Practice session Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book Presentation Visit to Palliative care Centre, hospice	Essay Short Answer objective type
			interventions, Stem cell and bone marrow transplantation, gene therapy		

Describe the Significance of Plastic, reconstructive And cosmetic surgeries 3	Nursing management of patients undergoing plastic, reconstructive and cosmetic surgeries Plastic surgeon: Types of repair, traumatic injuries, burns congenital defects Skin grafts Cosmetic surgeries-prosthesis Nursing faculty Nursing assessment, nursing management in skin graft Pre and postoperative care of patients undergoing plastic Reconstructive and cosmetic surgeries Legal aspects, rehabilitation	Lecture Discussion Explain with Charts, models Graphs, films Slides Demonstration Practice Session Health education	Short Answer objective type
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MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING-PRACTICAL -II

Areas	Duration (weeks)	Objectives Of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment method
Critical care Unit (general) MICU SICU	2	Provide care To critically Ill patients	-Monitoring of patients in the ICU -Maintain flow sheet - Care of patient on ventilators -Perform endotracheal suction -Demonstrate use of Ventilators, cardiac monitors etcCollect specimen and Interpret ABG analysis -Assist with arterial puncture -Maintain CVP line, Pulse oximetry -CPR-ACLS, defibrillators, pacemakers, -Bag-mask ventilation -Emergency tray/trolley, Crash cart -Administration of drugs -Infusion pump -TPN -Chest physiotherapy, active and passive exercises -Counsel patient and family in dealing with grieving and bereavement.	Provide care to assigned patient Observation report of Critical care unit Drug book	Assess each skill with checklist Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of Observation report Completion of Activity record
Casualty/ Emergency unit	1	Provide care to patients in emergency and disaster situation Counsel patients and families for grief and bereavement	Practice" triage". Assist with assessment, examination, investigations ,and their interpretations in emergency and disaster situations Assist in documentations Assist in legal procedures in the emergency unit. Participate in managing crowd Counsel patient and families in grief and bereavement	Observation report of emergency unit	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record

Dialysis unit	1	Provide care to patients Undergoing Haemodialysis/ Peritoneal dialysis, renal Transplantation	Monitoring and care of patients during dialysis Assist in documentation, patient education, and counseling	Observation report Nursing care plan	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record
ICU,CCU, Cardiac OT CATH LAB	2	Provide care to critically ill patients. Develop skill in Assisting with Special procedures used in critical Care unit. Identify potential problems and Provide care accordingly. Develop skill in Setting and handling Ventilator. Administer Injections in Infusion pump. Maintain records of Observations and drugs	Assist in arterial puncture for ABG analysis Interpret ABG values Record ECG-interpret values Care of patient on mechanical ventilator Assist in endotracheal intubation, endotracheal suctioning Demonstrate the use of-ventilators Cardiac monitors, hemodynamic monitoring, pulse oximetry, CPR-ACLS Defibrillators, Pacemakers, Bag-mask Ventilation, infusion pumps,TPN Chest physiotherapy, active and passive exercise Assist with interventional cardiology	Provide care to assigned patients Arterial puncture- Recording ECG- Tracheal suctioning- Administration- CPAP Nursing care plan- Drug record	Observation of performance Evaluation of report Completion of activity record

Neurosurgical ICU,OT	1	Develop skill in Neurological Assessment Provide care to Patients with -head injury, Spinal injury, Cranial and Spinal surgery	Assess neurological status Provide care to patients with head injury and spinal injury Pre and post operative care to neurosurgical patients Assist with surgical procedures	Provide care to assigned patients Neuro assessment -head injury, spinal Injury, pre op, post op. Nursing care plan Drug file	Assessment of Performance Completion of activity record
Burns, plastic And reconstructive Surgery	1	Assess the severity of burns Administer rehydration therapy Observe reconstructive surgery Provide care to Patients with Burns Counsel educate patients and Families	Nursing care of patients with burns -percentage of burns. degree of burns -fluid and electrolyte replacement therapy -record intake/output - care of burn wounds -exercises -counsel and teach patients and families -participate in rehabilitation programme Nursing care of patients undergoing various reconstructive surgeries.	Provide care to assigned patients Nursing care plan Observation report of burns unit	Assess skill with Checklist Assess performance with Rating scale Evaluation of Care plan, observation report Completion of activity record

Oncology unit	2	Provide care to Patients with cancer Counsel patients and families	Screen for common cancers Assist with diagnostic procedures -biopsies, pap smear, bone marrow aspiration, breast self examination Assist with therapeutic procedures Participate in various modalities of treatment-chemotherapy, radiation therapy	Provide care to assigned patients Nursing care plan Observation report of cancer unit	Assess skill with Checklist Assess performance With rating scale Evaluation of care plan and Observation report Completion of
		Tamilies	treatment-chemotherapy, radiation	unit	Observation report

CHILD HEALTH NURSING

Placement- 3rd year B. Sc Nursing

Time: 140 Hours Child Health

External Classes:

Practical: 420

Nursing: 100 Hours

40 Hours

Hours

Time Allotment

Genetics & Embryology - 10 Hours

Pediatric surgery - 10 Hours

Pediatric Medicine - 15 hours

Child Psychology - 5 Hours

Child health nursing - 100 Hours

Total - 140 Hours

Course Description

Students identify the normal growth and development, needs/problems of children of various age groups and deviations from normal, recognize the basic concepts, principles and techniques of child care and the role of

family in child rearing, develop beginning ability to plan and provide comprehensive nursing care to children suffering from diseases and disorders.

Genetics and Embryology

10 hours

- > Concepts and importance in Pediatrics.
- Gene structure and function
- > Pattern of inheritance
- > Common chromosomal disorders Down's Syndrome, Turner's syndrome, Klinefelter's syndrome, Edwards syndrome, Albinism, Inborn errors of metabolism, phenylketonuria, galactosaemia, and mental retardation
- > Growth and development of fetus
- > Mal development leading to congenital anomalies
- > Genetic testing in neonates and children

PEDIATRIC SURGERY

10 Hours (Pediatric Surgeon specialist)

Management of children with congenital disorders and diseases of

1. Cardiovascular System .

Patent Ductus Arteriosus, Ventricular Septal Defect, Atrial Septal Defect , Tetralogy of Fallot

2. Gastro intestinal system

Cleft lip, Cleft palate, Tracheo-esophageal fistulae, Pyloric stenosis, intestinal obstruction, Hirschsprung's disease, Anorectal Malformations, Omphalocele, Hernias.

3. Central Nervous System

Head injury, Hydrocephalus, Spina Bifida, Encephalocele, Brain Tumors

4. Genitourinary system

Wilm's Tumor, Obstructive Uropathy, Epispadias, Hypospadias, Ectopia vesicae

5. Orthopedic Disorders

Club foot, Hip dislocation, Fracture

6. Burns

PEDIATRIC MEDICINE

15 hours (Pediatrician)

Management of children with diseases of

Respiratory system: Croup, Bronchiolitis, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Bronchial Asthma, emphysema, Empyema, Epiglottitis.

Cardiovascular System: Rheumatic fever, Rheumatic Heart Disease, Congestive Heart Failure, Kawasaki disease.

Gastrointestinal system: Gastroenteritis, Malabsorption syndrome, Hepatitis

Central Nervous System: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Cerebral palsy, Convulsions, Epilepsy

Genito urinary system: Acute glomerulonephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Renal failure

Endocrine Disorders- Juvenile Diabetes, Congenital Hypothyroidism.

Anaemia, Thalassemia, Hemophilia, Leukemia, Lymphomas, ITP.

HIV/AIDS

CHILD PSYCHOLOGY

5 Hours (Child-Psychologist)

Child's normal behaviour and development, theories of development.

Childhood problems - Behavioural, Developmental, Habit disorders, Discipline

Child guidance and counseling - child guidance clinic, child guidance - home & outside

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment/ Methods
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	(Hrs)	Objective		Learning	
				Activities	
	9	Explain the concept of child care Describe the principles of child health nursing Recognize the difference between child and adult nursing Identify the reactions of child and- family towards hospitalization and illness Describe the major functions and role of. pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child	Concepts of child care History of Child Health Nursing Principles of Child Health Nursing Difference between adult and child nursing Rights of children Qualities of a Child Health Nurse Role of Child Health Nurse in caring for a hospitalized child, Reaction of child and family towards illness and hospitalization and nurse's role in minimizing stress, General preoperative and post- operative management of children	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answers Objective type
II	5	Describe national policy and child welfare programmes	Preventive Pediatrics National policy &	Lecture Discussion	Short answers

	Recognize universal Immunization programme Explain the activities of Child Guidance Clinic Identify measures to prevent common childhood diseases	legislations in relation to child health and welfare Child welfare programmes: State, National, International Child Morbidity and mortality rates Universal Immunization Programme, cold chain, underfive clinic, wellbaby clinic Genetic counseling Child Guidance Clinic, IMNCI	Immunization clinic Field visit to Child Guidance Clinic	Assessment of Reports
III 10	Describe the normal growth & development of children at different ages Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance. Appreciate the role of play for normal & sick children Appreciate the accident prevention measures and strategies for children	Principles of growth and development Factors affecting growth & development Growth and development from conception to adolescence Nutritional needs of children & infants: breast feeding, exclusive breast feeding, supplementary/ artificial feeding and weaning Baby friendly hospital initiative Accidents: causes and prevention	Lecture Discussion Developmental assessment of infant and children Field visit to Anganwadi.	Short answers Objective type Assessment of field visit and develop- mental study reports

			Play needs of children		
IV	9	Provide care to normal & high risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation. Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	Nursing care of a neonate Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of High risk Neonate Low birth weight, Respiratory distress syndrome, Pre term, Hyperbilirubinemia, Meconium Aspiration Syndrome, Infant of diabetic mothers, Neonatal infections and preventive measures.	Lecture Discussion Workshop on neonatal resuscitation Demonstration Practice session, Clinical practice	Short Answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
V	5	Demonstrate skill in doing specific Child Health Nursing procedures Provide nursing care to children with various nutritional disorders.	Nursing management in common childhood diseases Specific Child Health Nursing Procedures Nutritional deficiency disorders Protein Energy Mal nutrition, Vitamin & Mineral Deficiencies	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice	Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

V1	5	Provide nursing care in common respiratory disorders in children Demonstrate skill in identifying respiratory disorders in children	Respiratory disorders and infections Croup, Bronchiolitis Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Epiglotitis, Bronchial Asthma, Emphysema, Empyema	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

V11	7	Provide nursing care in common gastro intestinal disorders in children Demonstrate skill in identifying gastro intestinal disorders in children.	Gastrointestinal disorders Medical: gastro enteritis, Malabsorption syndrome, Hepatitis, Indian childhood cirrhosis Surgical: Cleft lip & Palate, Tracheo-esophageal fistula, Pyloric, stenosis, Intestinal obstruction, Diaphragmatic Hernia, Intussusception, Hirschsprung's disease, Anorectal malformation, Omphalocele, Abdominal wall defects, Hernias	Lecture Discussion Clinical Practice	essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
V111	6	Demonstrate skill in providing Nursing Care to children with cardio vascular disorders.	Cardio vascular disorders Medical: Rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease, Heart failure, Kawasaki Disease. Surgical: Patent ductus arteriosus, Ventricular septal defect, Atrial septal defect,	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

1X	6	Demonstrate skill in providing nursing care to children with common genito-urinary disorders	Genitourinary disorders: Medical: UTI, Acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Surgical: Wilms' tumor, Obstructive uropathy, Epispadias, Hypospadias, Ectopia vesica.	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	•Essay type •Short answers • Objective type •Assessment of skills with checklist
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x	6	Provide nursing care in common neurological infections in children	Neurological infections and disorders: Medical: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis, Encephalitis, cerebral palsy. Surgical: Head Injury, Brain Tumors, hydrocephalus, Neural tube defects, Encephalocele	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
X1	5	Provide nursing care in common hematological disorders in children	Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, Hodgkins' & Non Hodgkin's Lymphoma, hemophilia	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
X11	3	Provide nursing care in common endocrine disorders in children	Endocrine disorders: Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus, Congenital hypothyroidism	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	Short answersObjective type

X111	2	Demonstrate skill in identifying orthopedic disorders and provide nursing care in orthopedic disorders in children.	Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture.	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	•Short answers • Objective type
X1V	5	Provide nursing care in common genetic disorders in children	Genetic Disorders Common chromosomal disorders Down's Syndrome, Turner's syndrome, Kleinfelter's syndrome, Edwards syndrome, Albinism, Inborn errors of metabolism, phenylketonuria, galactosemia, and mental retardation	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	ShortanswersObjectivetype

xv	2	Demonstrate skill in providing care to children with disorders of skin, eye, and ears.	Common disorders of skin, eye, and ears	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	Short answersObjective type
XVI	5	Demonstrate skill in providing care to children with communicable diseases.	Common communicable diseases in children, their - identification, nursing management in hospital and home and prevention.	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	Short answersObjective type
XVII	6	Demonstrate skill in providing Nursing Care to children with emergency conditions.	Child health emergencies poisoning, foreign bodies. Shock, hemorrhage, bums and drowning, snake bite. Nursing care of infant and children with HIV/AIDS, Dengue fever, Chikun Guinea.	Lecture Discussion Clinical practice	Short answersObjective type

XVIII	4	Manage the child with behavioural & social problems • Identify the social & welfare services for challenged children	Management of behavioural & social problems in children • Management of common behavioural disorders • Management of common psychiatric problems • Management of challenged children: Mentally, Physically, & Socially challenged • Welfare services for challenged children in India.	Lecture Discussion • Field visits to school for mentally, physically and socially challenged	•Short answers • Objective type
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CHILD HEALTH NURSING – PRACTICAL

Placement : Third Year Time: 420 Hours (10 weeks)

Areas	Duration (in wks)	Objectives of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment method
Pediatric Medicine ward	3	Provide nursing care to children with' various medical disorders Counsel and educate parents	Taking Pediatric history Physical examination and assessment of children. Administer of oral, I/M &IV medicine /fluids Calculation of fluid requirements Prepare different strengths of IV fluids Apply restraints Administer O ₂ inhalation by different methods. Feed children by cup and spoon Collect specimens for common investigations Assist with common diagnostic procedures Teach mothers/parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule play therapy Specific Disease	Give care to three assigned pediatric patients Nursing care plan-I Case study/ presentation-1 Health talk- 1	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation and Health education session Completion of activity record

			Conditions		
Pediatric	3	Recognize	Calculate prepare and	Give care to	Assess
Surgery		different	administer I/V fluids	three. Assigned	clinical
Ward		pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre and post operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Counsel and educate parents	Do bowel wash Care for ostomies: colostomy irrigation- Ureterostomy-Gatrostomy- Enterostomy Urinary Catheterization and drainage Feeding-Naso-gastric Gastrostomy-Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing -Suture removal	pediatric patients Nursing care Plan-I Case study/ Presentation - I	performance with rating scale Asses each skill with check list OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of ease study/ presentation Completion of activity record
paediatric OPD/ Immunizat ion room	1	Perform assessment of children: Health developmental and anthropometric Perform Immunization Give Health' Education	Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Immunization Health/Nutritional Education	Developmental study - I	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Completion of activity record

		/Nutritional Education			
Peadiatric Medicine and surgery ICU	3	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	Care of a baby in incubator/ warmer Care of a child on ventilator Endotracheal suction Chest physiotherapy Administer fluids with infusion pump Total parenteral nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Cardio Pulmonary resuscitation	Nursing care plan-I Observation report	Assess clinical performance with rating Completion of activity record Evaluation of observation report

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Internal Evaluation

Method of evaluation	Weightage
1. Theory	
Three sessional examinations 2. Clinical	100%
1. Growth & development assessment	10%
(Infant, Toddler, Pre-schooler) and	
Newborn assessment	
2. Care Study -2	
Medical -1	10%
Surgical -1	
3. Health Talk	10%
4. Case Presentation- 1	10%
(Medical/Surgical)	
5. Ongoing Clinical Evaluation	40%
6. Internal Practical Exam	20%
Total	100

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING

Placement: Third Year Time: Theory – 120 hours

Practical – 360 hours

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to mental health, identification, prevention and nursing management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

U	Tim	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
n	е	Objective		Learning	Method
it	(Hrs			_	
)			Activity	
I	6		Introduction		
		 Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Describe the epidemiology of mental health problems Describe Mental Health Act, Forensic Psychiatry Discuss the admission & discharge procedure Discuss the Role and responsibilities of the Nurse. Discusses the scope of mental health nursing Describe the 	 Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health nursing: evolution of mental health services, treatment and nursing practices. Prevalence and incidence of mental health problems and disorders in India Mental health team Nature and scope of mental health nursing Role and functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	Lecture discussion	Short answer

concept of normal & abnormal behaviour		
normai &		
abnormal		
behaviour		

Ш	8	 Defines the 	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health	 Lecture 	 Essay type
		various terms	Nursing	discussion	 Short answer
		used in mental			
		health nursing	 Definition: mental health nursing 	• Explain	
		Explains the	and terminology used	using	
		classification of mental	Classification of mental disorders:	Charts • Review of	
		disorders	Review of personality development,	personality	
		Explain psycho	defense mechanisms	developme	
		dynamics of	Maladaptive behaviour of	nt	
		maladaptive	individuals and groups : stress,		
		behaviour	crisis and disaster(s)		
		Discuss the	Etiology : bio-psycho-social factors		
		etiological factors,	Psychopathology of mental		
		psychopatholog	disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and		
		y of mental	abnormal neuro transmission		
		disorders	Principles of Mental health Nursing		
		 Explain the 	 Standards of Mental health Nursing 		
		Principles and	practice		
		standards of Mental health	 Conceptual models and the role of 		
		Nursing	nurse:		
		Describe the	Psycho-analytical		
		conceptual	models- Freud		
		models of			
		mental health	Behavioural model-		
		nursing	DE Climan Israel Wales		
			BF. Skinner, Joseph Wolpe,		
			EL.Thorndike, Ivan Pavlov		
			 Psychosocial model- 		
			Erikson		
			Interpersonal model-		
			H. Peplau		
			Till Cpidd		
			H.S. Sullivan		

I	8	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination: Review Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests Role and responsibilities of nurse	 Lecture discussion Demonstra tion 	Short answer Assess-ment of skills with check list
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I 8 V	 Identify therapeutic communication techniques Describe 	Therapeutic communication and nurse- patient relationship	Lecture discussionDemonstra tion	Short answerShort Essay
	therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasse and its intervention	 Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics (Review) Types of relationship, Ethics and responsibilities Elements of nurse patient contract Review of technique of IPR-Johari Window Goals, phases, tasks, therapeutic techniques Therapeutic impasses and its intervention 	 Role play Process recording 	

V	mod ther in m diso	used in mental of Psycho Persycholor Therapeutic Psycholor Therape	harmacology gical therapies: c community erapy therapy lytical, nd erapy Therapy py, ama nce, hal and	Lecture discussion Demonstra tion Group work Practice session Clinical practice		Essay type Short answers
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			 Relaxation Technique Yoga, Meditation, bio Feedback Occupational therapy Physical Therapy: electro convulsive therapy 		
V	8	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia and other delusional disorders Classification; ICD Etiology, psycho-pathology, types, clinical manifestations, diagnosis Nursing Assessment- History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia Follow-up, and home care and rehabilitation	Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentatio n Clinical practice	 Essay type Short answers Assess-ment of patient & manage-ment of problems

V	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, Diagnostic criteria and management of patients with affective disorders Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, Diagnostic criteria and management of patients with affective disorders	 Affective disorders: Bipolar, Mania depression Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, Nursing Assessment- History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assess-ment of patient & manage-ment of problems
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VIII	8	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatoform disorders	Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatoform disorders • Anxiety disorder, Phobias, Dissociative disorder, Obsessive compulsive disorder, somatoform disorders, Post traumatic stress disorder • Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis • Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with anxiety, OCD, Phobias, stress related and somatoform disorders • Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assess-ment of patient & manage-ment of problems
X	8	 Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, 	Nursing management of patient with Substance use disorders • Commonly used psychotropic	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presen- 	 Essay type Short answers Assess-ment of patient & Manage

diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	substance: Classification, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Etiology of dependence: tolerance, psychological and physical dependence, withdrawal syndrome, diagnosis, Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental assessment and drug	• Clinical practice	ment of problems
	 Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		

Χ	8	 Describe the 	Nursing management of patient with	 Lecture 	 Essay type
		etiology,	Behavioral syndromes associated with	discussion	 Short answers
		psycho-	Physiological disturbances and physical		Assess-ment of
		pathology, clinical	factors, sleep	 Case discussion 	patient &
		manifestations,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	• Case	manage-ment of problems
		Diagnostic	Sexual dysfunction and	presentatio	p. ca.cc
		criteria and		n	
		management of	Eating disorders	• Clinical	
		patients with	Eating disorders	practice	
		sleep, Sexual			
		and Eating			
		disorders			
			Anorexia nervosa Bulimia nervosa		
			Non organic sleep disorder		
			Insomnia		
			Hypersomnia Slean walking		
			Sleep walkingNightmares		
			Sexual dysfunctions		
			Puerperium psychosis		
			Classification of disorders		
			Etiology, psycho-pathology,		
			characteristics, diagnosis,		
			 Nursing Assessment-History, 		
			Physical and mental assessment		
			 Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with 		
			Non organic sleep		
			Sexual and Eating		
			disorders		
			disorders		
			 Follow-up and home care and 		
			rehabilitation		

X	7	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency Describe the	Nursing management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency Classification Etiology, psycho-pathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental and IQ assessment Mental Retardation Developmental disorder of Speech & language Scholastic skills Hyperkinetic disorder Conduct disorder Autism Enuresis Encopresis Tic disorders	Lecture discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice Lecture	 Essay type Short answers Assess-ment of patient & manage-ment of problems
II		etiology, psycho- pathology,	disorders	discussion Case discussion	Essay typeShort answersAssess-ment of patient &

clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders	 Classification: Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis- Dementia, Delirium alzheimers Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic mental disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	 Case presentation Clinical practice 	manage-ment of problems
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XIII	8	Identify psychiatric	Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention	Lecture discussion	• Short answers
		emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	 Types of psychiatric emergencies and their management Stress adaptation Model: stress and stressor, coping, resources and mechanism Grief: Theories of grieving process, principles, techniques of counseling Types of crisis Crisis Intervention: Principles Techniques and Process 	 Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	

XIV	5	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical feature and management of personality disorders	 Disorder of adult personality and Behaviour Personality disorders Gender identity disorder Transsexualism Dual role Tranvestism Sexual preference (pervation) Habit and Impulse disorder 	Lecture discussion	• Short answer s
XV	4	Identify the mental disorders of old age, Discuss the management of Mental Health Problems of old age & the role of Geropsychiatric Nurse	Geropsychiatry I Theories of aging (Review) II Mental illness in elderly • Management of Mental disorder in old age • Role of Geropsychiatric Nurse	Lecture discussion	• Short answer s

XVI	4	Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings	Legal issues in Mental Health Nursing	Lecture discussionCase discussion	• Short answer s
			 Indian Lunacy Act. 1912 Rights of mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking Admission and 		

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XVII	4	Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describes Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	Development of Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National Mental Health Programme Institutionalization Versus Deinstitutionalizati on Model of Preventive psychiatry: Levels of Prevention Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and Role of nurse Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International	 Lecture discussion Clinical/ field practice Field visits to mental health service agencies 	Short answer s Assess ment of the field visit report s
			 Mental health nursing issues for special 		

populations: Victims of violence and abuse, disaster, HIV/AIDS etc.	

Internal Assessment - Theory

Weightage

- 1) Assignment 2 10%
- 2) Sessional Exam 3 60%
- 3) Model Exam 1 30%

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MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - PRACTICAL

Placement: Third Year Time: Practical – 360 hours (9 weeks)

Areas	Dura- tion (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Psychiatric OPD	1	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patient, and families 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Assist in Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination 	 History taking and Mental status examination -5 Health Education-1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performanc e with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation

			 Observe and assist in therapies Teach patients and family members 		of health education • Assessment of observation report • Completion of activity record.
Child Guidance clinic	1	 Assessment of children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others. 	 History taking Assist in psychometric assessment Observation and assist in various therapies Teach family and significant others 	Observation report of different therapies one each	 Assess performanc e with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report

Inpatient	6	 Assess patients with mental health problems To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problems Assist in various therapies Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Perform Neurological examination Assist in psychometric assessment Record therapeutic communication Administer medications Assist in Electro convulsive Therapy(ECT) Participate in all therapies Prepare patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL) Conduct admission and discharge counseling Counsel and teach patients and families 	 Give care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders Case study-1 Care plan-2 Clinical presentation-1 Process recording-5 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performanc e with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation , process recording Completion of activity record.
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psychiatry	1	To identify patients with various mental disorders To motivate patients for early treatment and follow up To assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community	Identify individuals with mental health problems Assists in mental health camps and clinics Counsel and Teach family members, patients and community	Observation report on field visits Special School for Mentally challenged De addiction Centre Old age home Rehabilitation centre for mentally ill Home for Destitute	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record.
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Plan for Internal Assessment- Practical

Details of Clinical Assignments

1) Case Study -1	- 10
2) Care Plan - 4	- 10
3) Concept Maping -1	- 5
4) Mental Status Examination - 5	- 5
5) Process Recording - 5	- 5
6) Clinical Presentation -1	- 5
7) Health Education -1	- 10
8) Drug File	- 5
9) Clinical Evaluation	- 15
Practical Examination	
1) Sessional Evamination 1	- 15
1) Sessional Examination -1	- 15
2) Model Examination -1	- 15

Nursing	Research	and	Statistics
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Placement: Third Year Time: Theory – 50 Hours

(Nursing Research – 35 hours

Statistics- 15 hours)

Practical – 80 hours (2 weeks)

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further structured to conduct/participate in need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

Unit	Time (Hours)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
				Activities	

1	4	Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process.	Research and research process Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific methods Characteristics of good research Steps of Research process-overview	Lecture Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies	Short answer Objective type
11	4	Identify and state the research problems and objectives	Research Problem/Question •Identification of problem area •Problem statement •Criteria of a good research problem •Writing objectives	Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problems and objectives	Short answer Objective type

111	3	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search: CINHAL, COCHRANE Purposes Method of review	Lecture Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem. Prepare annotated bibliography	Short answer Objective type
1V	6	Describe the research approaches and designs	Research approaches and designs •Historical, survey and experimental •Qualitative and Quantitative designs	Lecture Discussion Explain types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research studies with rationale	Short answer Objective type
V	10	Explain the sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	Sampling and data collection • Definition of population, Sample, sampling criteria, factors influencing Sampling process, types of sampling techniques • Data-why what, from	Lecture Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data Collection tools. Preparation of sample data collection tool. Conduct group	Short answer Objective type

			whom, when and where to collect •Data collection methods and instruments: -Methods of data collection-questioning,	research project	
			and instruments: -Methods of data collection-questioning,		
			and instruments: -Methods of data collection-questioning,		
			collection-questioning,		
					ļ i
			Interviewing		
			observations, record		
			analysis and		
			measurement		
			-Types of instruments		
			-Validity & Reliability		
			of the instrument		
			-Pilot study		
			-Data collection		
			procedure		
V1	4	•	-		
		·	-		
			-		
			•	table	
		data	-		type
			interpretation of data		
V11	15	Explain the	Introduction to	Lecture Discussion	Short
	10	use of	statistics		
V1 V11	15	Analyse Interpret and summarize the research data Explain the use of	Analysis of data: Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data Introduction to statistics	Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample table Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical	Short answer Objective type Short answer

		statistics scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of correlation	Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median Mode, Standard deviation Normal probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application	presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation	Objective type
V111	4	Communication and utilization of Research findings	Communication and utilization ofResearch •Communication of research findings -Verbal report -Writing research report -Writing scientific article/paper -Critical review of published research -Utillization of research findings	Lecture Discussion Read/Presentations of a sample published/unpublished research report Writing group research project	Short answer Objective type Oral presentation Assessment

		of group
		research
		project.

Project

Each group of 5 to 7 student will undertake a research project intended to improve patient care directly or indirectly. Project report has to be submitted for evaluation.

References:

Polit .D.F. and BeckC.T., Nursing Research : Principles and Methods , Lippincott Williams and Wilkins (Latest edn.).

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Treece and Treece elements of Research in Nursing C.V. Mosby Company

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Rajee Reghunath Text book of Nursing Research Masters publishers, Kollam.

FOURTH YEAR BSC NURSING

OBSTETRICAL AND GYNECOLOGICAL NURSING

Title of course : Obstetrical Nursing

Placement : Fourth Year

Hours of instruction : Theory - 90 Hours

[External-10 Hours]

Practical-480 Hours

Course Description:

This course is designed for students to appreciate the concepts and principles of obstetrical nursing and helps them to acquire knowledge and develop attitude and beginning skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high risk pregnant women during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospital and community settings. It also helps to develop skills in managing normal and highrisk neonate and participate in family welfare programmes.

Objectives

At the end of the course the students

- 1. Appreciate the historical perspectives, trends and issues in obstetric Nursing
- 2. Identify the anatomical, physiological and psychosocial changes take place during pregnancy.
- 3. Render comprehensive care to mother during antenatal, natal and post partum periods.
- 4. Demonstrate beginning skillsin conducting normal deliveries.
- 5. Identify and manage abnormalities and complications of pregnancy, labour and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competence in caring fore high risk newborn.

- 7. Describe the pharmacological agents, their effects during, pregnancy, childbirth, puerperium, lactation and role of the nurse
- 8. Describe the recent advancement in contraceptive technology, birth control measures and role of the nurse.
- 9. Give health education to antenatal, intranatal, postnatal mothers and their family members.
- 10. Explain the legal and ethical issues pertaining to obstetric nursing

Unit	Time in	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	hours	Objective		Learning	method
		3		Activities	Essays
				Narrates	J
Ι		Appreciate the	Introduction to	Lecture	Essay type
	3	trends and	concepts of	Discussion	Short
		issues in	Obstetrical	Explain using	answers
		Obstetrical	Nursing	slides, Charts	
		Identify the legal and ethical aspects in obstetric nursing	Historical perspectives and current trends Hall marks of Midwifery Contemporary issues in obstetrics Legal and ethical aspects		
			Role of		
			Obstetrical Nurse		
II	7	Describe the	Review of	Lecture	
		anatomy and	anatomy and	discussion	
		physiology of	physiology of	Review with	
		female	female	Charts and	
		reproductive	reproductive	models	Short
		system	system		answers,
			Female pelvis-		Objective
			general	.	type
			0	Demonstrate	Assessment

Г				
		description of the	with models,	of skills with
		bones, joints,	objects	check list
		ligaments, planes		
		of the pelvis,	Duastias	
		diameters of the	Practice .	
		true pelvis,	sessions	
		important		
		landmarks,		
		variation in shape		
		of pelvis		
		Female organs of		
		reproduction-		
		external genitalia,		
		internal genital		
		organs and their		
		anatomical		
		relations,		
		musculature-		
		blood, supply,		
		nerves,		
		lymphatics, pelvis		
		floor, pelvic		
	D.'	cellular tissue,		
	Discuss pre	pelvic peritoneum		
	conception	D1 ' 1 C		
	care and	Physiology of		
	preparation for	menstrual cycle-		
	planned	Human sexuality		
	parenthood	Preconception		
		care and		
		preparing for		
		parenthood		
	Evrolein	Conception and	Evoleio maio a	
	Explain	foetal	Explain using	
	conception and fetal	development	charts, slides& models	
		Review of	inouers	
	development	fertilization,		
		implantation,		
		embedding of the		
		ovum,		
		development of		

			the embryo and placenta, placenta at term, functions abnormalities, the foetal sac, amniotic fluid, the umbilical cord Foetal circulation, foetal skull, bones, Sutures and measurements	Demonstrate with models, object Practice session	Assessment of skills with check list
III	3	Explain Maternal prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases	Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases Conditions affecting the mother, genetic and infections Consanguinity Prenatal nutrition and food allergies. Maternal Age Maternal drug therapy Prenatal diagnosis and counseling Effect of radiation, drugs and chemicals Infertility Spontaneous abortion Neural Tube	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides	Short answers, Objective type

	1	1		1	1
			Defects and the		
			role of folic acid		
			in lowering the		
			risks Down		
			syndrome		
			(Trisomy 21)		
			Genetic		
			counseling		
			Nurses role in		
			minimizing		
			threats to the		
			developing		
			embryos and		
			foetus		
IV	8	Describe the	Assessment and	Lecture	Essays
		diagnosis and	management of	Discussion	Short
		management	pregnancy	case	answers
		of women	antennal	discussion	Objective
		during	Normal	Explain using	type
		antenatal	pregnancy	slides, charts	Assessment
		period	Physiological	,	of skills with
		1	changes during	Presentation	check list
			pregnancy.	Health talk	Assessment
			Reproductive	Practice	of patient
			system	session	management
			Cardio vascular	Counseling	problems
			system	session	problems
			Respiratory	00001011	
			system		
			-		
			Urinary system Gastro intestinal		
			system		
			3		
			Metabolic		
			changes		
			Skeletal changes		
			Skin changes		
			Endocrine		
			system[changes		
			of endocrine and		
			role of endocrine		
			system in relation		
			to reproduction]		

Psychological		
changes		
Diagnosis of		
pregnancy		
History physical		
assessment		
Confirmatory		
tests	Lecture	
Differential	discussion	Short
diagnosis	Explain using	answers
	charts, slides	objective
Foetal	Case	type
assessment- Bio	discussion in	371
physical – foetal	clinical area	
movement count,		
sonographycardio		
tocography, NST,		
CST, nipple stimulation test,		
vibroacoustic		
stimulation		
test[VAST],		
Manning score		
Walling Score		
Biochemical-		
Human estriol,		
Maternal serum,		
alpha fetoprotein,		
acetyl choline		
esterase(AchE),		
Triple test,		
Aminocentesis,		
Cordocentesis.		
Chorionic villus		
sampling[CVS].		
1011.		
Radiology in		
obstetrics		
Antenatal care		
Objectives		
Assessment		
History and		
physical		

examination	Demonstration	
Antenatal	Practice	
Examination	session	
Signs of previous		
child birth		
Relationship of	Supervised	
foetus to uterus	clinical	
and pelvis: Lie,	practice	
Attitude		
presentation,		
Position		
Pervaginal		
examination		
Screening and		
assessment for		
high risk		
Risk approach		
Antenatal		
preparation		
Antenatal		
counseling		
Antenatal		
exercises		
Diet		
Minor disorders		
and management		
Complementary		
therapies in		
obstetric practice		
Child birth		Assessment
Education classes		of skills with
- Husband and		checklist
- Families		
Preparation for		
safe confinement		
Psycho social and		
cultural aspects		
of pregnancy		
Adjustment to		
pregnancy		
Unwed mother		

			Single parent Teenage pregnancy Sexual violence Adoption		
V	12	Describe the physiology and stages of labour Describe the management of women during intranatal period	Assessment and management of intranatal period- Essential factors of labour Physiology of labour, mechanism of labour Management of labour First stage-Physiology of normal labour Signs and symptoms of onset of labour normal and abnormal Duration Preparation of - Labour room - Women Assessment and observation of women in labour. Partogrammaternal and foetal monitoring Active management of labour Pain, relief and comfort in labour - Pharmacological	Lecture labour Discussion Demonstration using partograph case discussion/ presentation. Simulated practice supervised clinical practice	Essay type short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of woman & management of problems

1		
and non	Lecture	
pharmacologic	discussion	
management	Demonstration	Assessment
Second stage	using	of skills with
Signs and	Obstetric	checklist
symptoms:	maniquinsim-	
normal and	ulated practice	
abnormal	Practice	
Duration	session	
Mechanism of		
labour		
Conduct of		
delivery:	Demonstrate	
Principles and	using	
techniques	episiotomy	
Episotomy (only if		
required)		
Receiving the new		
born		
- Neonatal		
resuscitation;		
initial steps		
and		
subsequent		
resuscitation,		
Apgar scoring		
- Care of		
umbilical cord		
- Immediate		
assessment		
including		
screening for		
congenital		
anomalies		
- Identification		
- Bonding		
- Initiate feeding		
- Screening and		
_		
transportation of the neonate		
Third stage		
 Signs- and		

	1		T .	<u> </u>	
			symptoms- normal and abnormal Duration Methods of placental separation, expulsion of placenta and membranes Management Principles and techniques Examination of perineum Maintaining records and reports Fourth Stage Vigilant observation and care of the mother and newborn		
VI	4	Describe the physiology of puerperium Describe the management of women during post natal period	Assessment and management of woman during post natal period. Normal puerperium Physiology, Psychological phases of puerperium Post natal assessment and management - Promoting physical and emotional wellbeing	Lecture discussion Demonstration health talk Practice session supervised clinical practice	Essay type short answers objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problems

	T	1		T	T .
			 Management of lactation Family dynamics after child birth Family welfare services, methods, counseling Follow up Records and reports 		
VII	4	Describe the	Assessment and	Lectures discussion	Essay type Short
		assessment	management of		
		and	normal neonates The normal	Demonstration Practice	answers
		management normal	neonate	session	objective type Assessment
		neonate	Physiological	Supervised	of skills with
		neonate	adaptation, Initial	Clinical	check list
			& daily	practice	Assessment
			assessment,	praetice	of patient
			including neonate		management
			reflexes & clinical		problems.
			implication		prosicino.
			Essential		
			newborn care		
			Thermal control,		
			Breast feeding		
			Prevention of		
			infections,		
			immunization		
			Minor disorders		
			of newborn and		
			its management		
			Levels of Neonatal		
			care (level I, II &		
			III)		
			At primary,		
			secondary and		
			tertiary levels		
			Maintenance of		
			reports and		

			records		
VIII	15	Describe the	High risk	Lecture	Essay type,
		identification	pregnancy-	discussion	Short
		and	assessment &	Demonstrate	answers,
		management	management	using video	Objective
		of women with	Screening and	films, scan,	type,
		high risk	assessment	reports	Assessment
		pregnancy	Ultrasound,	partograph	of skills with
			cardiotocography,	case	checklist
			NST, CST non	discussion	Assessment
			invasive &	presentation	of woman
			invasive,	Health talk	Management
			Admission test	Practice	of problems
			Newer modalities	session	
			of diagnosis	Supervised	
			High risk	clinical	
			approach	practice	
			Levels of care,		
			primary		
			secondary and		
			tertiary level		
			Disorders of		
			pregnancy		
			Hyper emesis		
			gravidarum,		
			bleeding in early		
			pregnancy-		
			abortion, ectopic		
			pregnancy		
			&Vesicular mole		
			Bleeding late		
			pregnancy		
			Ante partum		
			haemorrhage-		
			placenta pravia		
			Abruptco		
			placenta		
			Uterine		
			abnormality and		
			displacement		

Diseases complicating pregnancy-Medical and surgical conditions, infections UTI, STD, HIV, TORCH Gynecological diseases complicating pregnancy Pregnancy included hypertension & Diabetes, Hydramnios, Rh incompatibility, multiple gestation Mental disorders Adolescent pregnancy, Elderly primi and grand multipara Abnormalities of placenta & cord Intra uterine growth Restriction Immunology in pregnancy Nursing Coagulation failure in pregnancy management of mothers with high risk pregnancy Maintenance of records and

			reports		
IX	15	Describe	Abnormal	Lecture	Essay type
		management	Labour-	Discussion	short
		of abnormal	Assessment and	Demonstration	answers
		labour and	Management	case	objective type
		obstetric	Disorders in	discussion/	Assessment
		emergencies	labour	presentation	of skills with
			CPD and	Practice	check list
			contracted	Session	Assessment
			pelvis, Malposition	Supervised	of patient
			s and	clinical	Management
			malpresentations	practice	of problems.
			premature	_	-
			labour&		
			Premature		
			Rupture of		
			Membrane		
			disorders of		
			uterine actions-		
			precipitate		
			labour, prolonged		
			labour or		
			dysfunctional		
			labour, abnormal		
			uterine action		
			Obstructed		
			labour		
			Post maturity,		
			Intra uterine fetal		
			death		
			Complications of		
			third stage:		
			Injuries to birth		
			canal		
			Obstetrical		
			emergencies and		
			their		
			management		
			Presentation and		
			prolapsed of cord,		
			Vasa praevia,		
			amniotic fluid		

	ı	1	T	T	
			embolism, rupture of uterus, shoulder		
			dystocia,		
			obstetrical shock,		
			inversion of		
			Uterus		
			Obstetrical		
			procedures and		
			operations		
			Induction of		
			labour, forceps,		
			vaccumversion,		
			manual removal		
			of placenta,		
			caesarean		
			section,		
			destructive		
			operations.		
			Nursing		
			management of		
			women		
			undergoing		
			Obstetrical		
			operations and		
			procedures		
X	4	Describe	Abnormalities	Lecture	Essay type,
		management	during Post	discussion	short
		of post natal	natal Periods	Case	answers,
		complications	Assessment and	discussion/	Objective
			management of	presentation	type
			women with post	Supervised	Assessment
			natal	Clinical	of skills with
			complication	practice	checklist
			Puerperal	practice	Assessment
			infections, Breast		of patient
			engorgement &		Management
			infections, UTI,		of problems
			Thrombo-		or bronging
			embolic disorders		
			Difficulties of		
			lactation		

	I			T	<u> </u>
			Suppression of		
			lactation		
			Post- partum		
			hemorrhage, and		
			sub involution		
			Psychological		
			complications		
			- Post partum		
			blues		
			- Post partum		
			depression		
			- Post partum		
			Psychosis		
XI	5	Describe	Assessment and	Lecture	Essay type
		assessment	management of	discussion	Short
		and	high risk	demonstration	answers
		management	newborn	on Practice	Objective
		of the high risk	Admission of	session case	type
		neonates	neonates in the	discussion	Assessment
			neonatal	presentation	of skills with
			intensive care	Supervised	checklist
			units.	clinical	Assessment
			Protocols of	practice	of patient
			management	practice	management
			Nursing		•
					of problems
			management of		
			low birth weight		
			babies-		
			Infections,		
			Respiratory		
			problems		
			Hemolytic		
			disorders		
			Birth injuries,		
			Malformations		
			Monitoring of		
			high risk		
			neonates		
			Kangaroo mother		
			care		
			Feeding of high		
			risk neonates		

			Organization and		
			management of		
			neonatal		
			intensive care		
			units		
			Infection control		
			in neonatal		
			intensive care		
			units		
			Maintenance of		
			reports and		
			records		
XII	4	Describe	Pharmaco-	Lecture	Short
		indications,	therapeutics in	Discussion	answers,
		dosage, action,	Obstetrics	Drug book	Objective
		side effects	Indication,	Drug	type
		and nurses	dosage, action,	presentation	
		responsibilities	contra indication		
		in the	and side effects of		
		administration	drugs		
		of drugs used	Effect of drugs on		
		for mothers	pregnancy,		
			labour&puerperiu		
			m		
			Nursing		
			responsibilities in		
			the		
			administration of		
			drug in		
			Obstetrics		
			oxytocios, anti		
			hypertensives,		
			diuretics,		
			corticosteroids,		
			tocolytic agents,		
			anti convulsants,		
			anticoagulants		
			Analgesics and		
			Anaesthetics in		
			Obstetrics		
			Effects of		
			maternal		

			medication on		
			foetus and		
			neonate		
			Role of obstetric		
			nurse		
XIII	4	Appreciate the importance of family welfare programme	Family, Welfare programme Population trends and problems in India Concepts, aims, importance and history of family welfare programme National population: dynamics, policy and education National family welfare programme: National maternal and child health services CSSM, RCH,	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised practice Group project Counseling session Field visits	Essay type short answers objective type Assessment of skills with check list project and field visits reports
			ICDS,BFHI,NRH M, integrated management of child hood illnesses[IMSI], Expanded programe of immunization, JananiSurakshaY ojana National policy and legislation in		
			relation to		
			maternal health		
		Describe the	and welfare		

	.1 1 2		
	methods of	Organization and	
	contraception	administration; at	
	and role of	national, state,	
	nurse in family	district, block	
	welfare	and village levels	
	programme		
	r -8	Methods of	
		contraception	
		Counseling for	
		_	
		family welfare	
		Latest research in	
		contraception	
		Role of national,	
		international and	
		voluntary	
		<u> </u>	
		organizations Role of a nurse in	
		family welfare	
		programe	
		Training/	
		Supervision/	
		Collaboration	
		with other	
		functionaries in	
		community like	
		ANMs, HVs,	
		Anganwadi	
		workers, TBAs	
		(Traditional birth	
		attendant Dai),	
		ASHA	
2	Explain the	Maintenance of	
	epidemiology	vital statistics	
	of Obstetrics	Maternal,	
		morbidity,	
		mortality and	
		fertility rates	
		Perinatal,	
		morbidity and	
		mortality rates	
		Nearmiss	
	l .	- : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - :	

mortality
Causes and
preventive
measures
Safe
motherhood
initiative
Obstetric health
care-
Essential
obstetrics care,
Early detection of
complication,
Emergency
obstetrics
care[EMOC]
Making
pregnancy safe
strategy

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Varney Helen and Kriebs, Jan M, Varney's Midwifery, Massachusetts. Jones and Barlett publishers.

EVALUATION [Obstetrics & Gynecological Nursing]

Theory [Internal] - 50 Marks

Average of 3 sessional exams- 40

Written assignment - 10

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50

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Practical [Internal] - 50 Marks

Ongoing clinical evaluation - 40 %

Clinical Assignments - 30%

Internal practical - 30%

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100%

Clinical Assignments

Care study - 3

Procedure Demonstration

Antenatal Assessment - 20

Post Natal assessment - 20

Conduct of Normal labour - 15

Observation report of family welfare clinic

Drug file

OT Report

Clinical Presentation - 2

Health Education - 2

Maternity Case record -

Project

OBSTETRICAL NURSING- PRACTICAL

PLACEMENT: FOURTH YEAR

Areas	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assignments	Assessment
	in weeks				method
Antenatal	4	Assessment	Antenatal history	Conduct	Verification of
Ward,		of pregnant	taking	Antenatal	findings of
OPD,		women	Physical	Examinations	Antenatal
Clinic			examination	-30	examinations
			Recording of	Health talk-2	Completion of
			weight & B.P	Case book	case book
			Hb& Urine testing	Recordings-20	recordings
			for sugar and	Case study	Evaluation of
			examination	Normal-1	health talk
			abdomen and breast	Abnormal-1 Case	Evaluation of
			immunization	presentation-1	case study Clinical
			Assessment of risk	presentation-1	performance
			status		evaluation
			Teaching antenatal		Cvaraation
			mothers		
			maintenance of		
			Antenatal records		
Labour	3	Assess	Assessment	Conduct	Assessment
room OT		woman in	Woman in labour	normal	of clinical
		labour	Prepare the women	deliveries- 20	performance
		prepare the	for labour	Per vaginal	Assessment
		woman for	Monitoring and	examinations	of each skill
		labour	caring of woman in	-5	with check
		conduct	labour	Perform and	lists
		normal	Maintenance of	suture the	Completion of
		deliveries	partogram	episiotomies-5	Case book
		perform	Conduct normal	Resuscitate	recordings
		episiotomy	delivery	new borns-5	
		and suture	Newborn		
		it	assessment and	Assist with	
		Assist with	immediate care	Caesarean	
		normal	Resuscitation of	sections-5	

		1 1'	1	777'/	
		delivery	newborns	Witness/	
		Resuscitate	Assist with	Assist	
		newborns	abnormal vaginal	abnormal	
		Assist with	delivery	deliveries-5	
		caesarean	Assessment of risk		
		sections	status of newborn		
			Episiotomy and		
			suturing		
			Maintenance of		
			labour and birth		
			records		
			Arrange for and		
			assist with		
			Caesarean section		
		Assist with	and care for		
		other	woman & baby	Assist with	Instrument
		surgical	during Caesarean	other surgical	used in
		procedures	Arrange for and	procedures-	Obstetric
			assist with other	case book	practice-
			surgical	recordings	Vivavoci
			procedures		
Post natal	3	Provide	Examination and	Give care to	Assessment
ward		nursing	assessment of	post natal	of clinical
		care to post	normal and high	mothers-20	performance
		natal	risk mother and	Health talks-2	Assessment
		mother and	baby	Case study-	of each skill
		baby	Identification of	Normal -1	with
		Counsel	deviations	Abnormal -1	checklists
		and teach	Care of postnatal	Case	Completion of
		mother and	normal and high	presentation-1	case book
		family for	risk mother and	Case book	recording
		parent hood	baby	recordings	Evaluation of
			Teaching post		case study
			natal mother		and
			Mother craft		presentation
			Post natal care &		and health
			exercises		education
			Immunization		sessions
Newborn	1	Provide	Admission of	Case study-1	Assessment
nursery		nursing	neonates	Observation	of clinical
		care to	Feeding of at risk	study-1	performance
		newborn at	neonates		Evaluation of

			T	T	
		risk	Witness/ assist		observation
			with assessment		report
			and care of high		
			risk newborn		
			Thermal		
			management of		
			neonates kangaroo		
			mother care, care		
			of baby in		
			incubator		
			Monitoring and		
			care of neonates		
			Administering		
			medication		
			Intravenous		
			therapy		
			Assisting with		
			diagnostic		
			procedure		
			Assisting with		
			exchange		
			transfusion		
			Care of baby on		
			ventilator		
			Phototherapy		
			infection control		
			protocols in the		
			nursery		
			Teaching and		
			counseling of		
			parents		
			Maintenance of		
			neonatal records		
Family	Rotation	Counsel for	Counseling	IUD insertion	Evaluation
Welfare	from post	and provide	Technique Assist	-5	and
Clinic/	natal	family	with insertion of	Observation	observation
post natal	ward	welfare	IUCD		report
clinic	waru 1 wk	services	Teaching on use of	report Counseling-2	report
CIIIIC	ı wĸ	SCI VICES	_	_	
			family planning methods	Recording and reporting	
				Lichorning	
			Arrange for and		
			Assist with family	<u> </u>	

planning operations	
Maintenance of	
records and	
reports	

Time:Practical-480 Hours [12 Weeks]

Essential Requirements for registration as Midwife

Antenatal care	20
Antenatal examination	30
Conducting normal deliveries in hospital/ home/ health center	15
Vaginal examination	5
Episiotomy and suturing	5
Neonatal resuscitation	5
Assist with Caesarean Section	5
Witness/ Assist abnormal deliveries	5
Post natal cases nursed in hospital/home/ health center	20
Insertion of IUD	5
Note: All case books must be certified by teacher on completion of essential requirements	
Duration of posting in weeks	
Antenatal ward +OPD(ANC) = 3+1	
Post natal ward+ Family welfare Clinic = 3+1	
Labour room + Neonatal Unit = 3+1	

GYNECOLOGICAL NURSING

Placement: IV Year

Hours of instruction Theory: 30 Hours

[External 10 Hours]

Practical:160 Hours

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to help the students acquire knowledge, develop attitude and beginning skills in the management of women with gynecological problems and render pre and post operation care to clients undergoing major and minor disorders.

- 1. Explain the concepts and principles of gynecological nursing
- 2. Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, diagnostic assessment, treatment and nursing management of women with Gynecological disorders
- 3. Demonstrate beginning skill in giving comprehensive nursing care to patient with gynecological problem.
- 4. Utilize recent technology and various diagnostic therapeutic modalities in the management of Gynecological care.
- 5. Give health education to prevent gynecological complication and develop self care abilities to individual, families and communities with gynecologic problems.
- 6. Identify the professional and legal responsibilities in Gynecological Nursing

Unit	Time(Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
		Objectives		Learning	Method
				Activity	
I	4	Explain the	Introduction	Lecture	Essay type
		concepts and	to	Discussion	short
		principles of	Gynecological		answers

		Γ .	1
gynecological	Nursing	Explain using	objective
nursing	- Concepts and principles of Gynecological	charts, Seminar	type
Appreciate the trends and issues in gynecologic nursing	Nursing - Trends and issues		Assessment of skills with check list
Describe the anatomy physiology of the female reproductive system	- Review of anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive	Explain using charts, Models, films, slides Case discussion	Assessment of clinical performance
Identify the Congenital abnormalities of	- Congenital	Health education Supervise	5 1
female reproductive system	abnormalitie s of female reproductive system	clinical practice	Evaluation of case study and presentation
Explain sexuality and reproductive health	- Sexuality and Reproductiv e Health		
Describe the etiology pathophysiology clinical			
manifestations diagnostic measures,			
treatment and nursing management of patients with			
disorders of			

		female reproductive system			
II	6	Describe the gynecological assessment & the diagnostic measures Describe the pre & post operative management of women undergoing major and minor gynecological procedures	Gynecological Assessment - History and Physical assessment - Breast Self Examination - Diagnostic measures& its implications General pre and post operative management of women under going major and minor surgical procedures	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised clinical practice Case discussion	Essay types Short answers Assessment of skills with check list Evaluation of case study& presentation
III	4	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic measures, treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Menstrual dysfunction	Etiology, Pathophysiolo gy clinical manifestation, diagnosis and treatment modalities of disorder of female reproductive system Menstrual Dysfunction -Dysmenorrhea -Amenorrhea -Premenstrual syndrome -Abnormal	Lecture discussion Explain using slides Case discussion Supervise clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Assessment of clinical performance Evaluation of case study and presentation

	Γ	1	T	1	
			Uterine Bleeding, Menorrhagia Metrorrhagia - Menopause and Hormonal replacement Therapy	Health Education	
IV	3	Describe the cause of male/female infertility, investigation, treatment modalities including Assisted Reproductive Technology & the role of nurse in management of infertility	Infertility and management	Lecture discussion Explain using slides, charts, case discussion Health Education	Essay type short answers Evaluation of case study/ clinical presentation
V	5	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic measures, treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with inflammatory diseases and neoplasms	Inflammatory diseases and Neoplasms -Pelvic inflammatory Disease -Ovarian and fallopian tube disorders, cysts, tumors, Uterine and cervical disorders -Endometriosis Adenomyosis, polyps, Fibroids, Cervical cancer and	Lecture discussion Explain using slides, charts, case discussion Health education	Essay type short answers Evaluation of case study/ clinical presentation

			uterine tumor		
VI	3	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic measures, treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mechanical disturbance and injuries to female genital tract	Mechanical Disturbances and injuries to female genital tract - Retroversion, uterine displacement - Cystocele/ Urethrocele/ Rectocele - Injuries and Trauma to pelvic floor - Sexual violence - fistulas	Lecture discussion Explain using slides, charts, case discussion	Essay type short answers Evaluation of case study/ clinical presentation
VII	3	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic measures, treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with genital tract infection	Infections of the female genital tract - Venereal and non venereal infections and discharges - Vaginal and vulval disorders - Toxic shock syndrome	Lecture discussion Explain using slides, charts, case discussion Health education	
VIII	2	Describe indications, dosage, action, side effects and nurses responsibilities in the administration of drugs	Drugs used in treatment of gynecological disorders	Lecture discussion, Drug book Drug Presentation	Short answers Objective type Evaluation of drug presentation

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GYNECOLOGICAL NURSING

PLACEMENT: IV YEAR BSC NURSING

Practical's : 160 Hours [4 weeks]

Areas	Duration in weeks	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Gynecology wards	4 (OPD) 3 days	Assessment of women with Gynecological disorders Provide pre intra and post operative care to women with Gynecologic disorders	Assist with Gynecological Examination Assist with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Assist with minor and major surgical procedures Rendor pre and post operative nursing care to women undergoing minor and major surgical	Provide care to assigned patients Gynecological assessment-5 Nursing care study-1 Case presentation-1 Maintain drug book Health education-1 Instruments in Gynecologic practice - Viva voce	Assess skills with check list Evaluation of care study Evaluation of drug book Assessment of clinical performance
		Counsel and educate patient and families	Provide incidental and planned health education to patients and family members.		

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING -II

Placement: Fourth year

Time: Theory - 100 hours

Practical – 320 hours

Course description: The course is designed for students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both urban and rural settings by using concept and principles of health and community health nursing

Unit	Time	Learning	Contents	Teaching learning Activities	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objectives			Methods
I	8	Define concepts, scope, principles and historical development of Community Health and Community health Nursing	 Introduction Definition, concept & scope of Community Health and Community Health Nursing Historical development of Community health Origin and development of Community health Nursing in World,India and Kerala Principles of community health nursing Community Nursing Process 	• Lecture discussion	Essay typeShort answers
II	6	Describe health plans, policies various health committees and health problems in India	 Health Planning and policies and problems National health planning in India-Five Year Plans Various committees and commissions on health and family welfare Central council for health and family welfare (CCH and FW) National health policies 	Lecture discussionPanel discussion	Essay typeShort answers

III 1	10 •	Describe the	(1983,2002) O National population policy Health problems in India		
III 1	10 •		Health problems in India		
III 1	10 •				
	10				
		system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas List the functions of various levels and their staffing pattern Explain the components of health services Describe alternative systems of health promotion and health maintenance. Describe the chain of referral system	Organization, staffing and function of rural health services provided by government at: Village Sub centre Primary health centre Community health centre /sub divisional Hospitals District State Centre Urban; Organisation ,staffing and functions of urban health service provided by Govt.at Maternal and child health centers Corporation/,Municipality/Board Systems of medicine and health care Allopathy Indian System of Medicine and Homeopathy Alternative health care systems like yoga, meditation, social and spiritual healing etc Referral system	Lecture discussion Visits to various health and delivery systems Supervised field practice Panel discussion	Essay type Short answers
IV 2	25	Describe Community	Community health nursing approaches, concepts and roles and	 Lecture discussion 	Essay type
		health	approactics, concepts and roles and	Demonstrati	• Short

V 10	nursing approaches and concepts Describe the roles and responsibilities of Community health nursing personnel Describe and	Approaches Nursing theories And Nursing process Epidemiological approach Problem solving approach Evidence based approach Empowering people to care for themselves Components of Health services & Roles and responsibilities of Community health nursing personnel in Information Education Communication (IEC) Management Information System (MIS): Maintenance of Records & reports Training and supervision of various categories of health workers National health programmes Environmental sanitation Maternal and child health and family welfare Treatment of Minor ailments School Health Services Disaster management Community geriatrics Occupational Health Organization of clinics, camps: Types, preparation, planning, conduct and evaluation Qualities of Community Health Nurse Job description of Community health nursing personnel	on Practice session Supervised field practice Participation in camps Group Project	• Essay
	appreciate the activities of	 promote and maintain their health Empowerment for self care of 	discussion Demonstrati on	type Short answers

		community health nurse in assisting individuals and group to promote and maintain their health	individuals, families and groups in – A. Assessment of self and family	s s s f f f f f c c f f f c c f f c c f f c c f f c c f f c c f f f c c f f f c c f f f c c f f f c c f f f c c f f f c c f f f c c f f f c c f f f c c f f f f c c f f f f c c f f f f c c f f f f f f f c c f	sessifield field Indivigrou fami com heal	ervised I practice vidual / up/ ily/ munity th cation ervation	
			D. Sensitize and handle social issues affecting health and development for self and family • Women Empowerment • Women and child abuse • Abuse of elders • Female Foeticide • Food adulteration • Substance abuse E. Utilize community resources for self and family • Old age homes • Orphanage • Homes for physically and mentally challenged individuals • Homes for destitute				
VI	20	 Describe national health and 	National health and family welfare programmes and the role of a nurse 1. National ARI programme		(Lecture discussio n Participat	Essay type
		family	2. Revised National Tuberculosis		i	ion in	Short

welfare program mes and role of a nurse Describe the various health schemes in India	Control Programme (RNTCP) 3. National Anti-Malaria programme 4. National Filaria control programme 5. National Guinea worm eradication programme 6. National Leprosy eradication programme 7. National AIDS control programme 8. STD control programme 9. National Programme for control of blindness 10. Iodine deficiency disorder programme 11. Expanded programme on immunization 12. National Family Welfare Programme-RCH Programme historical development, organization, administration, research, constraints 13. National water supply and sanitation programme 14. minimum Need programme	national health program mes Field visits	answers
	 16. programme 17. Polio Eradication: Pulse Polio Programme 18. National Cancer control Programme 19. Yaws Eradication Programme 20. National Nutritional Anemia Prophylaxis programme 21. 20 point programme 22. ICDS programme 23. Mid-day meal applied nutritional programme 24. National Mental health programme 25. NRHM and NUHM 26. Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI) 27. Health schemes 		

					1
			• ESI		
			• CGHS		
VII	5	Explain the role and functions of various national and international health agencies	Health insurance Health Agencies International — WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, DANIDA, European Commission(EC), red cross, USAID, UNESCO, Colombo plan, ILO, CARE etc. National — Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for child welfare, Family Planning Association of India (FPAI), Tuberculosis Association of India, Hindu Kusht Nivaran Sangh, Central social welfare Board, all India women's conference, Blind Association of India etc.	 Lecture discussio n Field visits 	Essay type Short answers
VIII	5		 Demand, supply & costs of health care Economics of illness in the family Home economics, income, budget, purchasing power, security Financing of health care in India Cost containment strategies Improving affordability of health care services 		
IX	5	Identify the principles and techniques of supervision and applies in community set up	Supervision- definition, principles, goals, methods, • Essential qualities and responsibilities • Supervisory function of Community Health Nurse in primary health care Unit	Lecture Discussion Supervised field practice	Essay type short answer

		-Maintaining Staff morale -Planning of work Schedule -Maintenance of records and reports -Evaluation of staff -Supervision of students- responsibilities of the Community Health Nurse.		
X 6	Describe the philosophy & principles of public health administration Recognize the importance of research in community	Public Health Administration -Organization and administration of Health Services at Central, State and local level -Functions of DGHS Union list, concurrent list -Public Health Laws -Research in Community setting -Scope- Problems areas, role of Community Health nurse	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short answer

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Asuma Rahim, Princilpes and practice of community medicine. Jaypee Brother,s

S.Kamalam. Essentials of Community Health Nursing Practice Jaypee Brothers, Public heath Manual, TNAI

Community Health Nursing –II-Practical

Placement: Fourth Year Time: Practical – 320hrs

	Ouration in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
health u Nursing 6	wks for urban S wks for rural	Identify community profile Identify prevalent communicable diseases Diagnose health needs of individual, families and community Plan, Provide and evaluate care Participate in school health program Participate in national health programme Organize group for self help and involve clients in their own health activities Provide family Welfare services Counsel and educate individual, family and community	Community health survey Community diagnosis Family care: Home adaptation of common procedures Home visit: Bag technique Organize and conduct clinics- antenatal, postnatal, well baby clinic, camps etc Screen manage and referrals for High risk mothers and neonates -Accidents and emergencies -Illness: Physical and mental -Disabilities Resuscitate newborn School Health	Community survey report –I Family care study-1 Family care Plan- 3 Project- 1 Health talk-2 Maintenance of family folders Log book Report of assessment of various age groups Report of various clinics Observation visits to factory, Central Institute of Leprosy,	Assess clinical performance with rating scale Evaluation of community survey report, family care study, project and health talk Completion of activity record. Completion of case book recording

Collect Vital health statistics Maintain Records & reports	Screen, manage, refer children Collaborate with health and allied agencies Train and Supervise health workers Provide Family Welfare services: Insertion of IUD Counsel and teach individual, family and community about: HIV, TB, Diabetes hypertension, Mental health, adolescents, elderly's health, physically and	TB center, old age home, Institute for rural health, AIDS control Society
	 challenged individuals etc Collect and Calculate Vital health statistics Document and maintain Individual- family and administrative records Write reportscentre, disease, national health programme, 	

		projects.	

Nursing Education

Placement: IV year Time: Theory – 80 hours

Practical – 120 hours

(Practice Teaching-3 hrs/ student)

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of teaching and to equip the students with the beginning skills in teaching in clinical, community health and educational settings

Unit Theo	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Evaluation
	List the aims of education Explain principles of education Recognize the educational philosophies in Nursing Education Describe the characteristics of learning Explain the maxims of teaching Explain the laws of learning Explain the Methods of Teaching	Principles of education Meaning of education Definitions Aims Functions Principles Philosophies of Education Application of educational philosophies in Nursing Education, Idealism, Naturalism, pragmatism, Eclectism Current trends in Nursing Education Teaching Learning Process Teaching learning process Characteristics of learning Factors influencing learning	Lecture Discussion Conduct-5 Teaching sessions using Different methods	Short answer Objective type Written assignments

			Laws of learning	and media	
			Role of a teacher		Objective type
			Qualities of teacher		
			Principles of teaching		
			Maxims of teaching		
		Demonstrate skill in	Methods of Teaching		Evaluating
II	10	teaching in all settings using various	Lecture		Teaching
		methods and medias	Demonstration		
			Discussion		
			Seminar, symposium		
			Panel Discussion		
			Programmed Instruction		
			Microteaching		
			Self instructional media		
			Simulation		
			Computer assisted		
			Learning		
			Role Play, Field trip		
			Workshop		
			Clinical teaching methods		

Unit	Theory	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Evaluation
III	15	Define curriculum List the principles of curriculum planning Explain the classification of educational objectives List the qualities of an educational objectives List the qualities of educational objective Prepare unit plan,	Curriculum Definition Concepts Principles of curriculum Planning Steps in curriculum development Formulation of Educational objectives Taxonomical classification of objectives Course Planning Unit Plan –Types Lesson Plan Elements of daily plan		
		lesson plan			

IV	10	Prepare and use different types of educational media effectively	Educational Media Purposes & types of A.V. Aids, principles and sources etc. Graphic aids, chalk board, chart, graph, poster, flash cards, flannel graph, bulletin board, cartoon Three dimensional aids: Objects, specimens, models, puppets Printed aids pamphlets & leaflets Projected aids: slides, overhead projector, films TV, VCR, VCD, camera microscope, LCD projector Audio aids: tape recorder, public address system	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Prepare different teaching aids projected and non projected	Short Answer Projective type Assess the teaching aids prepared
IV	10	Prepare different types of questions for assessment of knowledge skills and attitudes	Evaluation : Assessment Purpose & scope of evaluation & assessment Criteria for selection of assessment techniques and methods	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Prepare different teaching aids projected and non projected	
V	10		Assessment of knowledge essay type questions, Short answer question (SAQ) Multiple choice questions (MCQ) Assessment of skills:	Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing different types	Short Answer Objective type Assess the

VI	7	Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance	observation checklist, practical exam, Viva, Objective structured clinical examination (OSCE) Assessment of Attitudes Attitude Scales Qualities of an evaluation tool, principles of evaluation and, test construction. Evaluation of the course accreditation Guidance & counselling Definition Purpose, scope and need Basic principles Organization of counseling services Types of counseling approaches	of assessment tools Lecture Discussion Role play in counseling in different situations followed by discussion	strategies used in practice teaching sessions and exercise sessions Short Answer Objective type Assess performanc e in role play situations
VII	8	Define discipline Describe principles & Types of discipline Identify Teachers Role in preventive discipline	Discipline definition aims of discipline in education principles & Types preventive discipline, teachers role in disciplinary problem disciplinary procedure	Lecture Discussion	Short answers Objective type

References:

B.Sankaranarayanan,B.Sindhu Learning and Teaching in Nursing, jaypee Brothers NewDelhi

Dr. A. Kurian George, Principles of curriculum development & evaluation

Guilbert J.J. Educational Hand Book for Health Personnel, WHO publication.

Sampath K. Introduction to Educational Technology

Heidgerken, Teaching & Learning in Schools of Nursing.

Bhatia.K and Bhatia.B.D. Theory and Principles of Education.

Tyler, Ralph.W. Basic Principles of Curriculum Instruction.

J.C Aggarwal ,Essentials of Educational technology,Innovations in

Teaching and Learning ,Vikas Publishing House, Delhi

MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICE AND EDUCATION

Placement - Fourth year

Time Theory - 70 Hours

Practical -120 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to provide the students a basic knowledge about the principles and functions of administration and its application to the nursing service and education. This is also designed to enable students to acquire understanding of the professional responsibilities prospects and contribution to the growth of the profession

Unit	Tir	me	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
	Н	Irs Objective			Activities	Wicthous
	t h	Р				
I	4		Explain the principles and functions of Management	Introduction to Management in nursing Definitions, concepts Theories Administration Vs Management Functions of management Principles or management Role of nurse as a manager	Lecture Discussion	Short answers Essay type
11	5		Describe the elements and process of management	Planning-meaning nature, principles, mission, philosophy, objectives, Operational plan, types, Organization-definition, principles, organizational structure, Organization chart Staffing, philosophy, Staffing norms, Human Resource Management Recruiting, selecting, deployment, retraining, promoting, etc, Directing Process (leading) Controlling, Quality Management Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT) Bench Marking Activity Plan GanttChart Budgeting concept, principles, types, cost benefit analysis, audit. Material management equipment and supplies		
III	6		Describe the concepts, theories	Organizational behaviour and human relations	Lecture	Short answers

techniques of	Concept, Principles and theories	Discussion	Essay type
organizational	Communication- Techniques, channels, IPR	Evolain using	
behaviour and	,Leadership styles	-	
human relational	• Leadership	chart	
	Definition, function, Leadership styles		
	Qualities of a leader		
	Leadership in management of nursing		
	service Assertiveness		
	Motivation, concepts & theories		
	Group dynamics		
	Human relations		
	Public relations in context of nursing		
	Relations with professional association and employee unions collective bargaining work , culture		
	organizational behaviour and human	organizational behaviour and human relational • Leadership Definition, function, Leadership styles Qualities of a leader Leadership in management of nursing service Assertiveness Motivation, concepts & theories Group dynamics Human relations Public relations in context of nursing Relations with professional association and employee unions collective bargaining work	organizational behaviour and human relational • Leadership Definition, function, Leadership styles Qualities of a leader Leadership in management of nursing service Assertiveness Motivation, concepts & theories Group dynamics Human relations Public relations in context of nursing Relations with professional association and employee unions collective bargaining work

IV	30	Describe the	Management of nursing	Lecture	Short
		Management of nursing	service department	Discussion	answers
		service in the	Philosophy and objectives.	Demonstration	Essay type
		hospital	-Organization of the hospital,		Assessment
			nursing service department	Stimulated Exercise	of problems
		Describe the	-		solving exercises,
		function of	The Nursing Service Unit,	Supervised Practice in	-
		personnel		ward –writing	Assessment of the
		management	Planning- Physical facilities, floor space	indents,	assignments
			-Time planning weekly/Daily plan	Preparing duty roaster, ward	Performance evaluation
			Hospital and Patient Care Unit	supervision	
			Factors affecting ward management	Assignment on	
				duties and responsibilities	
			Patient Classification System	of ward sister	
			Assignment of patients	Writing report	
			Role of Head Nurse in training of		
			students Ward Teaching, Nursing		
			rounds, Nursing care conference		
			Setting standards for nursing care		
			Procedure manual		
		Describe the	Duties & responsibilities and Job description of various categories of staff		
		role of the administrator	Delegation		
		in budget	Participatory management		
		preparation	Personnel (Human) Resource management		
			-Importance		
			-Selection & recruitment		
			-Manpower planning		
			-Man power recruitment Staff Patient Ratio		
			-Job description		
			-Job analysis		
			-Job specification		

Maintenance of supplies and equipment in nursing service units Role of the Head Nurse Role of administrator • Evaluation Nursing rounds, Nursing protocols, manuals Performance appraisal of all categories of staff, Nursing audit, Anecdotal records, Evaluation of patient. care. Quality assurance
Documentation: Importance, Types of records and report, principles.

		organizing in service education program	education program Organization of in-service education Principles of adult learning. Planning for in-service education program,techniques, methods & evaluation of staff education program	Plan & conduct an educational session for in service nursing personnel	Assess the planning & conduct of the educational session
VI	15	Explain the role of the administrator in selection and appointment of staff and students List the essentials of an educational institution Describe the role of the Administrator in faculty development	Management of Nursing Educational Institutions •Review –History of developments of Nursing Education, State, National • Organizational pattern of Educational institutions • Essentials of educational institutions as per I.N. C. norms -Physical facilities -Staff pattern School of Nursing College of Nursing Management of faculty -Selection and recruitment -Orientation programme -Organization chart -Job description -Job specification -Staff development		Short answers Essay Type

	Continuing education	
	In service education	
	Work shops	
	Staff welfare, leave, salary	
	-Promotion, Placement, guidance and supervision	
	-Performance appraisal	
	-Institutional reports and records	
	Administration of students	
	Selection and admission,	
	Orientation,	
	Students Health Programme	
	Students Welfare Guidance and Counselling	
	Co-curricular and	
	Professional activities	
	Records and Reports	
	Transcript/C.V	
	Cumulative Record	
	-Admission Register	Short answers
	Student accommodation	
	Hostel facilities – I.N.C	
	Transportation facilities	
Role of the	Administration of curriculum	
administrator in the administration	Plan organize and install the facilities for the implementation	
aummistration		

	curriculum	of the curriculum	
		Master rotation	Evaluate the
			Master rotation
		Clinical rotation	and clinical
		• Teaching system "	rotation.
		Clinical facilities	
		Affiliation	
		Evaluation	
		Student evaluation	
		Teacher evaluation	
		Course evaluation	
		Periodical revision of the	
		curriculum	
		Accreditation Guidelines	
	Describe the role to the	Administration of the Finance	
	administrator	Plan, prepare and send the	
	in Finance	budget proposals.	
	Management	Utilization of budget	
		procurement of equipment &	
		supplies.	
		Library books/Journals.	
		A.V aids	
		Salary emolument of the	
		employees.	
		Stipend to the students	
		Publicity of the Institution	
	Explain the role	Public relations	
	of the	P.T.A.	
	administrator	Camps	
	in maintaining	Advertisements	

		publicity of the institution	Conferences Campus Selections Publishing results and annual reports Publication, Brochure magazine		
VII	5	Explain the various opportunities for professional advancement	Professional advancement Continuing education Career Opportunities Collective Bargaining Membership with professional organization National and International Participation in research activities Publications, Journals, Newspapers etc.	Lecture Discussion Review or Presentation of published articles Group work on maintenance of bulletin board	Short answers

Practical Experience: 1. Posting in general wards and Nursing Superintendent's office

2. Observation visit to a hospital and an educational Institution

Clinical Evaluation: Based on clinical performance and Assignments

Assignments : Preparation of Master rotation

: Preparation of Clinical rotation

: Report of Observation visit

References:

Alexander etal, Nursing Service Administration, C.V. Mosby Company St. Louis .

Anna Hellen, Gallaghen, Educational administration in Nursing, The Macmillan Company, New York.

Barret, Jean, Ward Management and Teaching-Himalayan Books, New Delhi.

Barret M.J. Gressner, The Head Nurse-Her leadership Role, Himalayan Books, New Delhi.

Goddard M. Principles of Administration applied to Nursing service.

Chatterjee S.S An introduction to management- its principles and techniques, World Press, Calcutta .

Thomas Kochuthresiamma, Nursing Management and Administration, V Publishers, Kottayam

KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES THRISSUR – 680596

Dr. P.K. SUDHIR	
Controller of Examinations	
No. KUHS/ B.Sc. Nursing/Exam-II /2011 048.07.2011	Date:08.08.2011
CORRIGENDUM	
Kerala University of Health Sciences, in partial modification in regular B.Sc. Nursing Examinations – August 2011 notifies the following changes .	llation for the first year
The Bsc. Nursing Regulation No 25 May be changed as the marks awarded Examination by internal and external examinar should be send in aggregate External) to the university.	-
Dr.Saleena Shah, Professor, Chairperson, Board of Studies UG Nursing,	
Prof. Salome George' Director, SIMET, Trivandrum	
Regis	strar
Copy to:	
PA to VC/PVC/Registrar/CE/FO	
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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES THRISSUR – 680 596

No: 847/AC II/BoS/2012 (Nursing) Dated: 01/08/2012

Sub: - KUHS – Change in regulation of B.Sc Nursing – Reg.

CORRIGENDUM

The Dean Faculty of Nursing in consultation with the Chairman , BoS Nursing U.G. has informed that there is a change in clause 21 of the Regulation of B.Sc Nursing course.

In clause 21 of the B.Sc Nursing course it is mentioned that the candidate shall not be admitted to the subsequent higher examination unless the candidate has passed the previous examination is modified as **The candidate appearing for final year examination should clear the papers of all previous examinations.**

Considering the recommendation of the Dean, Faculty of Nursing, the Vice Chancellor by exercising the Powers conferred by Sub Section 7 of Section (12) of Kerala University of Health Sciences Act 2010 (Act 4 of 2011) has accorded sanction for implementing the above decision subject to ratification in the Academic Council.

Orders are issued accordingly.

Sd/-REGISTRAR

To

The Principals of all Nursing Colleges Affiliated to KUHS Copy to

PS to VC/PVC/Regr./Dean, Faculty of Nursing/C.E/S.M./ Exam II/S.F./F.C.